UNITED	STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTH	ERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORP	US CHRISTI DIVISION
MARC VEASEY, ET AL.,	) CASE NO: 2:13-CV-00193
Plaintiff	s, ) CIVIL
vs.	) Corpus Christi, Texas
RICK PERRY, ET AL.,	) Monday, September 8, 2014
	) (7:58 a.m. to 12:02 p.m.)
Defendant	s) (1:03 p.m. to 5:57 p.m.)
BE	NCH TRIAL - DAY 5
BEFORE THE HON	NORABLE NELVA GONZALES RAMOS,
	STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
Appearances:	See Next Page
Court Recorder:	Genay Rogan
Clerk:	Brandy Cortez
Court Security Officer:	Adrian Perez
Transcriber:	Exceptional Reporting Services, Inc.
	P.O. Box 18668
	Corpus Christi, TX 78480-8668 361 949-2988
	501 919 2900
Proceedings recorded by	electronic sound recording;
transcript produced by t	ranscription service.

#### APPEARANCES FOR:

Plaintiffs: CHAD W. DUNN, ESQ. KEMBEL SCOTT BRAZIL, ESQ. Brazil and Dunn 4201 Cypress Creek Parkway, Suite 530 Houston, TX 77068 ARMAND DERFNER, ESQ. P.O. Box 600 Charleston, SC 29402 J. GERALD HEBERT, ESQ. Attorney at Law 191 Somervelle Street #405 Alexandria, VA 22304 NEIL G. BARON, ESQ. 914 FM 517 Rd. W, Suite 242 Dickinson, TX 77539 EMMA P. SIMSON, ESQ. Campaign Legal Center 215 E. Street NE Washington, DC 20002 Mexican American EZRA D. ROSENBERG, ESQ. Legislative Caucus, Dechert, LLP et al.: 902 Carnegie Center, Suite 500 Princeton, NJ 08540-6531 MARK A. POSNER, ESQ. AMY L. RUDD, ESQ. GARY BLEDSOE, ESQ. SONIA K. GILL, ESQ. ERANDI ZAMORA, ESQ. Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights 1401 New York Ave. NW, Suite 400 Washington, DC 20005 DANIEL G. COVICH, ESQ. 802 N. Carancahua, Suite 2100 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

### (CONTINUED) **APPEARANCES FOR:** Mexican American MYRNA PEREZ, ESQ. Legislative Caucus, VISHAL AGRAHARKAR, ESQ. JENNIFER CLARK, ESQ. et al.: Brennan Center for Justice 161 Avenue of the Americas 12th Floor New York, NY 10013 United States RICHARD DELLHEIM, ESQ. of America: ELIZABETH S. WESTFALL, ESQ. DANIEL FREEMAN, ESQ. ANNA BALDWIN, ESQ. AVNER SHAPIRO, ESQ. MEREDITH BELL-PLATTS, ESQ. JOHN SMITH, ESQ. PAXTON WARNER, ESQ. BRADLEY HEARD, ESQ. ROBERT BERMAN, ESQ. U.S. Department of Justice 950 Pennsylvania Ave. NW Washington, DC 20530 BRUCE I. GEAR, ESQ. Department of Justice 1800 G Street NW Washington, DC 20006 Ortiz Plaintiffs, JOSE GARZA, ESQ. et al.: 7414 Robin Rest Dr. San Antonio, TX 78209 ROBERT W. DOGGETT, ESQ. Texas Rio Grande Legal Aid, Inc. 4920 North IH 35 Austin, TX 78751 MARINDA VAN DALEN, ESQ. Texas RioGrande Legal Aid, Inc. 531 E. St. Francis Brownsville, TX 78520

APPEARANCES FOR:	(CONTINUED)
Texas League of Young Voters Education Fund:	
	DANIELLE CONLEY, ESQ. KELLY DUNBAR, ESQ. M. HASAN ALI, ESQ. LYNN EISENBERG, ESQ. JONATHAN E. PAIKIN, ESQ. RICHARD F. SHORDT, ESQ. SONYA LEBSACK, ESQ. Wilmer Cutler Pickering, et al. 1875 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20006
Texas Association of Hispanic County Judges and County Commissioners:	
	PRESTON HENRICHSON, ESQ. 222 W. Cano Edinburg, TX 78539
State of Texas:	JOHN BARRET SCOTT, ESQ. Deputy Attorney General for Civil Litigation Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 12548 Austin, TX 78711
	JOHN REED CLAY, JR., ESQ. LINDSEY E. WOLF, ESQ. JENNIFER ROSCETTI, ESQ. G. DAVID WHITLEY, ESQ. STEPHEN L. TATUM, JR., ESQ. STEPHEN R. KEISTER, ESQ. Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 12548 MC001 Austin, TX 78711

#### APPEARANCES FOR: (CONTINUED)

BEN A. DONNELL, ESQ. Donnell Abernethy Kieschnick 555 N. Carancahua, Suite 400 Corpus Christi, TX 78401 5

WHITNEY DEASON, ESQ. JOHN CRAWFORD, ESQ.

Non-Party Senators & Non-Party Representatives:

State of Texas:

ARTHUR D'ANDREA, ESQ. Office of the Attorney General 209 W. 14th Street, 7th Floor Austin, TX 78701

DAVID TALBOT, ESQ.

JAMES B. ECCLES, ESQ. Office of the AG of Texas 300 W. 15th Street, 11th Floor Austin, TX 78701

ALICE LONDON, ESQ. Bishop London Brophy & Dodds 3701 Bee Cave Rd., Suite 200 Austin, TX 78746

KEVIN JEWELL315672DANIEL CHATMAN77103118LORRAINE MINNITE165BY MS. PEREZ119165BY MS. PEREZ119165BY MS. BALDWIN162166FORREST MITCHELL168(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)GEORGE KORBEL202/250BY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)					
OSCAR ORTIZ         9         22         29           KEVIN JEWELL         31         56         72           DANIEL CHATMAN         77         103         118           LORRAINE MINNITE          165           BY MS. PEREZ         119         165           BY MR. CLAY         143         166           BY MS. BALDWIN         162         165           FORREST MITCHELL         168         162           GEORGE KORBEL         168         167           BY MR. BARON         177         202/250           BY MR. SCOTT         202/250         248/251           ANN MCGEEHAN         254         306           (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)         319         320           (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)         319         320           (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)         322         346		INDEX			
KEVIN JEWELL315672DANIEL CHATMAN77103118LORRAINE MINNITE165BY MS. PEREZ119165BY MR. CLAY143166BY MS. BALDWIN162165FORREST MITCHELL168162GEORGE KORBEL177202/250BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. SCOTT248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)100RUEY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)1000 SMITH	PLAINTIFFS' WITNESSES	DIRECT	CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS
DANIEL CHATMAN 77 103 118 LORRAINE MINNITE BY MS. PEREZ 119 165 BY MR. CLAY 143 166 BY MR. CLAY 163 162 FORREST MITCHELL 168 (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) GEORGE KORBEL BY MR. BARON 177 BY MR. SCOTT 202/250 BY MR. SCOTT 202/250 BY MR. FREEMAN 248/251 ANN MCGEEHAN 254 306 (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) RUEY BARBER 319 320 (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO) TODD SMITH 322 346	OSCAR ORTIZ	9	22	29	
LORRAINE MINNITE BY MS. PEREZ 119 165 BY MR. CLAY 143 166 BY MS. BALDWIN 162 FORREST MITCHELL 168 (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) GEORGE KORBEL BY MR. BARON 177 BY MR. SCOTT 202/250 BY MR. FREEMAN 248/251 ANN MCGEEHAN 254 306 (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) RUBY BARBER 319 320 (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO) TODD SMITH 322 346	KEVIN JEWELL	31	56	72	
BY MS. PEREZ       119       165         BY MR. CLAY       143       166         BY MS. BALDWIN       162       162         FORREST MITCHELL       168       162         GEORGE KORBEL       168       162         BY MR. BARON       177       162         BY MR. SCOTT       202/250       164         BY MR. SCOTT       202/250       164         ANN MCGEEHAN       254       306         (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)       319       320         RUBY BARBER       319       320         (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)       322       346	DANIEL CHATMAN	77	103	118	
BY MR. CLAY143166BY MS. BALDWIN162FORREST MITCHELL168(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)GEORGE KORBELBY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)RUEY BARBER319319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)TODD SMITH322346	LORRAINE MINNITE				
BY MS. BALDWIN162FORREST MITCHELL168(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)GEORGE KORBELBY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)RUBY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)TODD SMITH322346	BY MS. PEREZ	119		165	
FORREST MITCHELL168(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)GEORGE KORBELBY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. SCOTT248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)319320RUBY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)500 MITH322	BY MR. CLAY		143		166
(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)GEORGE KORBELBY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)320RUEY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)322346	BY MS. BALDWIN		162		
GEORGE KORBELBY MR. BARON177BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)RUBY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)TODD SMITH322346	FORREST MITCHELL	168			
BY MR. BARON       177         BY MR. SCOTT       202/250         BY MR. FREEMAN       248/251         ANN McGEEHAN       254       306         (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)       (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)         RUBY BARBER       319       320         (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)       322       346	(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)				
BY MR. SCOTT202/250BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)	GEORGE KORBEL				
BY MR. FREEMAN248/251ANN MCGEEHAN254306(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)	BY MR. BARON	177			
ANN MCGEEHAN 254 306 (BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) RUBY BARBER 319 320 (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO) TODD SMITH 322 346	BY MR. SCOTT		202/250		
(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO) RUBY BARBER 319 320 (BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO) TODD SMITH 322 346	BY MR. FREEMAN		248/251		
RUBY BARBER319320(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)TODD SMITH322346	ANN MCGEEHAN	254	306		
(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO) TODD SMITH 322 346	(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)				
TODD SMITH 322 346	RUBY BARBER	319	320		
	(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO	DEPO)			
(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)	TODD SMITH	322	346		
	(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)				
YANNIS BANKS 348 353	YANNIS BANKS	348	353		
(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)	(BY EXCERPTS OF DEPO)				
VERA LEE MILLER TROTTER 357					
(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO DEPO)	(BY EXCERPTS OF VIDEO	DEPO)			

1	Corpus Christi, Texas; Monday, September 8, 2014; 7:58 a.m.
2	Call to Order
3	THE COURT: Good morning. The Court calls Cause
4	Number 2-13-cv-193, Veasey, et al versus Perry, et al.
5	Are we ready to continue?
6	MR. DUNN: Yes, your Honor.
7	MS. WESTFALL: Yes, Elizabeth Westfall for the United
8	States.
9	The Plaintiffs have indicated that they would be
10	calling Dr. Chandler Davidson today and they will not be, and
11	we have conferred with Counsel for this date and agreed that
12	Dr. Davidson's Declaration, his Supplemental Declaration of
13	August 15th, will be admitted into evidence provided the State
14	is permitted to designate portions of his deposition and submit
15	that on Wednesday of this week.
16	MR. SCOTT: As part of the the rest of that's
17	correct, your Honor. As part of the additional the rest of
18	the agreement is that Dr. Milo's Declaration, corrected
19	Declaration, will also be admitted with the right of the
20	Defendants I mean, the Plaintiffs to submit portions of his
21	deposition as they see fit.
22	MS. WESTFALL: And we agree with that.
23	THE COURT: Okay. So the report, the Supplemental
24	Declaration of Dr. Chandler then is coming in as evidence by
25	agreement?

	8
1	MS. WESTFALL: As is Dr yes, of Dr. Davidson.
2	MR. SCOTT: And along with the Declaration of
3	Dr. Milo.
4	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
5	MS. WESTFALL: Thank you.
6	MR. DUNN: One other housekeeping matter, your Honor.
7	The Veasey-LULAC Plaintiffs have a handful of folks that we do
8	not intend to call live and we didn't think it was a judicial
9	use of time either to read their depositions. So what we did
10	was create short excerpts on just standing issues to hand to
11	the Court in the event it needs to look that up if that's
12	acceptable.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MR. DUNN: All right, I'll hand that up to you.
15	THE COURT: Is that agreed to?
16	MR. SCOTT: And no objections.
17	THE COURT: All right.
18	(Counsel confer)
19	MR. DUNN: Your Honor, at this time the Plaintiffs
20	call Commissioner Oscar Ortiz.
21	THE COURT: Good morning. You can approach right
22	over here, and if you'll raise your right hand?
23	//
24	//
25	//

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 9
1	OSCAR ORTIZ, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS SWORN
2	THE WITNESS: I do.
3	THE CLERK: Thank you, sir.
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. DUNN:
6	Q Please tell us your name.
7	A Oscar Ortiz.
8	Q Commissioner Ortiz, my name is Chad Dunn. I'm here on
9	behalf Veasey-LULAC plaintiffs and one of your lawyers, is that
10	right?
11	A Yes, sir.
12	Q Tell us sort of who you are, where you're from, that sort
13	of thing?
14	A I'm a County Commissioner for the past 20 years here in
15	Nueces County, born, raised here in Nueces County, Robstown-
16	Corpus Christi is my my area.
17	Q How long have you been on the Commissioners Court?
18	A I've been 20 years.
19	Q And what is describe for us the area that you
20	represent, that's in your district.
21	A It's a very diverse area. I prior to the re-
22	districting well, after this last re-districting now I have
23	(indiscernible), Agua Dulce, Robstown, Driscoll and a large
24	area, 85 percent or more of my vote comes from the City of
25	Corpus Christi which runs from the west side of Corpus Christi

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 10
1	down to down Padre Island Drive, down to Rodd Field Road to
2	Holly, and then I come back on Ocean Drive, back to almost
3	to Louisiana and cut in and go back to Baldwin, and complete
4	the circuit there.
5	Q All right. Can you give us a sense of what the racial or
6	ethnic makeup of your district is?
7	A It's about 67, 68 percent Hispanic.
8	Q In addition to yourself are there other Latino leaders on
9	the Commissioners Court?
10	A There's one more Hispanic Commissioner.
11	Q What is that person's name?
12	A Joey Gonzalez.
13	Q Have you, in the past, had another what district is he
14	from?
15	A Precinct 2.
16	Q Has there, at times, been another Precinct that was
17	competitive in the Nueces County Commissioner's Court?
18	A Yes, there was Precinct 1.
19	Q Did you participate in re-districting in the Nueces County
20	Commissioners Court in the recent census go-round?
21	A Yes, I did.
22	Q Tell us what happened there.
23	A Well, from the start it there was a bad feeling of
24	things weren't going to go well because they hired the
25	majority of the Court is Republican and they hired an attorney,

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 11
1	Mr. Nixon, who has publicly stated that his goal in life is to
2	turn the State of Texas into a Republican State.
3	Q Is that Joe Nixon?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Now had something happened in 2010, the 2010 elections to
б	change what had been the recent historical balance in the
7	Commissioners Court?
8	A Well, the census, the census and then the after every
9	census there's a re-districting and, of course, it was time to
10	re-district.
11	Q So when the when Mr. Nixon and the other Commissioners
12	went about drawing a plan what were some of the characteristics
13	of it?
14	A Well, they they took some of my they diluted the
15	Anglo population in my district and put it in Mr. Pusley's
16	Precinct which made his Precinct now a safer Precinct.
17	Q Okay, just to be clear on the record, which Precinct
18	number is that?
19	A One.
20	Q And so there were boxes or precincts in your district that
21	were predominantly Anglo that were taken out and put into
22	Precinct 1, did I understand that right?
23	A That's correct.
24	Q What was what was the population of your district? In
25	other words, did you need to shed or gain population in order

# Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn

<ul> <li>to meet the one person-one vote principle?</li> <li>A No. My advantage, if they would have left the the</li> <li>districts the way that they were there would have been no need</li> <li>for re-districting because they all complied with the law.</li> <li>Q So this re-districting was entirely voluntary?</li> <li>A In my opinion, yes.</li> <li>Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes. Iplieve so.</li> <li>Q Now after the objection stopped the implementation of the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>districts the way that they were there would have been no need</li> <li>for re-districting because they all complied with the law.</li> <li>Q So this re-districting was entirely voluntary?</li> <li>A In my opinion, yes.</li> <li>Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	1	to meet the one person-one vote principle?
<ul> <li>for re-districting because they all complied with the law.</li> <li>Q So this re-districting was entirely voluntary?</li> <li>A In my opinion, yes.</li> <li>Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	2	A No. My advantage, if they would have left the the
<ul> <li>So this re-districting was entirely voluntary?</li> <li>A In my opinion, yes.</li> <li>Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	3	districts the way that they were there would have been no need
<ul> <li>A In my opinion, yes.</li> <li>Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	4	for re-districting because they all complied with the law.
<ul> <li>7 Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?</li> <li>8 A Yes.</li> <li>9 Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>10 A Yes.</li> <li>11 Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>12 A Yes.</li> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	5	Q So this re-districting was entirely voluntary?
<ul> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>9 Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>10 A Yes.</li> <li>11 Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>12 A Yes.</li> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	6	A In my opinion, yes.
<ul> <li>9 Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?</li> <li>10 A Yes.</li> <li>11 Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>12 A Yes.</li> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	7	Q And did you ultimately vote against the plan?
<ul> <li>10 A Yes.</li> <li>11 Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>12 A Yes.</li> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	8	A Yes.
<ul> <li>Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>about it?</li> <li>A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	9	Q Did the other Hispanic Commissioner vote against the plan?
<ul> <li>12 A Yes.</li> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	10	A Yes.
<ul> <li>13 Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say</li> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	11	Q Was the plan then submitted to the Department of Justice?
<ul> <li>14 about it?</li> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	12	A Yes.
<ul> <li>15 A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a</li> <li>16 what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>17 objections to it.</li> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	13	Q And what what did the Department of Justice have to say
<ul> <li> what is the term, regressive, and that they had some</li> <li>objections to it.</li> <li>Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>objection, is that right?</li> <li>A Yes.</li> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	14	about it?
<pre>17 objections to it. 18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written 19 objection, is that right? 20 A Yes. 21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the 22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not 23 discriminatory in its purpose? 24 A Yes, I believe so.</pre>	15	A Well, they they were in agreement that this was a a
<ul> <li>18 Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written</li> <li>19 objection, is that right?</li> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	16	what is the term, regressive, and that they had some
<pre>19 objection, is that right? 20 A Yes. 21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the 22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not 23 discriminatory in its purpose? 24 A Yes, I believe so.</pre>	17	objections to it.
<ul> <li>20 A Yes.</li> <li>21 Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>23 discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>24 A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	18	Q And the Department of Justice issued an actual written
<ul> <li>Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the</li> <li>County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not</li> <li>discriminatory in its purpose?</li> <li>A Yes, I believe so.</li> </ul>	19	objection, is that right?
22 County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not 23 discriminatory in its purpose? 24 A Yes, I believe so.	20	A Yes.
23 discriminatory in its purpose? 24 A Yes, I believe so.	21	Q Was one of the things found in that objection is that the
24 A Yes, I believe so.	22	County had failed to meet its burden to show the plan was not
	23	discriminatory in its purpose?
25 Q Now after the objection stopped the implementation of the	24	A Yes, I believe so.
	25	Q Now after the objection stopped the implementation of the

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 13
1	plan, how then was re-districting resolved?
2	A There was a a I believe you are talking about the
3	lawsuit that was filed
4	Q Yes.
5	A by not by the Court, but by an individual in the
6	community.
7	Q And that was filed here in Federal Court?
8	A Yes, it was.
9	Q And ultimately was a settlement worked out between the
10	County and the Department of Justice on a plan?
11	A No, it never came to as far as I can remember it didn't
12	come back to the Commissioners Court for approval.
13	Q Was the plan altered, though, in light of communications
14	with the Department of Justice?
15	A I believe it was.
16	Q I'd like to transition for a minute and talk about voting.
17	I assume you voted in most elections, is that right?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Have you had an opportunity to vote since the Senate Bill
20	14, the photo ID law, came into effect?
21	A Yes, I have. I don't recall what election it was for,
22	it's because I try to vote on every election, but I did have
23	a little bit of problem because my name on my driver's license
24	and the name on my voter registration card are not exactly the
25	same.

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 14
1	Q What's the name on your voter registration?
2	A I'd have to look because, you know, because, you know
3	well, one of them has Oscar Ortiz and the other one has Oscar
4	O. Ortiz, or Oscar Ochoa Ortiz.
5	Q I see. And were you permitted to vote though?
6	A I had to sign a document.
7	Q And what was that document?
8	A I don't I don't recall what the name of that document
9	is.
10	Q Now in the course of representing your district I assume
11	you go and have public meetings and meet with constituents
12	often, is that right?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Have you heard any complaints or concerns as it relates to
15	your constituents having identification?
16	A Well, yes. You know, through visits in surrounding areas,
17	especially in the rural areas, you know, the people that have a
18	hard time accessing a place to get voter registration, they
19	say, "Well, you know, I recently got divorced and my name is
20	not the same as it was before. I don't have those documents."
21	People have come to my office, how, you know, "I want
22	to register to vote, but I need a birth certificate and I go to
23	to get a birth certificate at the County Clerk's office and
24	they tell me I need an ID," so it's kind of a Catch-22 there.
25	You know, you need one thing to get another, and it's difficult

1for them to2Also, there's some people that have been accustomed3to voting, they have been voting for a long time, now they find4people that have been voting for a long time, now they find5themselves, because they don't have the documentation to get a6birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote.7QIs it are you familiar with people in your district who8don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and9can't obtain one?10AWell, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is11South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or12delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you13know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.14QI want to return back to re-districting and ask you15something I forgot for a second.16You mentioned that the complaint that the Department17of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters18were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is19that right?20A21Q22Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,23A24Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last25Commissioner there was Hispanic, prior to that it was a		
3 to voting, they have been voting for a long time, elderly 4 people that have been voting for a long time, now they find 5 themselves, because they don't have the documentation to get a 6 birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote. 7 Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who 8 don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and 9 can't obtain one? 10 A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is 11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or 12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you 13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates. 14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you 15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	1	for them to
4 people that have been voting for a long time, now they find 5 themselves, because they don't have the documentation to get a 6 birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote. 7 Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who 8 don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and 9 can't obtain one? 10 A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is 11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or 12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you 13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates. 14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you 15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	2	Also, there's some people that have been accustomed
5 themselves, because they don't have the documentation to get a 6 birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote. 7 Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who 8 don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and 9 can't obtain one? 10 A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is 11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or 12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you 13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates. 14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you 15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	3	to voting, they have been voting for a long time, elderly
<ul> <li>birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote.</li> <li>Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who</li> <li>don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and</li> <li>can't obtain one?</li> <li>A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is</li> <li>South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or</li> <li>delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you</li> <li>know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>that right?</li> <li>A Right.</li> <li>Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>is that true?</li> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	4	people that have been voting for a long time, now they find
<ul> <li>7 Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who</li> <li>8 don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and</li> <li>9 can't obtain one?</li> <li>10 A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is</li> <li>11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or</li> <li>12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you</li> <li>13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>15 something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>19 that right?</li> <li>20 A Right.</li> <li>21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>22 is that true?</li> <li>23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	5	themselves, because they don't have the documentation to get a
<ul> <li>a don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and can't obtain one?</li> <li>A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is</li> <li>South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or</li> <li>delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you</li> <li>know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>that right?</li> <li>A Right.</li> <li>Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>is that true?</li> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	б	birth certificate that they are not able to go out and vote.
<ul> <li>9 can't obtain one?</li> <li>10 A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is</li> <li>11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or</li> <li>12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you</li> <li>13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>15 something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>19 that right?</li> <li>20 A Right.</li> <li>21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>22 is that true?</li> <li>23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	7	Q Is it are you familiar with people in your district who
<ul> <li>A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is</li> <li>South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or</li> <li>delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you</li> <li>know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>that right?</li> <li>A Right.</li> <li>Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>is that true?</li> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	8	don't have birth certificates or weren't born in a hospital and
11 South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or 12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you 13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates. 14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you 15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	9	can't obtain one?
12 delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you 13 know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates. 14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you 15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	10	A Well, there's many people in my in my Precinct, this is
<ul> <li>know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.</li> <li>Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>that right?</li> <li>A Right.</li> <li>Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>is that true?</li> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	11	South Texas, and a lot of the people that were born here or
<ul> <li>14 Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you</li> <li>15 something I forgot for a second.</li> <li>16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>19 that right?</li> <li>20 A Right.</li> <li>21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>22 is that true?</li> <li>23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	12	delivered by mid wives, and so those mid wives don't you
15 something I forgot for a second. 16 You mentioned that the complaint that the Department 17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	13	know, don't necessarily issue birth certificates.
<ul> <li>You mentioned that the complaint that the Department</li> <li>of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters</li> <li>were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is</li> <li>that right?</li> <li>A Right.</li> <li>Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>is that true?</li> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	14	Q I want to return back to re-districting and ask you
17 of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters 18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	15	something I forgot for a second.
<pre>18 were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is 19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</pre>	16	You mentioned that the complaint that the Department
19 that right? 20 A Right. 21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	17	of Justice and you had against the plan was that Anglo voters
<ul> <li>20 A Right.</li> <li>21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,</li> <li>22 is that true?</li> <li>23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	18	were taken out of your Precinct and put into Precinct 1, is
21 Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district, 22 is that true? 23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a 24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	19	that right?
<ul> <li>22 is that true?</li> <li>23 A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	20	A Right.
<ul> <li>A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a</li> <li>Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last</li> </ul>	21	Q Now Precinct 1 had previously been a competitive district,
24 Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last	22	is that true?
	23	A Yes, that Precinct had been held both by Anglo and by a
25 Commissioner there was Hispanic, prior to that it was a	24	Hispanic, and Hispanics with Anglo surnames so, yes, the last
	25	Commissioner there was Hispanic, prior to that it was a

# Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn

1	Hispanic with an Anglo surname, Schwing (phonetic), and and
2	before that there had been several Anglo people. Lately it had
3	been turning a little bit more to Hispanic.
4	Q And so was the effort to take Anglo voters out of your
5	district and put it in Precinct 1 designed, in your opinion, to
6	prevent a Hispanic in this decade from winning Precinct 1?
7	A I think it was designed to make it a safer district for
8	the incumbent Commissioner there.
9	Q Who was?
10	A Mike Pusley.
11	Q An Anglo Republican, is that right?
12	A Right.
13	Q And had Precinct 1 remained competitive, would that have
14	presented an opportunity for the Hispanic community to elect
15	three of its representatives on that Commissioners Court?
16	A Yes. The the voter difference between in the
17	general elections there have been very marginal, not over 100
18	you know, the last incumbent Commissioner lost it by 129
19	votes so he was within reach.
20	Q And how many members of the Commissioners Court are there?
21	A There's four Commissioners and one County Judge.
22	Q And so if the Hispanic community had been able to elect a
23	candidate of choice in Precinct 1, as well as in 2 and 3, he
24	would have had a majority of the Commissioners' vote, is that
25	right?

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 17
1	A Yes.
2	Q Okay. Now also you have a Department of Public Safety
3	office here in Nueces County, is that true?
4	A Well, they say it's in Nueces County, it's a little bit
5	closer to San Patricio but, yes, it's if you follow the
6	strictest of geographical United States, yes, it's barely in
7	Nueces County.
8	Q Okay. The office is is moving, is that right?
9	A Yes, they're shutting down the their what I've heard
10	and what has been reported is they are shutting down the office
11	there at Greenwood and Padre Island Drive and they're moving it
12	way east and north to the right under the Joe Fulton
13	corridor in an industrial area.
14	Q Is there much population that lives in that industrial
15	area?
16	A Not immediately adjacent to it. It's a industrial area.
17	It's an area that's not conducive to every day traffic.
18	There's a lot of heavy trucks. If you make the wrong turn
19	you're going to wind up at the Port of Corpus Christi with a
20	lot of heavy equipment over there. It's not a good place to
21	have a a you know, especially if you're going to go
22	looking for a place to get a voter registration a voter
23	identification. If you're going to get a license for a heavy
24	duty truck perhaps, but this does not bode well for voter ID.
25	Q Is there any public transportation to the new location?

### Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn

1	A One of the first things that I asked was, "Well, what are
2	they going to do? How are the people going to get there," and
3	just as I was asking if there was a news a spokesman for the
4	original Transportation Authority on television saying,
5	"They haven't talked to us, nobody has said anything to us,
6	there's no we haven't made any plans for any routes to that
7	area."
8	Q And did you ultimately were you or the County Judge or
9	anybody at the County, to your knowledge, consulted with about
10	where the DPS location would be moved to or sited?
11	Q We were never we were never told. The first I heard of
12	it was a reporter was having lunch one time one day and the
13	reporter walked up to me and says, "Did you know that they were
14	moving the the DPS station?" I said, "No, I didn't."
15	I said, "Where are they moving it to?" He says
16	"They're moving it" and then they told me. I said, "That's
17	incredible."
18	I said, "What in the world were these people
19	thinking? How are people that are having accessibility
20	problems, how in the world are they going to get there?" I
21	said, "Are they at least going to keep the other," and he said,
22	"No, they've announced that they are that they're shutting
23	the other one down."
24	I said, "Well, when is the groundbreaking?" And he
25	says, "Well, they told me that they were not in the business of

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 19
1	groundbreaking and they didn't have to tell anybody."
2	Q Did you, at some point, contact DPS to try to have some
3	input in this situation?
4	A I talked to no, but I did get a call several weeks
5	later from I had well, I got a call from somebody, I
б	guess representing the Texas Department of Public Safety, and
7	they were informing me and they were getting input, and I don't
8	know, I guess maybe that was their Public Relations person, and
9	then I just informed them, I said, "You're you're just too
10	late." I said, "Where were you when you were in the planning
11	stages when this thing was being financed, when the routes were
12	supposed to be being implemented?" I said, "It's too late to
13	and if you're looking for a photo opportunity, you know,
14	you've missed the boat," I says, "because I don't think any
15	self-respecting elected official is going to want to identify
16	themselves as putting this, you know, being friendly to the
17	location that you're putting this particular place at."
18	Q Did you mention to the DPS official the importance now of
19	the agency with regards to elections and issuing election
20	identification?
21	A I said, "This is this is a terrible place," you know,
22	"in view of the fact that now the State Legislature has deemed
23	it that we all need to have voter ID," I said, "this is a
24	horrible place for that now."
25	Q Did you ultimately, more recently, get contacted well,

Ortiz - Direct	/	Ву	Mr.	Dunn
----------------	---	----	-----	------

1 actually, before we get to that.

2 So did you get the sense the Department of Public 3 Safety was taking their mission of dealing with election 4 identification seriously?

5 Well, I don't think that was on their agenda. I don't think the voter election had ever entered their thought -б 7 their thought process, or maybe it had, which would really concern me. But I think the way that this gentleman who called 8 9 said, "Well, the reason we're doing this is because there's 10 some more space out there, there's going to be more windows to 11 take care of people, and so now you are going to be able to 12 bring your truck, if you need to get a certified -- a 13 certificate -- a CDL license, and so there's space over there 14 for you to come and park your truck and do your maneuvering to 15 -- to get licensed."

16 I said, "Fine, but, you know, you have put a huge 17 onus on the citizens to -- to vote and to have -- well, not to 18 vote, "but to have a voter ID, and you've made it almost 19 impossible for some of these people to be over here. I mean, 20 it's hard enough to go to that location which is a lot more 21 centrally located than to travel, you know, miles to get to this location." 22 23 Now the -- have you been contacted just in the last few 0

24 weeks leading up to when this trial began again by DPS as it 25 relates to this?

	Ortiz - Direct / By Mr. Dunn 21
1	A No.
2	Q Now you also mentioned or there's also been some
3	testimony here about EIC or Election Identification Certificate
4	mobile units, these are mobile units that go about handing out
5	EICs. Have you heard anything about those?
б	A They're a complete mystery to me. I've never known, the
7	Court and myself have never been informed that they these
8	things exist. They're I haven't seen any news releases,
9	public service announcements or anything of the sort.
10	Q And so I assume that it's also true you haven't been
11	consulted on where to site a mobile unit, for example, in the
12	Hispanic neighborhoods?
13	A No.
14	Q Now, lastly, you joined this lawsuit as a Plaintiff, is
15	that right?
16	A Repeat?
17	Q You joined this lawsuit as a Plaintiff, is that correct?
18	A Yes.
19	Q When is it that you are up for election?
20	A 2016.
21	Q And how is it you are concerned that Senate Bill 14 might
22	affect or harm you as it pertains to your re-election campaign?
23	A Well, the re-districting has reshuffled the population and
24	so now many of the voters have become disenfranchised because
25	they are no longer able to vote so I have to go out and

### Ortiz - Cross / By Ms. Roscetti

22

1	research and see who those voters are that don't have a voter
2	ID. It's it's going to take time, money and effort to re-
3	establish that pool of voters that is going to vote for me.
4	Q So is it your understanding that your campaign or you,
5	individually, will have to spend some money to try to get IDs
б	issued to your supporters?
7	A Yes, my campaign and possibly myself.
8	Q All right. Thank you, Commissioner, for your time today.
9	A Yes, sir.
10	MR. DUNN: I pass the witness.
11	MS. ROSCETTI: Jennifer Roscetti with the Defendant.
12	CROSS EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. ROSCETTI:
14	Q Good morning, Commissioner Ortiz. I'm haven't got the
15	chance to meet you before, but I work with the Defendants and
16	the Attorney General's office.
17	Can you do you know what the <u>National Voter</u>
18	Registration Act of 1993 is?
19	A The <u>National Voter Registration</u> I'm I don't probably
20	recognize it under that name. If you could explain it to me?
21	Q Well, you understand that for a person to vote they have
22	to register to vote?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Okay. And did you know that the <u>National Voter</u>
25	Registration Act mandates that each State, the motor vehicle
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Ortiz - Cross / By Ms. Roscetti 23
1	driver's license application, including any renewal
2	applications, shall be served shall serve as an application
3	for voter registration?
4	A Yes, uh-huh (yes.)
5	Q So you understand that when you go to the DMV to fill out
б	your driver's license application you can register to vote
7	there as well?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And do you know that Congress enacted the <u>National Voter</u>
10	Registration Act because it believed registering at the DMV was
11	the most cost-effective method to register voters?
12	A I'm not going to dispute that, but I don't know that to be
13	true.
14	MS. ROSCETTI: Brian, can you bring up the House
15	Committee Report 103-9?
16	Q And can you see this, Commissioner Ortiz?
17	A I walked out of my house this morning without my glasses,
18	but I think I think I can make it out.
19	Q Do you see it says, " <u>National Voter"</u> he'll bring it up
20	bigger for you.
21	A Yes, right.
22	Q So it says the <u>National Voter Registration Act of 1993</u> ,
23	and it says "Report," and down at the bottom it says,
24	"Committee on the House Administration," can you see that or
25	even right in the middle?

	Ortiz - Cross / By Ms. Roscetti 24
1	A Yes, yes, I can see well.
2	MS. ROSCETTI: Brian, will you turn to Page 4,
3	please? And it's going to bring that up.
4	Q Do you see the highlighted portion where it says, "The
5	Committee felt that the broadest, most effective and cost-
6	efficient method of registration would be the simultaneous
7	application procedures suggested by Washington State Secretary
8	of State, Ralph Monroe, i.e., a driver's license application
9	serving as an application for registration," did I read that
10	correctly?
11	A Yes, ma'am.
12	Q Okay. Have you ever read this before?
13	A It's not in this context, probably not, but, yes, I am
14	aware that that that is in existence.
15	Q Okay.
16	MS. ROSCETTI: Brian, can you look at Page 5? Can
17	you bring that up? Thank you.
18	Q Commissioner, if we look at what Brian has just brought
19	up, it's highlighted, it says, "By combining the driver's
20	license application approach with mail and agency-based
21	registration, the Committee felt that any eligible citizen who
22	wished to register would have ready access to an application."
23	Did I read that correctly?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Have you ever read this before?

	Ortiz - Cross / By Ms. Roscetti 25
1	A I have now, yes.
2	Q And so you do understand that they are stating here the
3	they believe that the most efficient and reasonable way to get
4	people to register to vote is doing it at the DMV when they
5	apply for their licenses?
б	A Right.
7	Q Okay.
8	MS. ROSCETTI: Brian, can you bring up the Senate
9	Committee Report 103-6, please?
10	Q Commissioner Ortiz, have you ever seen this Senate
11	Committee Report?
12	A Not in this format.
13	Q Okay.
14	MS. ROSCETTI: Brian, will you turn to Page 5?
15	Q You said "not in this format." Can you explain in what
16	format you've seen it before?
17	A Well, it wasn't you know, it wasn't in a it wasn't
18	hidden in multiple pages, four or five, I don't know how many
19	pages this document is, but I know that that this is true,
20	you know, that
21	Q Okay. So if we'd look at
22	A and I don't disagree with what it is saying here.
23	Q Okay. And it says that "The driver license procedure
24	appears to be ideally suited for the purpose of registering
25	voters, " do you see that?

1	A Yes.
2	Q And you said you haven't seen it I'm just trying to
3	understand in the format you have seen it. Have you seen it in
4	(indiscernible) and read it before?
5	A Well, I just know it. I don't know whether it's through
б	osmosis or through the some of the political training that
7	we get when we're about to run for office or election law or
8	but I know that this is this is what is in effect, and I
9	know to tell our people that this is what is necessary. And so
10	I don't have any disagreement with you so far on any of this.
11	Q And so would you agree with me that both the Senate and
12	the House, when they were enacting the <u>National Voter</u>
13	Registration Act, believed that the cheapest way to ensure the
14	registration of voters is to conduct registration simultaneous
15	with driver's license applications and renewals?
16	A Well, it may have been the most cost-effective, but it's
17	not the fairest and most equitable and way to register
18	people. If you were looking for a way that's going to be fair
19	to everybody, you know, why not keep the system that you have
20	where you have the voter registrar go ahead and take a picture
21	of you when you go register, and they know who you are, and
22	just it would make it so much easier than having to have a
23	a birth certificate which a lot of my constituents don't
24	have.
25	Q So is it your understanding that you need a birth
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Ortiz - Cross / By Ms. Roscetti 27
1	certificate to register to vote?
2	A I understand that there's maybe another document, but that
3	escapes my memory right now, but it's a voter registration,
4	I've been under the impression that you have to have a birth
5	certificate.
6	Q But when I asked you about
7	A Or a passport, I'm sorry.
8	Q So you believe
9	A Which requires a birth certificate.
10	Q So you believe you need a passport to register to vote?
11	A Repeat?
12	Q It's your understanding that you need a passport to
13	register to vote?
14	A A passport or a a birth certificate to register to
15	get a no, not to register, to get a photo ID.
16	Q Okay. But do you understand the requirements to register
17	to vote?
18	A I think anybody can register.
19	Q Okay.
20	A I mean, that has been the practice that, you know, if I
21	register to vote I raise my hand and say that I am who I am and
22	I'm registered to vote.
23	Q And so back to when we were talking about the Senate and
24	the House Committee about the National Voter Registration
25	Act

<ul> <li>1 A Uh-huh (yes.)</li> <li>2 Q do you understand that when they went through this</li> <li>3 analysis they felt the most efficient way and the cheapest way</li> <li>4 to ensure that everyone can register is to conduct registration</li> <li>5 simultaneous with the driver's license applications and</li> <li>6 renewals?</li> <li>7 A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they</li> <li>8 thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely.</li> <li>9 This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to</li> <li>10 take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they</li> <li>11 come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you</li> <li>12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to</li> <li>13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town</li> <li>14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go</li> <li>15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting,</li> <li>19 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot</li> <li>11 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo</li> <li>12 IB. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and</li> <li>19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register.</li> <li>20 J ust a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an</li> <li>21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional</li> <li>22 ballot?</li> <li>23 A I think that's what it was.</li> <li>24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</li> <li>25 affidavit?</li> </ul>		
analysis they felt the most efficient way and the cheapest way to ensure that everyone can register is to conduct registration simultaneous with the driver's license applications and renewals? A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely. This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town now. This last election was not so bad because they could go over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo IB ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional ballot? A I think that's what it was. Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	1	A Uh-huh (yes.)
4 to ensure that everyone can register is to conduct registration 5 simultaneous with the driver's license applications and 6 renewals? 7 A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they 8 thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely. 9 This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to 10 take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they 11 come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you 12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to 13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	2	Q do you understand that when they went through this
simultaneous with the driver's license applications and renewals? A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely. This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town now. This last election was not so bad because they could go over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional ballot? A I think that's what it was.	3	analysis they felt the most efficient way and the cheapest way
<ul> <li>Fenewals?</li> <li>A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they</li> <li>thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely.</li> <li>This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to</li> <li>take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they</li> <li>come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you</li> <li>know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to</li> <li>get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town</li> <li>now. This last election was not so bad because they could go</li> <li>over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting,</li> <li>you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot</li> <li>sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo</li> <li>ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and</li> <li>they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register.</li> <li>Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an</li> <li>issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional</li> <li>ballot?</li> <li>A I think that's what it was.</li> <li>Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</li> </ul>	4	to ensure that everyone can register is to conduct registration
<ul> <li>A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they</li> <li>thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely.</li> <li>This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to</li> <li>take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they</li> <li>come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you</li> <li>know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to</li> <li>get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town</li> <li>now. This last election was not so bad because they could go</li> <li>over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting,</li> <li>you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot</li> <li>sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo</li> <li>ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and</li> <li>they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register.</li> <li>Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an</li> <li>issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional</li> <li>ballot?</li> <li>A I think that's what it was.</li> <li>Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</li> </ul>	5	simultaneous with the driver's license applications and
8 thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely. 9 This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to 10 take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they 11 come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you 12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to 13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	6	renewals?
9 This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town now. This last election was not so bad because they could go over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo IB ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional ballot? A I think that's what it was. Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	7	A Well, I'm sure that they you know, this is what they
10 take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they 11 come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you 12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to 13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	8	thought. I mean, but the reality is something else completely.
11 come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you 12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to 13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	9	This is not what it is here on the ground when you're trying to
12 know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to 13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	10	take people out to vote, you get them to the polls and they
13 get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town 14 now. This last election was not so bad because they could go 15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	11	come back to the car and say, "Well, they said I needed a, you
<ul> <li>now. This last election was not so bad because they could go</li> <li>over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting,</li> <li>you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot</li> <li>sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo</li> <li>ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and</li> <li>they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register.</li> <li>Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an</li> <li>issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional</li> <li>ballot?</li> <li>A I think that's what it was.</li> <li>Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</li> </ul>	12	know, a photo ID." And I you know, where are they going to
<pre>15 over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting, 16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</pre>	13	get a photo ID? They're going to have to go way across town
16 you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot 17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	14	now. This last election was not so bad because they could go
17 sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo 18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	15	over here and there may be a waiting line, people waiting,
18 ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and 19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	16	you've seen people out the door there in wheelchairs in the hot
19 they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register. 20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	17	sun waiting to get in the building to register to get a photo
20 Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an 21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	18	ID. Some of them wait there too long or they're weak and
<pre>21 issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional 22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</pre>	19	they're elderly, and so they don't wait around to register.
<pre>22 ballot? 23 A I think that's what it was. 24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</pre>	20	Q Just a follow-up to when you voted. You said you had an
<ul> <li>23 A I think that's what it was.</li> <li>24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name</li> </ul>	21	issue with your name. Have you ever had to sign a provisional
24 Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name	22	ballot?
	23	A I think that's what it was.
25 affidavit?	24	Q So have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name
	25	affidavit?

	Ortiz - Redirect / By Mr. Dunn 29
1	A I didn't
2	Q Have you ever had to sign a substantially similar name
3	affidavit?
4	A I well, I may be confusing the two, but, yes, I knew I
5	had to say to sign something to that effect.
6	Q Do you know the difference between a substantially similar
7	name affidavit and a provisional ballot?
8	A I'm not sure that I do now that you're explaining it to
9	me.
10	Q Thank you, Commissioner.
11	MR. DUNN: I just have a couple follow-up questions.
12	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MR. DUNN:
14	Q Commissioner, as it relates to the <u>National Voter</u>
15	Registration Act, is it your understanding that Congress made
16	it to where a citizen can only register at the driver's license
17	office?
18	A Well, either there or, you know, get a gun registration.
19	I believe those are the two items that are acceptable.
20	Q Well, I'm focused not on IDs right now, just on
21	registration. Couldn't you go to the library and get a voter
22	registration card?
23	A Oh, you could get a voter registration card anyplace. I
24	mean, you could get it out in the community.
25	Q You could mail it in, is that right?

Ortiz - Redirect / By Mr. Dunn 30 1 Α You could mail it in, right. 2 Anywhere you'll apply for Government benefits under the 0 N.V.R.A. you're supposed to be able to register, is that right? 3 Right. 4 Α 5 And so now, though, with the additional requirement of 0 photo identification, all of those extra options, the library, б 7 the Government Assistance offices, you might be able to register, but you're not going to be able to vote because you 8 9 don't have an ID, is that right? 10 Α That's correct. 11 Okay, nothing further, your Honor. MR. DUNN: MS. ROSCETTI: No further questions, your Honor. 12 13 THE COURT: All right, thank you. You can step down. 14 (Witness excused) 15 Good morning, your Honor. My name is MR. DOGGETT: 16 Robert Doggett for purposes of the record. We call Kevin 17 Jewell to the stand. 18 And, your Honor, I have a copy of a Motion made 19 (indiscernible). 20 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Good morning, sir, 21 would you raise your right hand? 22 11 23 11 24 11 25 11

Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 31 KEVIN JEWELL, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS SWORN 1 THE WITNESS: I do. 2 3 THE CLERK: Thank you. (Counsel confer) 4 5 THE COURT: Go ahead. DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 7 BY MR. DOGGETT: 8 Q Can you state your name and spell it for the record, 9 please? 10 Sure. Kevin Jewell, J-E-W-E-L-L. Α Speak up, please, for me just because --11 0 12 А Certainly, Mr. Doggett. 13 Thank you. Where do you live, sir? Q 14 Austin, Texas. А 15 You are an expert in a variety of things and asked to 0 perform a particular task for us. What was it? 16 17 It was to quantify and contextualize the costs the Texas Α 18 voter ID law places on the seven individual-named Plaintiffs in the Ortiz (indiscernible). 19 And the Ortiz Plaintiffs are listed there? 20 0 21 А Correct. And you said "contextualize." Can you tell us what that 22 0 23 means? 24 You know, we look at a single number and it doesn't Α 25 initially mean anything unless we came in context in which that

Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett

1	number is, so when we look at this cost, in this particular
2	instance, we want to understand what are the finances of the
3	household and what does that cost mean in the context of the
4	finances of that household.
5	Q And how are you qualified to do that, sir?
6	A I hold a MBA from the (indiscernible) School of Business
7	at the University of Texas at Austin, an undergraduate degree
8	in Mathematical Economics from Brown University in Providence,
9	Rhode Island, and I've applied quantitative analysis to
10	problems in business policy and litigation for the last 17
11	years.
12	Q So this is not your first rodeo?
13	A I've never done a rodeo.
14	(Laughter)
15	Q And after performing your analysis you came to a
16	conclusion, is that right?
17	A Correct.
18	Q And what was it?
19	A Examining the costs created by the SB 14 voting scheme.
20	The Ortiz Plaintiffs can expect costs on the order of \$23 to
21	\$163 depending on the assumptions of the individual Plaintiffs.
22	These costs get in their constrained budgets, reduces
23	their chance that they will vote compared to most Texans.
24	Q Let's talk about the costs you examined.
25	A Certainly. I looked at four costs in four ways. One

# Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett

1	is just the out-of-pocket documentation fees. What does it
2	cost to get the documents required to get an SB 14 ID?
3	Then there's transportation costs, either to DPS to
4	get the ID, or to a remote birth certificate location to get a
5	birth certificate.
б	And then there's opportunity costs in the sense of
7	that's primarily the time, that is how long does it take to do
8	these processes, that they could have the Plaintiffs could
9	have been doing other things that they value.
10	In the case of certain Plaintiffs that have loans,
11	they would have additional opportunity costs of the monetary
12	expenditures, but we'll talk about that later.
13	And then last is the information search costs, and
14	the information search costs are the costs it takes to figure
15	out the process. You figure out what you need, how to get
16	there, how to navigate the process created by SB 14, and I
17	don't quantify these costs, but they shape the other costs
18	incurred by the Plaintiffs and so we acknowledge them when we
19	discuss them in my analysis.
20	Q And so, for example, on information search costs, if
21	someone were to find out about some information as the sole
22	result of this litigation would they have would you think
23	that would be information search costs attributable to that?
24	A Right. They've they had to sue the State to find out
25	some information, and so their costs were actually fairly high

Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 34 1 to get that information. 2 Okay. So before we go on, what we're going to talk about 0 now is how you got to a total cost number which is, first, 3 starting with fees for the documents; then talk about the costs 4 5 for a trip to DPS; then the costs for a trip in order to obtain their birth certificate, and then you've looked at all of those б 7 and totaled them, is that right? 8 А Correct. 9 Okay. So let's start with that first one. Out-of-pocket Q 10 documentation fee. Tell us about it. Right. So the lynch pin or the joining costs for all of 11 А 12 the Plaintiffs that I analyzed is the birth certificate and 13 that costs \$22 by mail. Certain individuals have additional 14 costs. 15 Two -- several of the Plaintiffs don't have a recorded birth certificate, it doesn't exist. In order for 16 17 them to get -- in order for them to get a copy of the birth 18 certificate that document has to be created. That process 19 costs \$47 via the State. That is in addition to the \$22. \$47 20 to create the document, and then \$22 to request it. 21 One of the Plaintiffs had a marriage and changed her 22 last name, so in order to connect her birth certificate, if she 23 was able to get it, to her voter registration name she would 24 need to get a certified copy of her name change which is an 25 additional \$10.

# Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett

1	One of the Plaintiffs has concerns regarding the fact
2	that the name on her driver's license does not reflect the name
3	on her birth certificate with the name on her voter
4	registration card. The process at DPS to correct the driver's
5	license name costs \$11. Those costs would be in addition for
6	that don't necessarily cross all of the all of the
7	analyzed Plaintiffs, but accrue to a certain of them.
8	Q Okay.
9	A If we could go back, the one last thing is that, you know,
10	I went down one degree. These are the costs it takes to get
11	the ID.
12	Certain individuals may have you have to present
13	documents to get or create the birth certificate. Some of
14	those documents may cost incur costs as well and I did not
15	consider those costs in my analysis.
16	Q And why didn't you consider the Plaintiffs obtaining an
17	EIC birth certificate; that is, a reduced fee for obtaining a
18	birth certificate that can only be used to obtain an EIC? Why
19	didn't you consider that?
20	A And that's the information search costs shaping the actual
21	costs that would be experienced or would be expected to be
22	experienced by these Plaintiffs.
23	The reality is that the State has hidden those birth
24	certificates from our Plaintiffs. They didn't know that they
25	exist and that they wouldn't expect to get them, to get a $\$2$

# Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett

1	birth certificate. When they're considering whether or not to
2	go through the voter ID process, they are expecting to pay \$22,
3	that's what the web sites for DPS says, that's period.
4	Q And, in fact, we've you put in your report in Footnote
5	9 a reference to someone from the State talking about the EIC
6	birth certificates, is that right?
7	A Right. There's no you know, there's no notice of the
8	EIC certificates to the public, and the regulation actually
9	states that the Plaintiffs would have to go in person to the
10	location and know to request the birth certificate despite the
11	fact there's been no advertising that it exists or and they
12	have to request it, something like request it under a certain
13	section of the Transportation Code. You know, that's like a
14	secret code at Amazon, it's like the price says it's \$22, but
15	if you know the secret code that's not publicized anywhere you
16	can get it for 2. The reality is these people expect to pay
17	\$22.
18	Q Let's talk about the out-of-pocket travel costs to DPS.
19	A Uh-huh (yes.)
20	Q How did you make those calculations?
21	A So the majority of the Plaintiffs had looked at was called
22	the "IRS variable costs." And, in fact, every year the IRS
23	puts out a publication that estimates what it costs to drive a
24	car somewhere. One of the estimates they make is the absolute
25	bare minimum costs and the variable costs, and that is
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES INC

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 37
1	basically the costs of the gas and the costs of, you know,
2	maybe some oil changes.
3	It doesn't include the depreciation costs, the wear
4	and tear on the car. So this is the out-of-pocket costs that
5	someone has to pay to buy gas to get you to DPS. Those
6	Q So you applied that to the Plaintiffs listed there,
7	Mendez, Estrada, Espinoza and Maximina Lara, is that correct?
8	A Right, and that was applied to the distance to DPS for
9	those individuals.
10	Q And so that would be a more conservative figure,
11	obviously, than the IRS full costs, is that right?
12	A That is correct, and Margarita Lara represented to me that
13	he would purchase a ride on the informal market, and if someone
14	is selling a ride they're going to want to cover their full
15	costs, they're going to want to cover their wear and tear on
16	their car and the dollar value that Mr. Lara stated to me that
17	what he would expect to pay aligned almost perfectly with the
18	IRS full cost, and so that's what I used for his individual
19	thing.
20	Q And so
21	A One thing I want to point out here is this is the DPS
22	round this is a round trip, assuming that they can complete
23	the transaction in one trip, and the reality for several of the
24	Plaintiffs, in their experience so far, is that they've already
25	made trips to DPS and didn't come back with an ID and so

1	they're going to have to do multiple trips. And at the
2	information search costs column is that if they had the perfect
3	information about everything they needed, they could do it all
4	in one trip. But they don't have perfect information, they
5	have they have to go to DPS to find out how to navigate the
6	process, and that creates additional trips which I did not
7	calculate including the costs that I looked at here.
8	Q So you conservatively assumed that they would know
9	everything they needed to know, and had everything they needed,
10	and be able to complete this in one trip?
11	A Correct.
12	Q So how come you didn't use EIC locations, besides DPS; in
13	other words, for Mr. Estrada, I believe it was pointed out he
14	could go to Karnes City and obtain an EIC. Why didn't you use
15	those locations?
16	A Well, certain of the individuals for example, first of
17	all in my conversations with the Plaintiffs and in their
18	Declarations they represented to me they would go to DPS.
19	Ms. Espinoza's Dec that position made it clear
20	that she was not aware that Willacy County offered an EIC,
21	which they only when I called Willacy County, they only
22	offer it one a day at limited hours, so would she go even if
23	she went there she might have to go several times because they
24	may have she may have continually gone the day of the week
25	the single day of the week that they offer EICs.

1	But for Mr. Estrada, in particular, Karnes County,
2	there's a web site on the DPS web site states that there are
3	EICs issued in Karnes County. It doesn't say where they are
4	offered, it doesn't say when they're offered, it doesn't say
5	the time of day that they're offered. They have phone numbers
б	and it says "Call for information." I called for information,
7	no one answered. I actually called twice. I left a message
8	the second time following the instructions. They said they
9	would call back according to they never did. So to this day
10	I don't know if they actually do offer EICs in Karnes County,
11	it's not clear to me that they meaningfully do.
12	Q So, again, we're back to search costs and information
13	costs.
14	A Right. If you don't know where to go you can't actually
15	access that option.
16	Q So you didn't consider and that's why you didn't
17	consider these County locations in order to get an EIC?
18	A They were not meaningfully available to the Plaintiffs.
19	Q Okay. So time how much for a DPS trip? You made a
20	calculation there.
21	A Yeah, and this is pardon me, similar to the travel
22	costs and when figuring out the mileage Google maps also
23	estimate the time. I used that as a single round trip estimate
24	of time, travel time, and then for DPS wait time I very
25	conservatively used what DPS represented in a document in the
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

_	
1	other Section 5 litigation that was their target time, is what
2	they hoped to offer EICs for in waiting and service time, and
3	that I used for Mr. Mendez for four of the individuals.
4	Two of the other individuals, Mr. Margarita Lara, in
5	particular said, "You know, I've gone to DPS, I had to wait
6	three-quarters of an hour." And so he would expect if he goes
7	again he's going to have to wait three-quarters of an hour.
8	And Mr. Taylor who lives in Corpus, I had some
9	documents showing that in Corpus in 2011, 2012 they had
10	significantly longer waiting times than 30 minutes and relative
11	to other individuals, so I used 44 minutes, which is also the
12	result of a statewide survey from 2013 of the statewide waiting
13	time at DMVs in Texas.
14	Q Which was 44 minutes?
15	A Correct.
16	Q In this the calculations you made on time excludes time
17	for third party drivers and other on all of the
18	A Right, it's the lost time for the individual getting the
19	ID; it doesn't include the lost time for the person who drove
20	them there if they had a third party ride.
21	Q So, again, you picked a conservative way of doing it?
22	A Correct.
23	Q So looking at the DPS lost trip time, could you explain
24	the things in yellow?
25	A Yeah. And so this is the time that we discussed; for
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 41
	Dewerr Direct / By Mr. Doggett II
1	example, Mr. Estrada would expect to spend an hour and a half
2	traveling to DPS, waiting in line and getting back to his
3	house.
4	And this is where we get into the next column is
5	getting back to the contextualization, and it's like, well,
6	what does 90 minutes mean for an individual?
7	In this case we want to compare it to I compare it
8	to the average voting wait time in Texas in 2012, and he has to
9	wait his just this is not including his actual voting
10	time, just to get his ID he would expect to spend eight more
11	than eight times longer getting the ID than the average Texan
12	spent voting in 2012.
13	Q And that is, again, assuming he only made one trip, had
14	all of the information and had all of the documentation, is
15	that right?
16	A Correct.
17	Q So if you didn't have all of the information, had to make
18	more than one trip, and obtain other documentation, this would
19	be a lot larger, is that right?
20	A Correct, a very conservative number.
21	Q Okay. So we've put all of these things together, is that
22	right, in this column, or this chart, I'm sorry?
23	A Right. This kind of summarizes where we've gone, where we
24	are this far in the analysis, and this is the out-of-pocket
25	costs, these are what the documentation and what the travel

Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett costs are on a monetized basis that would be immediately paid by somebody to get voter ID.

1

2

3 Q Now when you say "out-of-pocket travel," for example, you 4 have Lionel Estrada there, \$14.24. What if he got a ride from 5 someone? How can he have any out-of-pocket expenses if someone 6 gave him a ride?

7 A This is the costs -- someone still had to pay for that 8 gas, and so this is the costs that would accrue -- that has to 9 be expended by somebody on his behalf or by him to get to DPS 10 and back. And some may be --

11 Q So now we'll switch over to obtaining birth certificates.
12 We've been talking about getting the EIC itself, or getting the
13 ID itself. Now obtaining these documents. It looks like
14 you've done some analysis there?

Right. And so that previous analysis would be kind of if 15 they got their birth certificate by mail, which is possible. 16 17 However, the evidence in the case, I think, suggests that many 18 of these individuals would go to a location to navigate the 19 process. In order to get a birth certificate right now, you 20 have to mail your primary documents to Austin. Mr. Estrada has 21 already had experience with lost mail for important documents. 22 He may be worried in doing such a thing. So these are called 23 the similarly calculated costs related to travel to a remote birth certificate site. 24

25 Q So, again, if -- if you -- you selected a more

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 43
1	conservative way of doing it, is that right?
2	A Correct.
3	Q So we put all of those together and came up with a total
4	cost, is that right?
5	A Right. And this this analysis includes one more thing
6	that we haven't discussed, and that is the depreciation costs,
7	and that is an additional cost that could be monetized of the
8	travel, and that's the wear and tear on the car. And this is,
9	again, from the IRS estimate of what the per mile depreciation
10	cost is for travel. And this is not an out-of-pocket cost
11	because what it's doing is shortening the lifetime of your car,
12	so you may not expend that cost until you have to buy another
13	car, but it is a real cost that is recognized and burdensome
14	for the named Plaintiffs in this matter.
15	Q So for purposes of the record, Mr. Mendez, would you
16	expect to spend \$44.93, is that right?
17	A Mr. Mendez would expect to incur \$44.93 in monetized
18	costs.
19	Q And for Mr. Estrada?
20	A \$57.40.
21	Q And for Mr. Taylor?
22	A \$23 and \$22.
23	Q Ms. Espinoza?
24	A \$90.84. For Mr. Taylor, and we'll talk about this in a
25	second, all of these analyses are as of rough as of the time

1 of my report as of the Declarations that they filed in this It's some of their life's circumstances may have 2 matter. changed and we'll talk about that. 3 Ms. (sic) Margarita Lara, \$94.41 and Ms. Maximina 4 5 Lara \$100.83. And in terms of the time lost? 6 0 7 Correct. And this is combining the -- this is a kind of А sensitivity now because it's combining the DPS trip and the --8 9 if they would choose to request their birth certificate in 10 person, then we would go -- Mr. Mendez could have spent an hour 11 and a half, Mr. Estrada 114 minutes, Mr. Taylor 104 minutes, Ms. Espinoza 82 minutes, Margarita Lara 104 minutes and 12 13 Maximina Lara an hour and a half. 14 So you already referenced that there's been some changed 15 circumstances, is that right? Is that from your understanding or reading of the transcripts from the actual trial here? 16 17 А Yeah. I've reviewed the transcript excerpts of -- of the 18 individual Ortiz Plaintiffs as they testified here in the 19 trial. My understanding is Mr. Taylor, at the time of my 20 analysis, lived here in Corpus. He kept his address with his 21 aunt. He is now in a nursing home in Alice. He went in person 22 to get his birth certificate and it cost him \$23, which is what 23 we thought it would cost him. 24 You know, in my analysis I assumed he would have no

He could get to DPS because he often had a bus

25

marginal costs.

45

1 pass and he could take a bus to DPS. 2 There -- it is unlikely that there is a bus service near his nursing home in Alice to the nearest DPS. 3 I haven't done that analysis, but it is likely he now has additional 4 5 costs to get from the nursing home to the nearest DPS given his new location. 6 7 And for Mr. Estrada? 0 So Mr. Estrada had some major life changes in that he 8 А 9 separated from his wife who provided about two-thirds of the 10 household income and had access to a car which I assumed in my 11 analysis would be driven -- by using the variable costs for him 12 I assumed would be driven to get him to DPS. He also moved out 13 this way, but he moved marginally -- he moved two minutes 14 closer to Beeville DPS and two minutes farther from the Karnes 15 City birth certificate location. I don't think that's a 16 material change. 17 The important thing for Mr. Estrada which became 18 clear in his testimony is he clarified his desire not to 19 abandon his CDL license application. 20 0 CDL? CDL? 21 Α CDL, correct. Commercial Driver's License? 22 0 23 Correct. And that puts him in between what I would call a А 24 rock and a hard place. In order for him to get the actual 25 physical CDL so he can use it to vote, he has to pay \$260 a

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 46
1	year for three years.
2	Q In surcharges, is that right?
3	A My understanding, correct. Whereas I had assumed in my
4	analysis he would abandon his CDL and get an EIC that was the
5	least cost route for him.
б	However, he has clarified that he wants a CDL, that
7	his future he wants to have a job driving, and that shows me
8	that if he abandoned his CDL application to get an EIC he would
9	lose the \$60 that he spent so far because he would have to
10	spend that again when he goes back to complete the CDL process,
11	and so that adds \$60 out-of-pocket to Mr. Estrada's costs in
12	order to vote under this Senate Bill 14 scheme.
13	Q So to clarify, if he wanted to vote right now, you are
14	saying he would abandon his CDL right now
15	A Correct.
16	Q And try to then obtain an EIC, and then later have to
17	reapply for his CDL and that's where your additional \$60 came
18	from?
19	A Right. Because he he works as a truck driver and he
20	needs his CDL, or he hopes to.
21	Q Right. So, in other words, if he were to consider this
22	change it would actually raise his costs which you didn't
23	include
24	A I didn't include in these numbers, but it raises his cost
25	\$60 clearly.

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 47
1	Q And for Mr. Mendez?
2	A So Mr. Mendez has clarified his moral objection to the EIC
3	process, which means to me that he would have to purchase an
4	alternate form of ID such as Texas personal ID to vote. I
5	didn't just note this. I'm still assuming that he would get
6	the EIC and that's the process that I analyzed it under.
7	Q In other words, again, you took a conservative route. You
8	went ahead and went for the cheapest, even though the person
9	themselves might opt for a more expensive route, is that what
10	you're saying?
11	A Correct.
12	Q Okay, so this was Exhibit 7 in your report. You are
13	comparing their income, their household incomes to the State
14	median, is that right, towards the bottom?
15	A Correct. And this is just giving another picture of who
16	these folks are and what their household finances look like.
17	You know, they range from one-sixth to one-quarter or one-third
18	of the State median household income, which is "median"
19	means that half of the people half of the households in the
20	State make more than the median.
21	Q And what would you be your comment about these
22	Plaintiffs are; in other words, are among the population?
23	A These are low income Texans. And so
24	Q Go ahead, explain to us you're going to do a better job
25	than I would.

Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 48 1 Okay. I needed -- I think I needed to have you ask me a Α 2 question. But so on the previous slide we looked at what -- how 3 their household -- total household income compares to the 4 5 statewide household income. This -- but that's misleading when you're thinking about money that they have actual discretion б 7 over, or actual choice over to use to choose an SB 14 ID versus maintaining their household and their quality of life. 8 9 Five of the individual Plaintiffs had no household 10 income in excess of poverty guidelines.

In contrast, the median two-person household in Texas has monthly income in excess of poverty guidelines on the order of \$3,700 and so that's \$3,700 that the median household can choose what to do with above the poverty level that are individuals -- than the analyzed individuals do not. And the one household that had income in excess of the poverty levels -- well, go to the next line.

18 Q Okay, so if we can go to the next line, I think that's 19 where you are headed, go ahead.

20 A I guess it's no longer the next line, but is -- is the 21 Lara household, and they have \$66 a month in excess of their --22 of the poverty guidelines. Given the expected cost of SB 14, 23 they -- their entire income in excess of poverty guidelines 24 would be used to purchase that ID.

# 25 And there are -- you know, the Federal Government has

regulations that considers the poverty guidelines as a
 reasonable estimate of what it costs to maintain your -- the
 cost of basic needs.

Q So this middle column, if you could just back up a second, I think you hit it, but I want to make sure I understand. This about monthly discretionary income, is that correct, in how much of their monthly discretionary income --

8 A Right. So we've talked so far a little bit about the 9 left-hand column, which is that previous one, which is what the 10 household has in excess of the poverty level.

11 The next two columns look at two other metrics that 12 look at a similar issue. One is I analyzed the households income at the level of what they actually spent on rent, what 13 14 they actually spent on food, what they actually spent on 15 medicine, and so if you go through this list of basic needs 16 what do they have leftover at the end of the month if they 17 could have any choice about what to do with, and we can see 18 there that Mr. Taylor -- 10 percent -- his expected costs are 19 10 percent of his monthly discretionary income.

That monthly discretionary income, those -- in analyzing those costs I was very conservative. I did not include things like saving for future emergencies, which is important because it means that none of these families have -none of these families have savings, so the money that they expend out-of-pocket to purchase a SB 14 ID is money that

1 they're not saving for a future emergency.,

2 Q And what about debt as well? Aren't -- some of them have 3 some of these low -- or, you know, small time debt?

Absolutely, and that's the next column. First of all, I 4 Α 5 want to back up and point out that this -- out of this -- these percentages are calculated using the absolute conservative outб 7 of-pocket costs, remember, that we calculated earlier which is the bare minimum of it they buy it by mail and they only travel 8 9 to DPS. So the monthly unobligated discretionary income is 10 recognized in the fact that in addition to their monthly expenses, many of these individuals had contractual expenses 11 12 that they have to cover.

In the instance of Ms. Lara, Ms. Espinoza, Mr. Taylor, they have small loans commonly called payday loans which high -- which they have outstanding, which means that when they're deciding whether to buy an SB 14 ID they are -- if they incur costs -- out-of-pocket costs, they are expectedly borrowing to do so.

Ms. Lara is -- I talked with Ms. Lara about her loan, I looked at the documentation, she pays a 90 percent interest rate on her balance monthly, so if she incurs the costs to her -- the \$100 cost to her to get her ID, she's borrowing that money at a 90 percent interest rate; otherwise, she could use that money to pay down her loan.

25 Q Okay. So I assume you -- you've read, is it Dr. Milo, is

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 51
1	that correct?
2	MR. DOGGETT: From the gallery, is that right?
3	MR. SPEAKER: Dr. Milo.
4	Q Milo, my apologies, I've heard it several different ways,
5	I will go with that. You've read his report?
6	A I have.
7	Q And he had several congratulatory remarks, I believe, in
8	it, but several complaints, I believe. If we could go through
9	these quickly?
10	A Yeah, so I'll recharacterize some of them which he may
11	disagree with, but it's my understanding of what is the
12	points he's trying to make here.
13	And his point here is that that, you know, there
14	may be costs associated with this, but your friends can help
15	you, your friend, your neighbor can drive you to to the DPS,
16	for example.
17	And my response to that is that is true, your friends
18	can drive you. They are still going to incur the costs, and
19	are the individual analyzed Plaintiffs live in low income
20	communities, their neighbors their friends and neighbors are
21	also have limited resources, which means that their ability
22	to access that social capital to get favors to complete this
23	process may be lower, or that community may have more
24	difficulty providing those resources than a typical Texan.
25	Q But still the costs are the costs, I believe, it's like

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 52
-	
1	you said earlier.
2	A Yeah, the costs are the costs, and the and low income
3	individuals in Sebastian in Sebastian live in a town with
4	other low income individuals.
5	Q And if we could go to Complaint Number 2, I believe this
6	one has to do with this marginal versus average. You have
7	referenced that before. Can you explain the difference between
8	marginal costs versus sort of an average income?
9	A Right. So the marginal cost is what it costs you to do
10	something the first time, the average cost is what if you
11	allocate that cost over multiple times.
12	The marginal cost of voting, to get an SB 14 I need
13	is the cost to get it in the first place, and that's the cost
14	to use it the first time. So you can even if you allocate
15	the average costs over a million votes, it doesn't change the
16	fact that a marginal cost of that first vote is still the full
17	cost of that ID.
18	Q So Mr. Milyo said essentially you should have taken the
19	average because why? Why would that be appropriate? Did
20	they would you know how many times somebody is going to vote
21	or why would you think marginal would be the way to go?
22	A Marginal is what you know. You know you're getting this
23	to vote. The first time you vote, that's your marginal cost.
24	Q Okay. If we could go to complaint number three, this is
25	where it looks like he says that you should have considered

1 someone making a trip to DPS and then also swinging by the 2 store and the bank and your friends, etcetera; is that right? Right. And there's -- I think there's several clear 3 А responses to that is -- one, the experience of the Plaintiffs 4 that I analyzed clearly show that it doesn't take one trip that 5 you tack on on top of your trip to the bank, as if they had б 7 bank accounts. It's -- they had to go to (indiscernible) to figure out how to do the process. So there may be multiple 8 9 trips. It's -- counting one is conservative as opposed to 10 counting zero, which I believe is what he's saying we should 11 But in addition to that, there's this idea that when do. 12 you're combining it -- like I might drop my child off at 13 daycare on my way to work and that's -- what they call trip 14 chaining, that's combining two trips, the marginal cost. Do I 15 allocate that cost to driving my child to work or do I allocate 16 that cost to dropping my child off? We can argue about that. 17 But if I'm going to -- do I have to wait to get a section -- an 18 SB 14 ID until I have a convenient trip? No, I'm going to go 19 get an SB 14 on deed. And given the variability and DPS wait 20 time, it's like several Plaintiffs represented to me that they 21 don't know whether it's going to take 15 minutes or it's going to take three hours, because it varies. And that precludes 22 23 your ability to combine that with another trip. 24 And also, I've noticed in his complaint number three, he 0 25 suggests that you should use the marginal cost here. And it

	Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 54
1	seems to me the previous slide emphasized you should use the
2	average. I'm confused.
3	A That is an internal inconsistency in his analysis.
4	Q If you could go to number four, I believe in here
5	somewhere it says the State of Texas offers a \$3 birth
б	certificate. I believe you've already discussed that.
7	A Yes.
8	Q "Offers" being the keyword. Is in your mind, is a \$3
9	birth certificate offered?
10	A Right. If no one knows about it, it's not functionally
11	available to folks.
12	Q If we could go to complaint five, it looks like the report
13	essentially here says that it's the Plaintiffs' fault for not
14	having all the documents they need. It's how would you
15	characterize this complaint?
16	A You know, I do consider actually when examining the
17	records it's very clear why some of these individuals lack
18	basic supporting documents. Several of them were born in
19	unrecorded births. They
20	Q Well, that's their fault.
21	A That's their fault for being born in south Texas
22	apparently. I'm not clear what his complaint is there.
23	Mr. Taylor in particular, he's a homeless man. He has trouble
24	keeping track of documents because he doesn't have some place
25	to put them. I think that's a very expecting him to have to

55 Jewell - Direct / By Mr. Doggett 1 have a stable life in order to vote is beyond the scope of my 2 analysis but seems inappropriate. Complaint six, appears the reports (sic) questions you 3 0 because you didn't consider all the wonderful benefits that 4 5 SB 14 is going to provide them. 6 Right. And my analysis was a cost analysis, and I think А 7 that's the appropriate one. We're looking at the context of their constrained budgets, and those costs have qualitatively 8 9 and quantitatively different meaning for these individual Plaintiffs than a median Texan. 10 So here we are, changed circumstances and all. 11 Is it --0 12 what's your conclusion? 13 The conclusion is that these costs are out of pocket and А real and that the budgets that these individuals have are 14 15 constrained when compared to median Texans. That means that 16 they have to make a choice that many Texans don't have to, that 17 they have to choose between using their money to buy an SB 14 18 or something else that may be very important to them. The 19 evidence shows that lower income individuals, or individuals 20 with constrained budgets, face an opportunity cost and consider it more than other individuals, and that that consideration of 21 22 that cost reduces the chance of them completing the process of 23 purchasing an SB 14-compliant ID. 24 MR. DOGGETT: Pass the witness. Oh, your Honor, at 25 this point, I'd like to offer Mr. Jewell as an expert in this

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 56
1	matter.
2	THE COURT: Okay.
3	MR. DONNELL: Good morning, Mr. Jewell. Ben Donnell
4	for the Defendants.
5	CROSS EXAMINATION
6	BY MR. DONNELL:
7	Q Mr. Jewell, I'm a simple man, and I confess to you that I
8	don't think in terms of marginal costs and wait times. I tend
9	to think how much money do I have in my pocket and how much
10	how I'm going to spend it and what I'm going to spend it on.
11	So I want to tell you that throughout my questioning, that's
12	going to be the concept that I'm going to ask you about. Let
13	me kind of restate what I understand you do. You were hired by
14	who?
15	A I was hired by counsel for the Ortiz Plaintiffs.
16	Q Then who is just if I can, who is the that's the
17	Texas Rio League, or do you know?
18	A I believe it's the Texas RioGrande Legal Aid.
19	Q Okay, all right. And they asked
20	A (Indiscernible)
21	Q you to meet, interview, analyze the financial condition
22	of seven Plaintiffs, correct?
23	A Correct.
24	Q They identified them for you and it was your goal to talk
25	to them, find out what their income was, find out what their

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 57
1	expenses were; is that correct?
2	A Correct.
3	Q And you did so with before you at the time you wrote
4	your report, you had actually not met any of them, but you did
5	a video conference from Austin with them, did you all but I
б	think Mr. Estrada.
7	A I did video conferences with several of them. The
8	individuals are mentioned there in my report.
9	Q I'm sorry, what?
10	A There's a phone call to Mr. Estrada. I don't believe that
11	I did a video conference with Mr. Taylor, for example. But the
12	other individuals are
13	Q Okay, all right.
14	A I in my report.
15	Q And you were in Austin, they were in I guess most of
16	them must have been in Sebastian, correct? Or where were they?
17	A They were in their homes.
18	Q All right. And somebody representing the RioGrande
19	Association, Legal Association, was present during your
20	interview.
21	A Correct.
22	Q You spoke to them in English. They responded, if they
23	needed to respond, in Spanish or needed something to be
24	responded to or discussed in Spanish, the attorneys their
25	attorneys translated for them, correct?

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 58
1	A Correct.
2	Q Now, each of them gave you a declaration; did they not?
3	A I received a declaration from each of the Plaintiffs,
4	correct.
5	Q And you have accepted the declaration as being true.
6	A Correct. And I reviewed documents and did provide those
7	interviews to confirm the information that I saw in those
8	declarations.
9	Q I'm going to get there. You accepted the declarations and
10	the statements contained therein as being true, correct?
11	A Correct.
12	Q You've testified here at length that you had talked with
13	the Plaintiffs, I guess most of it last week. Other than the
14	interviews, did you have subsequent discussions with them? By
15	interviews, I mean the ones by video conference?
16	A No. I met the Laras yesterday morning, but
17	Q Okay. So but anyway, you accepted the declarations,
18	you asked them questions, you they provided you information,
19	and all of the information you accepted as true and that's the
20	that forms the basis upon a lot of the calculations of the
21	cost that you believe they're going to incur?
22	A Correct.
23	Q Correct. You all right. Now, the four of the
24	individuals live in Sebastian; is that correct?
25	A I'd have to review that, but I it's

		Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell	59
1	Q Well,	let me help you. It's not I didn't either. It	's
2	Mr. Mendez	, Margarito Lara, and actually since his wife is no	
3	longer a Pl	laintiff, and Maximina Laura.	
4	A Right	, so three	
5	Q There	are three of them that	
6	A of	the individuals, correct.	
7	Q Pla	aintiffs live in Sebastian. Sebastian is a very	
8	small town	in the valley, correct?	
9	A Correc	ct.	
10	Q Do you	u know whether it has a pharmacy?	
11	A I r	my understanding it does not have a pharmacy.	
12	Q It doe	es not?	
13	A That's	s my understanding.	
14	Q Did yo	ou inquire of anybody as to whether or not there's a	a
15	physician t	there?	
16	A I have	e not.	
17	Q Okay.	I want you to assume for me first of all, do yo	ou
18	know how b	ig Sebastian is?	
19	A It's a	a relatively small town.	
20	Q Yeah.	And if I were to represent to you that it has no	
21	physician,	no pharmacy, and no grocery store, would you have	
22	any reason	to doubt those facts?	
23	A My und	derstanding it has some kind of country store	
24	Q Kind o	of a	
25	A so	whether you characterize that as a grocery store of	r

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 60
1	not
2	Q But not a grocery store where you would get normal
3	groceries on a day-to-day basis, correct?
4	A Not a big people may purchase things there on a regular
5	basis, but not, for example, an HEB.
6	Q Okay. And where did you did you grow up in the city or
7	in the country?
8	A I grew up in a suburb.
9	Q Of what city?
10	A A suburb of Buffalo, New York.
11	Q Okay. Well, you Dr. Milyo had a concern that in all of
12	and let me just ask you this in all of the calculations
13	that you've done, you have assumed that all trips with
14	reference to securing any EIC identification or complying with
15	the getting one is all a sole, single purpose, correct?
16	A I've allocated the cost of the trip to the ID. It
17	Q Attributed
18	A could be combined with another trip that you but the
19	cost would be allocated to the ESB (sic).
20	Q Okay. In other words, they might have done they might
21	do three things if they go "to town," as people down here kind
22	of like to say. But even if they accomplished three tasks, for
23	the purposes of your calculation, you assigned all the costs to
24	the task of getting the EIC?
25	A Correct.

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 61
1	Q All right. Would you have been able to allocate the cost
2	among the task, or would that have been kind of an
3	insurmountable problem?
4	A That's a hypothetical, so I don't
5	Q My question
6	A If we had an example we can work with, but
7	Q No, I let's suppose that he said, well, when I went to
8	the DPS office in Harlingen, I also went to the doctor, or I
9	stopped at the Walmart to get the pick up some groceries.
10	How would you have allocated those costs? Just one-third, one-
11	third, and one-third?
12	A No. I allocated those costs to the that they went to
13	the DPS.
14	Q No, no. If you wanted to allocate the cost among all the
15	tasks, how would you have done it? One-third, one-third, and
16	one-third?
17	A Well, I wanted to allocate it to the DPS.
18	Q You in other words, you just your intent was to
19	allocate all the cost to the DPS to get the EIC.
20	A They're going to the reason they're going to DPS is
21	making the trip is to get to DPS, then we allocate the cost to
22	the trip to DPS.
23	Q And maybe we're saying the same thing, but it's my
24	understanding that even if they'd done multiple tasks in the
25	same trip, you nevertheless, for the purpose of your

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 62
1	calculation, assigned all of the cost to getting the EIC to
2	the DPS?
3	A Correct.
4	Q Okay.
5	MR. DONNELL: (Indiscernible) could you throw up that
6	chart?
7	Q All right, this is a little chart that I put together, and
8	it's my intent by this to take this information and I took
9	it to the best of my ability, directly out of your original
10	report. I didn't have the benefit of the information that you
11	provided yesterday, but the numbers are substantially the same.
12	And if you want to check your against your report, I'm happy
13	for you to do so. You probably
14	A I'll accept your representation.
15	Q One of the things you did for each of the Plaintiffs was
16	to calculate after you took their income and their expenses,
17	you calculated what was called a monthly, unobligated,
18	discretionary income. That's a term you used, correct?
19	A Correct.
20	Q All right. And then you had the cost of obtaining or
21	complying with SB 14 to get an EIC, correct?
22	A Correct.
23	Q And with reference to Mr. Mendez, your analysis of his
24	financial condition showed that he had unobligated, monthly,
25	discretionary income of \$425.69, correct?

Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 63
A Correct.
And he would he had an out-of-pocket cost of \$27.69,
correct?
A Correct.
2 And we talked about this at your deposition and I think
you agreed with me that if Mr. Mendez chooses to spend the
his discretionary income to get a EIC, he has the funds to do
.t.
He has can so the monthly, discretionary income
nobligated, discretionary income after his absolute minimum
base needs and his contractual obligations. It doesn't include
other costs, such as saving for future financial
indiscernible) unexpected costs.
) I'm sorry, you're say that again. I'm
It doesn't include saving for future financial emergencies
or unexpected costs that are regular. And so Mr. Mendez
represented to me that he regularly that he does not
regularly have leftover funds after paying for gas money and
that he, in fact, receives financial assistance from local
charities on a regular basis. But should he he has dollars
n his pocket that if he wanted to use to make the choice to
ouy an SB 14-compliant ID, I agree, he has those dollars. He's
making choices regarding those dollars that are reflected by
his constrained budget.
Well, I it is true that your analysis of his financial

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 64
1	condition as laid out and described in your report showed that
2	he had monthly, unobligated, discretionary income of \$425.69.
3	I didn't create that number, did I?
4	A Is there a question?
5	Q That's your number, isn't it?
б	A I yeah, I believe so.
7	Q Yeah. And the \$27.69 SB 14 cost, that's the cost you
8	that's the out-of-pocket money that he's going to have to spend
9	to get an EIC, correct?
10	A Correct.
11	Q All right. Now, there are other costs that you think are
12	associated, like the cost to wait when you go to the DPS
13	office, correct?
14	A Right. And we didn't that's non-monetary costs in my
15	analysis.
16	Q Yeah. And we
17	A It's the wear and
18	Q haven't talked about
19	A tear on the car and yeah.
20	Q And we and this report just deals with money in and
21	money out, correct?
22	A This chart.
23	Q Right.
24	A This number.
25	Q Well, your other wait-time charges, he doesn't pay

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 65
1	somebody out of his pocket for the cost of waiting in the DPS
2	office, does he?
3	A No.
4	Q So in terms of dollars in and dollars out, he's got
5	\$425.69 a month and he's got to pay on a one-time basis \$27.69.
б	That is true?
7	A And we discussed this at my deposition. The one time is
8	at for the life span of the EIC, right, for six years.
9	Q Yeah. That's my point. He
10	A But in
11	Q once he gets it, it's good for six years.
12	A My understanding.
13	Q Yeah. And when he renews it in six years, it's free. The
14	renewal is free. It's not
15	A Right. If he he still needs to travel, I assume.
16	Q Yeah. But in terms of having to pay something out of his
17	pocket, he's only got to pay \$27.69 to get that EIC, correct?
18	A That's my calculation.
19	Q All right. Now, with reference and I'm not going to go
20	through each one of them but with reference to the
21	Mr. Estrada, I was a little confused about your discussion
22	about his cost that he's going to incur because he wants to get
23	his driver's license and the financial responsibility laws and
24	he's got to pay some surcharges. Do you somehow mold or meld
25	that into a cost to get an EIC?

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 66
1	A Is there a
2	Q There is some talk about if he abandons the
3	A So my understanding is that he's not eligible for an EIC
4	given his outstanding CDL. In order to get the EIC, he would
5	have to abandon the CDL. However he represents
6	Q Tell me again, why would he have to abandon it?
7	A You can't get an EIC if you have a driver's license. My
8	conversations that I had with the actually
9	Q Well, if he got the driver's license, he wouldn't need the
10	EIC, would he?
11	A That's correct.
12	Q Yeah. Well, I just was I just couldn't understand how
13	they were somehow relating the cost to get an EIC to the cost
14	of compliance with the Financial Responsibility Act. And that
15	was my point of clarification that I just didn't understand.
16	Would it be fair to
17	A So if you are you let me ask a question.
18	Q Sure, sure.
19	A Are you representing to me that he can get an EIC given
20	his current situation with the CDL?
21	Q I don't know. Are you representing that he has to abandon
22	his efforts to get his CDL in order to get an EIC?
23	A That reading the transcript of his trial testimony, and
24	conversations that I had with the Raymondville County
25	Commissioner when I was discussing their hours, about the

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 67
1	ability to get an EIC with a driver's license, my understanding
2	is he would have to abandon it. If I'm incorrect, then that
3	\$60, which I did not include in my report, would not be
4	relevant.
5	Q Okay. Well, with reference to Maximina Laura, you've
6	basically in doing your cost calculation, you have, I think it
7	would be fair to say, have assumed I'm hesitant to say a
8	worst case scenario but you sort of assumed that every
9	possible thing that could go wrong in the process does go
10	wrong, then this would be her cost. Would that be a fair
11	characterization?
12	A No, I don't think that's a I disagree. I think I've
13	taken the conservative choice on across the board in my
14	analysis.
15	Q All right. Well, with reference to Ms. Lara, you have her
16	spending you've got two calculations in your report; \$85.45
17	is the highest charge that you have, correct?
18	A (No audible response)
19	Q And but that's to get an EIC in order to vote, right?
20	A No. I believe that Ms. Lara's is correcting her driver's
21	license to vote.
22	Q Or correct her but in order to be able to vote, to get
23	her driver's license, this is what you've calculated she'd have
24	to spend.
25	A Correct.

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 68
1	Q All right. Now, are you aware she's voted with that
2	driver's license since the passage of SB 14?
3	A I believe that was stated in her deposition testimony.
4	Q So there's a substantial chance she won't incur any of
5	those costs, correct?
6	A The analysis that's done of this under the understanding
7	that she wishes to ensure her ability to vote; and in order to
8	do that, she wants those means to line up.
9	Q All right.
10	A Because if she's if she was turned down and she was
11	forced to do a provisional ballot, she would have a very short
12	timeframe to do all of these things. And it's not clear to me
13	it'd be possible for her to do all those things in that limited
14	time period.
15	Q But your analysis for cost assumes that at some point in
16	the future, she would be challenged, and so she wants the peace
17	of mind to know that if she were challenged, that her driver's
18	license would be correct?
19	A The second half of your statement is true. I disagree
20	Q Yeah.
21	A with the first. It doesn't assume that she would be
22	challenged. It assumes that she would wish to be to have
23	the documents in order because she can't be sure that she won't
24	be challenged.
25	Q Let me I'd like to wrap up by just giving you a

## Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell

1	asking you a few questions, and I'm going to couch them in the		
2	terms of true or false. And you haven't probably done that in		
3	a long time, have you? But they're not hard questions. But if		
4	you need a lifeline or you want to call a friend, we can		
5	probably arrange for that. But I think you will be able to		
6	answer them. The question is this: All of the Plaintiffs that		
7	you have interviewed, with the exception of Mr. Estrada, are 65		
8	or older, correct?		
9	A I believe that's true.		
10	Q All right.		
11	A I'd have to review the documents, but		
12	Q So the answer to that is true?		
13	A What's that?		
14	Q The answer to that question is true?		
15	A As far as I know, correct.		
16	Q All right. And because they are over 65, all of the		
17	Plaintiffs, except Mr. Estrada who is not 65, are eligible to		
18	vote my mail, correct? True?		
19	A That's my understanding. I haven't investigated that.		
20	Q So you can't say whether that's true or not true?		
21	A I don't disagree.		
22	Q Can I take that to be true?		
23	A You can take it that way.		
24	Q All right. And the and none of the costs that you have		
25	calculated for these Plaintiffs would be incurred if the		
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC		

	Jewell - Cross / By	Mr. Donnell 70	
1	Plaintiffs voted by mail, correct	? True?	
2	A I didn't do the by mail anal		
3	_		
	disagree with that. These costs are calculated for them to do		
4	in-person voting.		
5	Q So the none of the costs	that you have calculated and	
6	testified to would be incurred if the Plaintiffs voted by mail,		
7	correct?		
8	A These were calculated as if	they were going to do in-	
9	person voting, which is what they represented to me they wished		
10	to do.		
11	Q So I can take that in my sta	tement as being true.	
12	A You'd have to go back and re	mind me what the question was,	
13	but I think we're		
14	Q The question was		
15	A in agreement here that		
16	Q Yeah.		
17	A these calculations are do	ne as if they were going to	
18	vote in person and required an SB	14 ID.	
19	Q So		
20	A And it was done because they	represented to me that they	
21	wished to vote in person.		
22	Q But my question to you is no	ne of them would be incurred	
23	if they voted by mail?		
24	A I haven't done that analysis	, but I don't disagree.	
25	Q All right. I'm going to tak	e that as true. Senate Bill	
	FYCEPTIONAL PEDOPTING		

	Jewell - Cross / By Mr. Donnell 71	
1	14 and you've read Senate Bill 14 I think you told me in	
2	your deposition.	
3	A I've reviewed the bill text at one point in time, correct.	
4	Q But it doesn't mandate or require the Plaintiffs who are	
5	over 65 to vote in person, does it?	
6	A I don't recall the bill text, but I don't have an	
7	understanding of that. I don't disagree with that	
8	characterization if you	
9	Q All right.	
10	A represent it to me as true.	
11	Q So I'll take that as that statement as true. So the	
12	decision to vote in person is a personal decision that each of	
13	the Plaintiffs that are over 65, eligible to vote by mail, have	
14	decided have made, correct?	
15	A They have we are not disagreeing here that they have	
16	represented to me that they wish to vote in person and that I	
17	performed the calculation assuming that they were going to vote	
18	in person.	
19	Q And so the Plaintiffs have elected by wanting to vote in	
20	person to incur the cost that you've calculated.	
21	A I don't disagree with that, that they wish and, you	
22	know, would they I don't disagree with that.	
23	Q I'll take that as being true. And shifting gears, if all	
24	of the Plaintiffs that you have analyzed in this case were	
25	Black, your cost calculations would be the same, correct?	

72 Jewell - Redirect / By Mr. Doggett If their life circumstances were exactly the same. 1 Α Ι 2 didn't take race into consideration. 3 Yeah. It would be -- the calculations and testimony would 0 be the same. 4 5 Yeah. The testimony -- the calculations are based on who Α they are, where they live, their household finances. б 7 If all the conditions and all the circumstances were 0 identical, the only difference being that all of the Plaintiffs 8 9 were Black, your testimony would be the same? 10 А Correct. Okay. And by the same token, if all the Plaintiffs were 11 0 12 Anglo and all the facts were the same, your testimony would be 13 the same. 14 Correct. I look at -- I only looked at their households Α 15 and the budget constraints of these individuals. 16 MR. DONNELL: That's all I have. Thank you very 17 much. 18 MR. DOGGETT: Brief redirect, your Honor? 19 THE COURT: Yes. 20 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DOGGETT: 21 22 Mr. Jewell, do you know how much the poll tax was? 0 23 I do not. А 24 MR. DOGGETT: Can we bring -- Ryan, can you please 25 put back up (indiscernible) whoever had that?

	Jewell - Redirect / By Mr. Doggett 73
1	(Discussion held off the record)
2	Q You were asked a few questions, and I just want to make
3	sure I understand. If an individual doesn't have a car and is
4	essentially getting a ride from someone, you assumed that they
5	would go just for to make that one trip to DPS; is that
6	right?
7	A Correct.
8	Q And you did not assume that they would be able to get a
9	ride to three or four other places; is that correct?
10	A Correct.
11	Q Would that be a reasonable assumption if you're already
12	requesting a ride from someone?
13	A Absolutely. You're going you know, the reality is that
14	we have a limited amount of social capital. We can only ask
15	for certain things from our community; and as we start to pile
16	those on, we reach budget constraints in favors we can ask,
17	much like we reach budget constraints in our cash.
18	Q I believe you were asked about Ms. Lara, is that right,
19	moments ago?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And that she, number one, desired to continue to vote in
22	person; is that right?
23	A Yes.
24	Q And one of the reasons why she wanted to fix her
25	documentation was because of the name mismatch; is that

	Jewell - Redirect / By Mr. Doggett 74
1	correct?
2	A Correct.
3	Q And so she wanted to ensure that she could be able to
4	vote; is that right?
5	A Correct.
6	Q Now, was one of the other reason why her driver's license
7	was getting ready to expire; is that right?
8	A My understanding is yes, it was going to expire maybe
9	2015.
10	Q And she would then have to show her birth certificate in
11	order to because of another change in the law, she was going
12	to have to show her birth certificate in order to renew her
13	license; is that right?
14	A I haven't done that analysis, but that is my
15	understanding.
16	Q Okay. Now, this demonstrative aid, could you tell us what
17	monthly, unobligated, discretionary income does not include?
18	Because these numbers don't match up.
19	A You know, it doesn't include when Ms. Lara's AC broke. It
20	doesn't include when her refrigerator broke. It doesn't
21	include when Mr. Lara's lawnmower was stolen. It doesn't
22	include anything except for the cost of eating the bare
23	minimum cost of eating and the cost of covering their heads
24	and, you know, basic medical costs. It doesn't include a lot
25	of things and that we spend on a day-to-day basis.

75 Jewell - Redirect / By Mr. Doggett 1 0 So this -- that column does not give the whole picture; is 2 that right? That column is not the entire household finances, correct. 3 Α And, again, the "one time SB 14 cost" column, that doesn't 4 Q 5 include things, right? That is -- that cost is the out-of-pocket cost of assuming 6 А 7 the purchase by mail. That is the bare minimum cost that excludes travel to a birth certificate location, it excludes 8 9 wear and tear on the car, it includes -- excludes the time of 10 whoever's doing the driving. 11 So, again, when we present to the Court the total cost for 0 12 obtaining an SB 14, that was the total cost figure per your 13 calculations; is that right? That's the total monetized because that, for example, also 14 Α 15 excludes the value of the time of the driver, for -- but it 16 conservatively excludes other costs, but it is more 17 comprehensive than this. 18 MR. DOGGETT: Pass the witness. 19 **THE COURT:** Anything further? 20 **MR. DONNELL:** I don't have any further questions. 21 Thank you, your Honor. 22 THE COURT: All right. You can step down, sir. 23 Thank you. 24 (Witness steps down) 25 THE COURT: Let me just clarify something.

1 Ms. Westfall, on that Dr. Davidson declaration, I just want to 2 be sure, because that August 15th is a supplemental declaration, that that is all. We're not looking at the 3 4 original report, correct? It's just --5 MS. WESTFALL: Yes, your Honor. 6 THE COURT: -- "supplemental" to me means --7 MS. WESTFALL: Yes. THE COURT: -- that you've got to take it in 8 9 conjunction with the other one but not --10 MS. WESTFALL: It's corrected and updated --11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MS. WESTFALL: -- your Honor. and --13 THE COURT: All right. 14 MS. WESTFALL: -- I can tell you the plaintiff 15 exhibit number if that would be helpful. But it's --16 THE COURT: No, I've got it. 17 MS. WESTFALL: -- the August 15th. 18 THE COURT: Just being sure. 19 MS. WESTFALL: Yes, thank you. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. ROSENBERG: Your Honor, we have a couple of 22 documents --23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. ROSENBERG: -- demonstratives for this witness 25 who will be -- Plaintiffs call Daniel Chatman, please. And for

76

77 Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg the record, I'm Ezra Rosenberg. 1 2 THE COURT: Good morning. Would you raise your hand? DR. DANIEL CHATMAN, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, SWORN 3 4 MR. ROSENBERG: Good morning, Dr. Chatman. 5 THE WITNESS: Good morning. DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 7 BY MR. ROSENBERG: Could you please state your full name for the record? 8 Q 9 Α Daniel G. Chatman. 10 And where do you live? 0 In Berkeley, California. 11 А 12 Q And what do you do in Berkley? 13 I'm a professor at the University of California. Α In what field? 14 0 15 It's the Department of City and Regional Planning. Α Where did you go to college? 16 0 17 I went to UC-Berkeley as an undergraduate. I was a А 18 masters -- in the master's program at the Harvard Kennedy 19 School of Government, and then I did my Ph.D. at UCLA. 20 And what did you get your Ph.D. in? 0 21 Urban planning. Α 22 And I think you mentioned your field is City and Regional 0 Planning. Can -- do you have a specific focus? 23 24 Α My research and teaching are on the relationships between 25 transportation and land use, on the location choices of firms

-	
1	and of households, which is to say where firms and households
2	decide to live or to locate their establishments, and how
3	firms, workers, and how household individuals travel between
4	these locations and between non-work locations.
5	Q And in doing that sort of research, do you study travel
6	burdens?
7	A My research is deals with travel time issues and
8	accessibility and with datasets that are based on the
9	collection of travel time.
10	Q And what sort of datasets do you use as a standard
11	practice in your work?
12	A Well, there's a fair diversity of them, but I use census
13	data, I use travel diary datasets from the federal government,
14	from metropolitan planning organizations, and those that I
15	collect myself. I also use data that are financial data
16	from the National Transit Database to the Bureau of Economic
17	Analysis.
18	Q And by the way, are those the same sorts of tools that you
19	used in your assignment in this case?
20	A Yes. The assignment for this case involved tools that
21	were somewhat that didn't require econometric or other
22	sophisticated tools, but they were some of the more common
23	tools used in our field.
24	Q And have you published in peer review journals?
25	A Yes.

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 79
1	Q And approximately how many articles have you had published
2	in peer review journals?
3	A Around 14.
4	Q All in the field of city and regional planning with a
5	focus on transportation?
б	A All in either urban studies-related or transportation
7	journals.
8	MR. ROSENBERG: If I may approach the witness, your
9	Honor?
10	THE COURT: Yes.
11	BY MR. ROSENBERG:
12	Q I'm showing you what's been marked as Plaintiffs' Exhibit
13	761.1. Is that the most current version of your CV?
14	A Yes. I'm just going to get my glasses out, if you don't
15	mind, just in case I have to look at anything else. Yes, this
16	is the most recent version.
17	MR. ROSENBERG: Your Honor, we would offer
18	Dr. Chatman as an expert in transportation studies and travel
19	burden.
20	THE COURT: You can proceed.
21	BY MR. ROSENBERG:
22	Q Dr. Chatman, have you provided reports to the Court in
23	connection with this matter?
24	A I'm sorry, provided what?
25	Q Reports or declarations?

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 80
1	A Yes.
2	MR. ROSENBERG: And for the record, your Honor, there
3	is a second amended report, which is Plaintiffs' Exhibit 761,
4	and a reply report, 762.
5	Q And are those the reports that you submitted in this
6	matter?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Dr. Chatman, what was the question that you were asked to
9	investigate in this case?
10	A The question of what travel burden was created by the
11	requirement to have to procure a photo ID and how that
12	varied depending on race/ethnicity and how that was conditioned
13	in turn by people's poverty and other factors that might play a
14	role in those burdens becoming more difficult.
15	Q What population did you choose to study in connection with
16	your investigation?
17	A Well, I wanted to look at the question in general of those
18	who were eligible to vote in the State and how that population
19	would be required to travel to the locations at which an EIC
20	could be procured. So I looked at citizens of voting age by
21	race/ethnicity.
22	Q After choosing the population, how did you go about doing
23	your investigation? Did you let me be a little more
24	focused. Did you investigate the travel burden of the citizens
25	of voting age population?

1 Well, sir, to -- there's a number of steps to be taken in Α 2 order to do this work, and one of them is to come up with an understanding of what level of effort would be considered 3 burdensome. And, you know, as a way of background here, 4 5 there's a lot of -- there are many different factors involved in having to travel to get to a location or to get an election б 7 identification certificate, and those include all kinds of things from effort to out-of-pocket costs, some of the things 8 9 that the previous expert was testifying to. What I focused on 10 in my report and my analysis was travel time, and the reason 11 for this is twofold. One of them is that travel time is 12 something that is quantifiable, that is fairly well-measured, 13 and that is known to be a major component of the generalized 14 costs that people face when they travel anywhere. So it's not 15 merely what they spend, but also how long it takes them to get 16 there. 17 Did you select any specific standards as to which to judge 0 18 travel burden when based upon travel time? What I did was to look at a few different definitions that 19 Δ 20 are considered among those of us in the scientific community to 21 be long trips. And I also compared those trips to the average 22 amount of time that people spend traveling in the State of 23 Texas based on nationwide household transportation survey data, 24 as well as to the very longest trips found in that database and 25 the national databases. And so the standards that I looked at

1	for a trip that would constitute a burden, something that would
2	be difficult for people to do, was a 90-minute roundtrip, a
3	two-hour roundtrip, or a three-hour roundtrip. A 90-minute
4	roundtrip implies that you would travel more 20 minutes more
5	than the average amount of travel by people in the State of
6	Texas, and that your trip would be a greater duration than all
7	but less than one percent of all the trips taken by people in
8	the State.
9	Q Now, before we get a little more deeply into your
10	methodology, did you come to general conclusions as a result of
11	your investigation?
12	A What I found was that among this population of citizens of
13	voting age, that a much higher share of African Americans of
14	voting age and of Latinos of voting age in both groups, of
15	course, we're talking about those who are citizens would
16	have to take a trip undertake travel exceeding 90 minutes or
17	two hours or three hours, a much higher percentage of them
18	compared to White, non-Hispanic citizens.
19	Q A trip to where?
20	A A trip to the nearest the and I should say the least
21	time cost alternative that they have to get to a location where
22	they could procure an EIC, so what I call in my report an EIC
23	location, which is DPS or a county office where it can be
24	MR. ROSENBERG: And if we can have demonstrative
25	Number 1, please, up on the screen.

1 0 Now, does this demonstrative summarize your findings? 2 There is a number of different graphs in the report, Α Yes. but what this one shows is the percentage of voting age 3 citizens in the State for whom a roundtrip to one of these 4 5 locations would take 90 minutes or more. And among all citizens of voting age, about five percent, 4.7 percent, of the б 7 population would have to take such a long trip; 3.3 percent of the White, non-Hispanic in comparison to five percent of the 8 9 Hispanic and Latino population; and almost 11 percent of the 10 African American population in the State who are citizens would 11 have to take such a trip. 12  $\cap$ Okay. We'll get back to this in a couple minutes. Let's 13 delve a little more deeply into your methodology. Could you 14 explain the sorts of information that you needed in order to do your investigation? And let's start with --15 Sure. 16 А 17 -- having you identify the households. 0 18 Well, the -- so the first question is simply where in the А 19 State people are located with respect to the locations where 20 they would have to go to to procure an EIC. And this is a 21 question of finding the best possible data on race/ethnicity, 22 citizenship, voting age, and a couple of other factors that we'll get to. And so I used Census 2010 data at the block 23 24 group level to get the spatial distribution of the population

who were of voting age by race/ethnicity. And the 2010 Census

25

1	is a complete survey. It is the very best possible data on the
2	population of the State. There is no uncertainty as to
3	race/ethnicity in this dataset. And I used the locations of
4	these individuals as proxy for estimated for, you could say,
5	by the block group centroid of which there are roughly 16,000
б	in the State.
7	Q And let me stop you for a second. When you say a
8	centroid, I think that's a term that some other experts have
9	used. What is a centroid?
10	A The centroid is defined as the mathematical center of mass
11	of a polygon. A polygon is just a shape that is the way a
12	census block group is represented, so it's the center of that
13	shape. And if it's an irregular shape, you can think of it as
14	the point at which if the shape were balanced, it would if
15	it were it's the point at which the shape would be balanced
16	if it were, you know, set on a pin.
17	Q So to summarize, you selected the groups you were the
18	individuals you were investigating by going to the Census 2010,
19	identify race and ethnicity through the Census 2010, and then
20	used the starting point within the centroid of the block groups
21	where those individuals lived as your starting point for their
22	trips; is that correct?
23	A That's correct, right.
24	Q Okay. You have to choose an endpoint for the trips, too,
25	right?

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 85
1	A Yeah. So the
2	Q Okay.
3	A endpoint is obviously these locations that have been
4	identified as those where you can procure an EIC. So I
5	identified the 226, as I recall, DPS locations in addition to a
6	large fraction of the 61 county locations where it was said
7	that such that the EIC could be procedure. I and my
8	research assistants were able to find address this for 55 or
9	so of the 61, so I think we got up to around 280 something
10	total locations in the State, relatively small number for the
11	25 million residents of the State. Those were geocoded, which
12	means that we found the address and identified the precise
13	location, and that was the ending point of the trip.
14	Q So you have a starting point, the centroid of the block
15	group where the individuals lived, correct?
16	A Uh-huh.
17	Q You have the endpoint, which is the EIC location, correct?
18	A (No audible response)
19	Q What do you do next?
20	A The analysis of determining which of these locations a
21	household or an individual would choose to go to assumes that
22	they would choose that location which is which requires the
23	shortest trip in terms of time.
24	Q How do you go about deciding which of the various EIC
25	locations is the shortest trip in terms of time for the

1 citizens of voting age population?

2 There -- what I used was the assumption that there were Α three possible travel modes, one of them being driven, the 3 second one taking public transportation, and the third one 4 5 walking. So for each of these different travel modes, there was a separate determination of which of the possible EIC б 7 locations was nearest in terms of time, and that involved a separate analysis for each of those modes. 8

9 Q Okay. Let's start with the first one you mentioned, which 10 is being driven. How did you determine which was the closest 11 in terms of time to be driven to?

12 Δ There's quite a few technical details. I'm not sure to 13 what extend I need to go into them here, but suffice it to say 14 that one conducts in this kind of analysis a -- what's called a 15 network distance analysis. Selecting a subset of the more than 16 200 locations consisting of five or so of the nearest locations 17 as the crow files and determining which of those was closest in 18 terms of distance and in terms of time using two methods. One 19 method is to use a mapping program called ROJAS, which is 20 geographical information system software, to look at the time 21 it would take given the assumption that one -- that a driver 22 that drives at the posted speed limit. And the second way is 23 to use the Google maps API which enables you to query the real 24 time information that Google is able to get for the street 25 network in Texas. And I ended up using the Google maps outputs

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 87
1	because they accounted for congestion, signalization, and real
2	time conditions, and so
3	Q So
4	A they were slight more conservative than using posted
5	speeds.
6	Q the Google application that you used takes into
7	consideration traffic congestion and traffic signals, kind of
8	real life situations.
9	A Well, what it takes into account is simply actual data on
10	people's travel, so those data are being collected by them on
11	all of you right now.
12	Q So you chose the of the five geographically proximate
13	locations
14	A As the crow flies locations.
15	Q you chose the one that by the Google application was
16	the closest in time
17	A Right.
18	Q of those five
19	A Right.
20	Q to each centroid; is that correct?
21	A That's right. And we conducted this analysis between
22	roughly 3:00 and 5:00 p.m. so that we were getting congested
23	drive times.
24	Q All right. And I just want
25	A To the extent there is congestion in Texas.

88

1	Q So you chose as a start time 3:00 to 5:00 o'clock in the
2	afternoon because that was a low traffic congestion time?
3	A No, no. I deliberately chose it because it was a high
4	traffic congestion
5	Q I mean I'm saying high traffic congestion time.
б	A Yes, right. So that we were ensuring that if there was a
7	burden associated with driving, that it would be represented
8	there. We can get to this later because it tends to overstate
9	the relative burden for Hispanic non-Whites sorry, non-
10	Hispanic Whites in comparison to other racial and ethnic
11	groups.
12	Q By the way so you came up then with a driving figure to
13	this closest EIC location
14	A Right.
15	Q for each of the
16	A For each of the block groups in the State.
17	Q Okay.
18	A So there'd be 16,000 block groups and getting an estimate
19	from each of those centroids to the nearest location.
20	Q Did the time include waiting time at the DPS facility?
21	A No. I didn't include any assumption about the time it
22	would take to actually conduct the transaction. I was simply
23	looking at travel time.
24	Q And that's true as to any of the modes of transportation?
25	A That's correct.
	FYCEDTIONAL DEDODTING SEDVICES INC

1	Q Now, the second mode of transportation you discussed was
2	public transportation. How did you figure out the public
3	transportation from the block groups to the EIC facilities?
4	A Well, first of all, it's appropriate to point out here
5	that a fairly large percentage of the population in Texas
6	doesn't have access to public transportation. It's around 40
7	percent of the State. And so for the remaining 60 percent of
8	the State, this was a question of using what's called the
9	General Transit Feed Specification data, which is a form of
10	data representation which enables standard algorithms
11	scheduling algorithm to search out what is the lowest time cost
12	option for a trip from the centroid of a block group to the
13	nearest EIC location.
14	Q So you look at every public transportation schedule in the
15	State of Texas?
16	A What I did was to start with publically available General
17	Transit Feed Specification data. But unfortunately, that
18	those data are not made available for all parts of the State
10	that do have transit service. So roughly one-third of the

19 that do have transit service. So roughly one-third of the 20 State's population that does have transit service does not have 21 publically available GTFS data. So I contracted with an 22 organization called the Center For Neighborhood Technology in 23 Chicago, which is a well-known organization that maintains and 24 collects data on transit -- public transportation service 25 throughout the United States, to both use the existing data

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 90
1	that they had collected for the remaining parts of the State of
2	Texas, as well as to contract with them to collect any
3	remaining schedules. So we think we got them all, but
4	Q So between the
5	A it's possible we missed a couple.
6	Q Between the general transit feed specialization data and
7	the Chicago data, you think you actually looked at every public
8	transportation schedule in the State of Texas?
9	A We think we've got them all, like I said.
10	Q And what did you do next after having looked at every
11	public transportation schedule in the State of Texas?
12	A So there's a couple different steps here. One is to
13	one has to keep in mind that it's somewhat more complex for
14	public transportation than it is for driving because there's
15	the problem of transferring buses, and in some instances
16	there's the problem of estimating wait times at the bus
17	stations. And then, of course, there is often a significant
18	walk access and egress portion of the trip. So what CNT did
19	for us was to estimate with their algorithm the travel time and
20	the waiting time portions of that package, which they did on
21	their mainframe. And then what I did in-house was to, number
22	one, confirm and check with GTF with the Google transit outputs
23	which, in most cases were accurate. In some cases we queried
24	them and found that our data were better because they didn't
25	have complete data. And then we also supplemented those

estimates of just -- from the first bus stop to the last bus
stop with an estimate of the walking time on the network using
a separate network analysis of accessing from the centroid of
the block group to the bus stop, or the real stop; and then on
the other end of the trip, from the final stop walking from
there to the EIC location.

7 And as a result of that analysis, did you set some rules 0 that you applied to using the mode of public transportation? 8 9 А Yes. Well, and maybe I'm getting -- we're getting ahead 10 of ourselves here, but the question as to whether one uses 11 public transportation or another mode is simply a question 12 about which is the lowest cost in terms of time. So there is 13 another issue which you might be referring to here, which is 14 that there are a number of sort of decision rules involved with 15 the algorithm, and one of them is that we assume that if people 16 either do not have a bus stop within a mile of their home, they 17 don't use the bus, so it isn't -- the street is not available 18 Or if there is no EIC location within a mile of the to them. 19 bus stop on the other side, then they don't make that mile-long 20 walk. So there was a relatively small fraction of the State 21 that fell in the category of not having access for these 22 reasons. So none of which -- public transportation not within a 23 0 24 mile of either the starting point or the endpoint? 25 Α Right, yeah. Are you within a mile of a trip -- are you

1	within a mile of the network at all on the home side and are
2	you within a mile of the network on the destination side.
3	Q Did you take into consideration transfers?
4	A So transfers, we used another rule which, again, comports
5	generally with people's behavior. The fact is, people are
6	reluctant to walk more than about a quarter a mile in this
7	climate, and a half mile in other locations, and a mile is not
8	very common. I mean, there are many of us who are willing to
9	walk a long distance but, in fact, that isn't the case. So
10	there's that sort of constraint. A similar constraint is the
11	question of transfers and how many transfers people are willing
12	to incur. Transfers increase uncertainty. They're considered
13	unpleasant. People would rather not have to transfer because
14	there might be a short walk or there might be some confusion
15	about where one goes next. So we assumed that people did not
16	do more than two transfers; and if there was an option that
17	would get them there eventually but it required three
18	transfers, that wasn't something that we did. There is two
19	issues there. One of them is sort of trying to mimic the
20	realistic decision-making process that people engage in, and
21	the second thing is computational tractability, because the
22	computations required to run these analyses take quite a while,
23	so this was taking a couple days to run when we ran it.
24	Q Did you take into consideration waiting time in connection
25	with public transportation?

1	A Waiting time was separately calculated and, yes, it was my
2	had that as a separate output. It's part of the total time.
3	One typically does have to wait some portion for either at
4	least for the first bus and maybe for a second bus as well.
5	Q Have we covered everything on public transportation
6	methodology?
7	A I think so, yeah.
8	Q And the third mode was walking. What did you how did
9	you compute walking?
10	A Walking is sort of the simplest calculation and it was
11	done by getting the nearest finding the nearest location
12	based on network distance. So, again, when I say network
13	distance, just to clarify what I'm talking about, I'm just
14	talking about the distance as one measures it along the road
15	network or the sidewalks, the roads along which sidewalks are
16	available. The network analysis for walking subtracted out
17	those roads that don't have pedestrian access. And then to
18	that distance, I applied a 2.2 miles per hour walking
19	assumption which comes from the literature and is pretty
20	conservative. It's conservative in the sense that it would
21	tend to underestimate the amount of time it would take somebody
22	to walk because average walking speeds over longer distances
23	are probably lower; and, of course, they're lower for people
24	who don't walk quickly or have a physical issue which prevents
25	them from walking quickly.

94 Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg And by the way, the calculation that you wound up doing, 1 0 2 were these for roundtrips? The numbers I report are for roundtrips. The calculations 3 А were just for one-way trips. 4 5 Now, did you make any assignments of the persons and 0 households to different modes based upon whether or not they б 7 had access to an automobile? Right. So the next part of the analysis is to understand 8 Α 9 how people are likely to actually get to an EIC location. The 10 assumptions that I used were basically if the household -- so I 11 need to back up for a moment and just clarify about the 12 underlying data, the distribution of households in the State of 13 Texas where they're living. An additional step here was to use data from the census to estimate the portion of each racial and 14 15 ethnic group who are citizens of voting age who do or don't 16 have access to a car. And I did this by using information at 17 the block group level about race/ethnicity and about voting 18 age, as well as poverty, to better estimate the auto owning 19 share of each of those populations. With those estimates of 20 auto ownership, for each subgroup of people, those who owned an 21 auto and didn't own an auto who were of each racial and ethnic 22 group for citizens of voting age, I then followed a decision 23 rule which was fairly straightforward and sort of obvious. If 24 you got a car in your household, somebody drives you. If you 25 don't have a car in your household, you either take public

1	transportation or you walk. So given that you have a car in
2	your household, the question is which of those three modes is
3	fastest: car, public transportation, or walking. Of course,
4	typically it would be driving. In fact, in almost all cases it
5	was. If the person does not have a household available in
б	their sorry, an automobile available in their household,
7	then the question is simply which is faster: walking or taking
8	public transportation. And of those two, I assigned the faster
9	of those of the modes.
10	Q So in terms of your conclusions, you found that driving
11	was almost always the fastest way of getting to the EIC
12	location?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And did you find any difference between households with
15	cars as opposed to households without cars as to where the
16	burden fell more heavily?
17	A The burden falls almost entirely on households without
18	cars because of the fact that there are few instances in which
19	driving would take longer than 90 minutes roundtrip. And,
20	therefore, it's almost all those who do not own cars and
21	therefore have to either rely on public transportation and
22	walking. And a fairly large share of those have to incur trips
23	that are greater than 90 minutes roundtrip.
24	Q And by the way, is time spent walking, or time spent in
25	public transportation, or time spent driving equivalently
	FYCEDTIONAL DEDODTING SEDVICES INC

1 burdensome?

2 I treat it as though it were in the analysis which is a Α conservative way to treat it. In fact, there is a fairly well 3 developed scientific literature that for purposes of trying to 4 5 estimate how people will travel has made very good valuations of time spent in different activities. So that literature б 7 shows that time spent in a public transportation vehicle is roughly 1.2 times as burdensome as time spent in a personal 8 9 vehicle, for example, which you can imagine is due to things 10 like crowding on vehicles, lack of privacy, perhaps it's less 11 comfortable, those sorts of things.

12 Walking and waiting times are considered more 13 burdensome than that and the estimates range. The sort of agency standard is that there's about a -- that time spent 14 15 walking or waiting is roughly twice as burdensome as time spent 16 in a personal vehicle. The net analysis of this are coming up 17 with numbers more like 1.6 these days. So it's quite a lot 18 more burdensome and that reflects -- walking and waiting 19 reflect the conditions under which you're exposed such as the 20 effort they have to put in, weather, those kinds of things. Let's get demonstrative number one back on the screen 21 0 22 please. 23 So looking again at demonstrative number one, does

24 this capsulize what you've been talking about thus far in terms 25 of -- is this the results of your computation?

1	A It is and since we're since we have it up, it might be
2	worth pointing out that the way that these numbers would change
3	if we were to do some sort of waiting, of walking/waiting
4	that's a homonym there some multiplier of walking and
5	waiting times or in transit times those bars would all
б	increase. They would increase more, slightly more, for
7	Hispanics and Latinos and African Americans because they are
8	relying on cars less for their travel and a higher percentage
9	of the White Non-Hispanic burden is related to driving in this
10	particular exhibit. Other exhibits in the report, just for
11	clarification, subtract out driving burdens altogether but this
12	one doesn't.
13	Q And to walk through this chart very briefly, you found
14	that 4.7 percent of all citizens of voting age population would
15	have a trip, a round trip of 90 minutes or longer, to an EIC
16	location; is that a fair way of reading it?
17	A That's correct, right, and which doesn't include whatever
18	time they would be spending. So it isn't a complete accounting
19	of time burden. It's only the travel time portion.
20	Q And you found differences between African Americans and
21	Whites, 10.9 percent to 3.3 percent?
22	A Right. So it's a multiplier of in the realm of 3.3, 3.5
23	times the burden as a function of race ethnicity in that case.
24	Q And differences between Hispanic/Latinos of 5 percent as
25	compared to 3.3 percent of Whites?

	Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 98
1	A Right, which is a multiplier about 1.5, 1.5 times.
2	Q And were those differences statistically significant?
3	A They are statistically significant at the very highest
4	levels.
5	Q Now you mentioned that you also did an analysis taking to
б	focusing specifically on income; is that correct?
7	A Yes, that's right.
8	Q Can we have demonstrative number two, please?
9	Can you walk through this demonstrative?
10	A Yes. So the scale is slightly different in the previous
11	graph for they say in our presentation of graphs we should
12	always keep the scale the same. I should have told them. I
13	should have talked to everybody about that. So this is a
14	totally different scale.
15	This shows that if you look only at those who are
16	below the poverty line the percentage of those who would of
17	them who would be required to take a round trip that was
18	exceeding 90 minutes is much higher and this is simply because
19	those who own property are less likely to own cars. Some of
20	them do and some of them don't but, you know, auto ownership is
21	pretty ambiguous but lots of people who are in poverty don't
22	own vehicles. So 14 percent of everyone in that group would
23	have to take a trip more than 90 minutes primarily because of
24	their reliance on public transportation or walking. Ten point
25	ten percent of the White/Non-Hispanic population; twelve

1	percent of the Hispanic/Latino population, and twenty-six,
2	twenty-seven percent of the African American population would
3	have to take a long trip to get to any EIC location.
4	Q And again, the differences between African Americans and
5	White/Non-Hispanics, is that statistically significant?
6	A All the differences here are statistically significant.
7	So those bars I teach statistics and what I tell my students
8	is that just because a bar looks like it's different doesn't
9	mean it actually is. However, in this case, each of these bars
10	is different than the other because the numbers are still
11	large.
12	Q Just a few more questions. You had an opportunity to read
13	a report by Dr. Milo, did you not?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And he had a couple of criticisms of your report.
16	Did anything he say change your mind about what you
17	did here?
18	A No.
19	Q Let me just bring up a few of them and I think Mr. Doggett
20	raised each of these with his witness.
21	Dr. Milo said that, "Well, Dr. Chatman didn't take
22	into consideration the fact that when someone goes to the EIC
23	he or she could also go to the grocery [sic], go to the bank,
24	go the post office."
25	How do you respond to that?

100 Chatman - Direct / By Mr. Rosenberg 1 Mr. Jewell used the term I think "trip chaining." The Α 2 notion of trip chaining is that --Trip chain? 3 0 Trip chaining like C-H-A-I-N-I-N-G and the idea is that 4 Α 5 when you -- let's say you're driving to work that you may along the way do other things because it's convenient to do so and it б 7 reduces your overall travel burden. So you may stop at the grocery store on the way home. You may drive your child to and 8 9 from daycare. Those kinds of trips can be chained in to the 10 commute trip and this is quite common. 11 What Dr. Milo suggested was that this sort of trip 12 would be the kind of trip that could be amenable to trip 13 chaining and I disagree with him. With all due respect to his 14 background, he is not trained in this area and hasn't made 15 himself familiar with the literature on trip chaining which 16 shows that trips are chained into other trips primarily when 17 one is driving alone so that it is possible and not an 18 inconvenience to your passenger. 19 You can't tell a bus driver to -- "Hey, why don't you make 0 a left here?" 20 21 Well, you can trip chain on transit it's just harder Α 22 because it means you have to stop and you have to incur waiting 23 and walking times typically. You don't typically -- there are 24 exceptions of course. It's possible. It's just not likely and 25 it's not likely for a very long trip like the sorts of trips

1	that I'm talking about here. So I don't think I do feel as
2	though that that comment was was sort of a hopeful comment
3	about what might happen but it isn't reflective of reality
4	particularly in my analysis because I'm only looking and
5	focusing on the very longest trips and those are not amenable
6	to trip chaining. It's unlikely unless you happen to have
7	it turns out that you're going to an EIC location. Oh, it
8	turns out there's a grocery store next to it and it turns out
9	the person who's driving you is going to let you stop and do
10	your grocery shopping or that you are prepared to carry bags
11	back with you on the bus.
12	Q Similarly another point that Dr. Milo tried to make was
13	that people without cars they can perhaps rely on neighbors, or
14	friends, or someone else to take give them a ride.
15	How do you respond to that?
16	A Now it's true that there is certainly people without

cars are very creative and they work to find ways to get around 17 18 that involve borrowing cars or sometimes getting rides from 19 neighbors. Those kinds of arrangements have to be negotiated. 20 They're not costless. They typically are for habitual trips so 21 one would -- one, for example, would be likely to get a ride 22 from somebody if, you know, you're working in the same 23 location. You might get yourself over to your coworker's house 24 and get a ride with that person.

This isn't the sort of trip that seems amenable to

1	that kind of arrangement or to put it another way, it's
2	possible because in fact we have heard stories about people
3	managing to get somewhere and they can get a ride from somebody
4	but it's not costless to them in terms of negotiating that
5	transaction as it were. Sometimes it is literally not
6	costless. Sometimes it costs money to help pay for gas and so
7	on but then there's also more another person's time involved
8	and in my analysis I didn't look at this question in part
9	because I would have to double value time and double count
10	time. So I suppose one could do that but it would be similarly
11	burdensome in different ways.
12	Q And finally, Dr. Milo suggested you should be amortizing
13	the burdens associated with getting an EIC over time.
14	How do you respond to that one?
15	A It's certainly true that corporations and public agencies
16	amortize things in their decision-making processes. As to
17	whether people amortize bus fares and so on I'll leave to other
18	experts to opine upon but I will say that regarding amortizing
19	travel time, there's no such thing. People don't do that.
20	When I say "people don't do that" we're just talking about what
21	people, how people behave. Time is not time cannot be
22	amortized because time is actually not money. You can monetize
23	time but that doesn't make it into money. Time is unlike money
24	in that it is not fungible, it's perishable. It expires every
25	minute.

103 Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 1 Once it's used, it's gone? 0 2 Α Yes. MR. ROSENBERG: Thank you. Pass the witness. 3 Good morning, Dr. Chatman, how are you? 4 MR. CLAY: 5 THE WITNESS: Hi, how you doing? MR. CLAY: Good to see you again. 6 7 THE WITNESS: Good to see you. MR. CLAY: You reminded, speaking of Google phone and 8 9 their collecting our data, you reminded me that when we were in 10 D.C. I had meant to take Google off my phone completely and I'd 11 forgotten. So I'm hoping I can remember it when we leave here 12 today. 13 **THE WITNESS:** You have to turn off location services. 14 MR. CLAY: That's what I need to do. 15 **THE WITNESS:** So good luck with that but, yeah. 16 MR. CLAY: It's good to see you again. I just have a 17 few questions for you. A lot of it is stuff that we kind of talked about in D.C. a few weeks ago. 18 19 CROSS EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. CLAY: 21 The first is I want to talk about the data sets you used. 0 22 We had a long discussion about that as you'll recall, correct? 23 Α Yes. 24 And you said that you used these decennial census Q 25 enumeration in order to populate the block groups, correct?

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 104
1	A Right. The decennial census is the when I said 2010
2	census that's what I was referring to.
3	Q And so those that the information you were able to
4	obtain from the 2010 decennial census is voting age population
5	by race/ethnicity; is that correct?
6	A Right.
7	Q Okay.
8	A And also poverty rates.
9	Q And you would agree that that data is now over four years
10	old, correct?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Does that introduce and I think you also agree and we
13	talked about this some in your deposition that that
14	necessarily introduces some amount of error into the analysis;
15	is that correct?
16	A Yes. I mean I think it's useful to define the term
17	"error." In statistics, the term "error" refers to "randomly
18	distributed variation perturbations" and for the most part what
19	we're the kind of error we're talking about throughout here
20	is precisely that sort of error. The aggregation of those
21	sorts of errors to the state level renders them very small. So
22	error doesn't concern me particularly.
23	Q But you would agree that using four year old data does
24	introduce some amount of error into the analysis, correct?
25	A Yes.

# Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay

1	Q And you you would also agree I think that
2	A Well, I should if I can just amend my statement there
3	just to be clear and I'm just and I'm only trying to be
4	clear. It doesn't introduce error into the question of what
5	the burden would be with that population for these locations
6	which is what which is the analysis that I did.
7	Q But you would agree that the 2010 census although meant to
8	be an enumeration, in other words, an exact count of the
9	population in those groups is no longer it is at this
10	point would be considered inexact, correct?
11	A Depending on the application, yes.
12	Q Okay. And then in order to get other statistical
13	information regarding the block groups you went up a level or
14	two and then obtained that information from census that survey
15	data, correct?
16	A Right. So the census survey that you're referring to, the
17	American Community Survey, is a probability sample, one percent
18	per year, and that information is used to give us
19	characteristics that are not collected by the decennial census,
20	such as citizenship.
21	Q And so you were able to get the citizen voting age
22	population from the census tract level using the ACF survey,
23	correct?
24	A That's right, yes.
25	Q And those numbers also contain a certain amount of
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 106
1	inherent or unavoidable error in them, correct?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. And then using that estimate you then imputed a
4	citizen voting age population to the block groups by taking a
5	proportion at the census tract level and multiplying it down to
б	the block group level, correct?
7	A That's correct.
8	Q And that analysis assumes that all the block groups
9	contained in the census tract look identical, correct?
10	A It assumes only that the percentage it assumes two
11	things. The first thing is it assumes that the percentage of
12	the racial ethnic group who are citizens of voting age
13	sorry. It assumes that of the citizens of voting age in a
14	given racial/ethnic group, the percentage who are citizens does
15	not vary block to block within the census tract. Now census
16	tracts can contain between two and eight block groups; probably
17	average around four. So there could be in fact there
18	probably is some variation from block group to block group.
19	I don't consider that variation material to the question of
20	average travel time.
21	Q And you also said that that analysis, imputing race to the
22	block group level, compounds the error that is contained within
23	the census data estimate that you actually got from the census
24	tract level, correct?
25	A Can you say that again?

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 107
1	Q So there's error at the census tract level
2	A Yes.
3	Q the information you're getting there.
4	A Yes.
5	Q And then by imputing it down you're actually compounding
6	the error when you compute when you impute it down to the
7	census block group level, correct?
8	A Let me I think I know what you're talking about. I
9	think what you're saying is and you correct me if I'm wrong,
10	that when you go to smaller and smaller units errors get
11	greater, areas of estimation get greater.
12	Q Right.
13	A That's true. So
14	Q And you also said that you were unable to actually
15	there was no generally accepted methodology for actually
16	calculating those errors when you're going from the census
17	tract level down to the block group level, correct?
18	A That's correct and what people do instead is they don't
19	report errors. It's typical that what they do is aggregate.
20	Q And you do not report errors either, correct?
21	A Well, I report the following which is that aggregation to
22	the state level renders all of the errors extremely small
23	because the numbers are so large at the state level.
24	Q You also mentioned in your deposition that when a area if
25	rapidly growing that the one year estimate might be preferable

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 108
1	to the five year estimate, correct?
2	A Only if you can get a good one year estimate at a very
3	high level. So it wouldn't be better if you were looking at a
4	small area typically.
5	Q And I want to okay. I'd like to
6	MR. ROSENBERG: Can he finish his answer? I don't
7	think he was finished.
8	THE WITNESS: So, for example, at the state level if
9	you wanted to get the very best estimate of what percentage of
10	the population owns a car and you believe that there was a big
11	policy change that was rapidly altering the rate of car
12	ownership it'd be better to look at the one estimate because,
13	number one, it's for the whole state so it's got pretty good
14	it's going to have some error but it's not going to be too bad
15	and then, secondly, because, you know, things were probably a
16	lot different five years ago in terms of what that particular
17	thing that you're looking at. I don't think those kinds of
18	conditions are present in this instance but
19	Q And you also said in your deposition that when aggregating
20	upwards which you've done in this report there's also no
21	generally accepted method for calculating error; is that
22	correct?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Okay. Now I want to talk about a few of the assumptions
25	that are contained in your analysis and the first is the 8:00

109 Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 1 a.m. start time but that was just for using mass transit, 2 correctly -- correct? 3 Right. So start time is relevant for two of the modes, А driving and taking public transportation. 4 5 And you used two different start times depending on which 0 б mode, correct? 7 That's correct. Α And you used 8:00 a.m. for bus transit --8 Q 9 Α Right. 10 -- and you used I think you said --0 11 Three to five p.m. --Α 12 Q -- three to five p.m. --13 -- for the trip for auto, right. А 14 Have you ever driven in Austin? 0 15 Yes, I think maybe once. I was driven. I wasn't driving А 16 myself. 17 Have you ever been driven in Austin --0 18 I have been driven. А 19 -- at 3:00 p.m.? 0 20 Hard to remember exactly what time. I was there a couple Α of times. 21 22 Have you ever driven in Austin at 8:00 a.m.? 0 23 There's traffic. Is that what you're getting at, 'cause А 24 there's traffic, yes. 25 They're very different traffics. There's a very different Q

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 110
1	level of congestion at those two different times, would you
2	agree?
3	A Oh, sure. So let me just speak to this because maybe what
4	you're getting at is the reason why you would look at morning
5	versus afternoon.
6	In general, afternoon traffic is worse than morning
7	traffic. I can't speak to Austin specifically or on specific
8	roads and the reason for this is because of trip chaining
9	actually. What people do is in the morning commute they often
10	don't have time to do their errands because they don't get up
11	early enough but in the afternoon they can they have the
12	rest of the evening and they have to get things done to get
13	pick people up or get their groceries.
14	Q When you chose the 8:00 a.m. start time
15	A Well, the 8:00 a.m. start time is public transportation.
16	Q I understand, I understand.
17	A Yes.
18	Q When you chose the 8:00 a.m. start time did you take into
19	account what time the DPS offices opened?
20	A No, I just assumed that they would be open.
21	Q So you don't then you didn't understand when you did
22	this analysis that most DPS offices open at 8:00 a.m. or
23	earlier?
24	A It was not relevant because the reason I used 8:00 a.m. as
25	the start time was to try to make the transit time as short as

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 111
1	possible.
2	Q And so
3	A And so if I had started at 7:00 a.m. I would have had a
4	larger estimate of transit.
5	MR. CLAY: I'm trying to let him finish. I thought
6	he was done.
7	Q And you also told me at your deposition that if somebody
8	was taking transit they would leave the centroid at 8:00 a.m.,
9	correct?
10	A There was a little bit of confusion about this. Here's
11	how the decision rule works and, first of all, I should be very
12	clear that the decision rule doesn't play a role in excluding
13	any transit block groups. It doesn't play a role in excluding
14	very many transit block groups from any of this analysis. So
15	it's not all that relevant. It is not germane to almost all
16	the analysis that I did but that sort of issue aside, the way
17	that the analysis works is that if there isn't a transit
18	vehicle arriving between 8:00 o'clock and 8:30 in the morning
19	which is the peak transit time for all transit agencies
20	that's their market, that's their commute market at the
21	nearest bus stop then we assume that there is no transit access
22	for that block group but it isn't true that if the bus arrives
23	at 8:02 that I assume that they can't get to the bus. I assume
24	that I work backwards and I assume that whatever walk time
25	it takes they will make it to there by 8:02. So they will make

### Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay

1	any bus occurring between 8:00 o'clock and 8:30 in the morning.
2	If there's any bus outside that window sorry, I should say
3	any bus beyond the 30 minute window there, then they are not
4	they are not accessible to bus in the out rhythm. This is
5	again for the this is sort of an issue of computational
б	tractability but as I said before it's a very small percentage
7	of the population that is excluded from saying that they have
8	transit access for this reason and those that would be excluded
9	for that reason would have probably have more than a 90
10	minute trip because of that in part because of the fact of
11	the wait time.
12	Q Well, those people are assumed to not be able to catch a
13	bus simply because a bus doesn't leave between 8:00 and 8:30,
14	correct?
15	A They are.
16	Q Okay.
17	A That's the case.
18	Q And if a bus leaves at 8:29
19	A They're set.
20	Q But they leave at 8:00, correct?
21	A Yes, they do leave at 8:00.
22	Q And so
23	A Well, they leave at 8:00. Yes, they do.
24	Q And so
25	A And let me just speak to this because I because

## Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay

1	there's, again, an industry standard thing and it's a little
2	bit sort of hard to justify because it sounds like "Well, why
3	wouldn't somebody, if they lived two minutes away, why wouldn't
4	they leave at 8:27 to make their 8:29 bus?" And the answer to
5	this question is simple. It has to do with how people behave
б	in terms of their understanding of schedules and in terms of
7	their willingness to forgo to incur risks in terms of
8	waiting because as you know the as you may know, the nature
9	
	of bus schedules, particularly irregular bus schedules or bus
10	schedules with what are called large headways, large waits, is
11	that is such that there is a lot of variability and risks in
12	terms of when your bus is coming.
13	So that person would have a 29 minute wait for a bus
14	if it doesn't come until 8:29. But again, this is a very small
15	percentage of the population and in those instances when you
16	have short headways sorry, long headways, what it typically
17	means it's a long wait. I'm sorry, a long overall trip anyway.
18	Q Did you determine how many people had more than a 15
19	minute wait simply as a result
20	A It's in the report I think.
21	Q Can I finish my question?
22	A Sorry.
23	Q simply as a result of your decision that they would
24	leave at 8:00 a.m.?
25	A No, but it's a very small percentage and the report does

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 114
1	contain an average wait time which shows that it's not, not a
2	very long time.
3	Q And you also determined that someone who lives greater
4	than a mile from the nearest bus stop and I should I should
5	rephrase that question.
6	You also determined that when the centroid is more
7	than a mile away from the nearest bus stop which is of course
8	different than saying when a person lives further than a mile
9	away
10	A It's different because it could be much more or less.
11	Q Correct. When they live more than a mile away you
12	determine that they simply have no access whatsoever to mass
13	transit, correct?
14	A That's correct, but it's a small percentage of the
15	population that falls in that category.
16	Q And there assumed to walk to the DPS, correct?
17	A No, only if they don't have a car in their household.
18	Q And correct. And did you make any analysis whatsoever
19	regarding the possession of bikes?
20	A No, I didn't. That information isn't available in the
21	census but the bike share in Texas is advanishinly small.
22	Q And you also assumed but that was not part of your
23	analysis in this case, correct?
24	A Well, I looked at the secondary data for Texas. It's a
25	very small percentage.

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 115
1	Q And you assume that people walk at 2.2 miles per hour,
2	correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And that was a 25 percent discount over a study that was
5	done that showed that people actually walk at about a pace of 3
6	miles per hour, correct?
7	A It was so, the industry standard for well, I keep on
8	saying "industry standard." What I mean is that the operating
9	assumption that transit agencies and researchers use in terms
10	of people's willingness to walk is a 2.2 mile per hour walking
11	speed which results in a travel time of, you know, around 15
12	minutes for a half mile.
13	Q But the only study you were able to cite to me in your
14	deposition in D.C. a few weeks ago was a single study which
15	showed that people averaged 3 miles per hour, not 2.2 miles per
16	hour, correct?
17	A I wouldn't characterize that study as saying people
18	average 3 miles an hour. I would characterize the study as
19	saying that in an indoor study to determine average walking
20	speed, walking ability, that adults were measured over a short
21	expansive floor indoors and found to average around 3.3 miles
22	per hour which isn't a which are not conditions similar to
23	those experienced by pedestrians in an actual urban environment
24	over longer distances. So
25	Q But that is the only study that you cited to me in your

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 116
1	deposition
2	A That is correct.
3	Q regarding the average walk time, correct?
4	A Yes, yes.
5	Q And then you discounted that by 25 percent for your
6	analysis, correct?
7	A I did two things. I showed that discounting that by 25
8	percent would yield the 2.2 miles per hour assumption and I
9	noted that this is a standard that is used in the industry that
10	everybody uses including people here at the metropolitan
11	planning organizations.
12	Q And it takes about 27 minutes to walk a mile going 2.2.
13	miles per hour, correct?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Are you aware that the plaintiffs in this case including
16	those represented by your client fought very hard to obtain the
17	individual level data contained in Texas's TEAM voter
18	registration database?
19	A I wasn't aware there was a fight.
20	Q But your analysis does not looks at CVAP on an
21	aggregate level, correct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q So it does not look at individual travel times for
24	particular individuals, correct?
25	A Right.

	Chatman - Cross / By Mr. Clay 117
1	Q And although you were provided information from
2	Dr. Ansolahehere that information was not used in your
3	analysis, correct?
4	A I was not provided information by Ansolahehere until after
5	I had done my report.
6	Q So your analysis did not include any analysis whatsoever
7	of the travel burdens of particular individuals; is that right?
8	A That's correct.
9	Q And so your analysis does not and cannot identify the
10	various travel times for anybody who is a registered voter in
11	the state of Texas, correct?
12	A That's correct. Well, it could actually be used for that
13	but it's not.
14	Q And it does not identify the travel burdens for
15	individuals who are registered to vote but lack SB 14 ID,
16	correct?
17	A Could you say that one again? Sorry.
18	Q It does not identify the travel burdens for individuals in
19	Texas who are registered to vote but do not have the requisite
20	ID?
21	A Correct.
22	MR. CLAY: Pass the witness.
23	//
24	//
25	//

	Chatman - Redirect / By Mr. Rosenberg 118
1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. ROSENBERG:
3	Q Just one question, Dr. Chatman, the various tools that you
4	used, the American Census 2010, the ACS, and the various tools
5	that you used that Mr. Clay talked about, were they the best
6	tools in your opinion that were available for you to use in
7	this project?
8	A The best data available to look at. The question of
9	people who were eligible to vote, yes.
10	MR. ROSENBERG: Thank you. I have no further
11	questions.
12	MR. CLAY: Nothing further.
13	THE COURT: All right. Thank you, sir. You can step
14	down. Let's go ahead and take a 15 minute break.
15	(A recess was taken from 10:29 a.m. to 10:45 a.m.; parties
16	present)
17	MS. PEREZ: Good morning, your Honor. Myrna Perez
18	for the Texas NAACP and MALC, and we are calling Dr. Lorraine
19	Minnite.
20	(Pause; voices and whispers off the record)
21	THE COURT: Hi, ma'am. Would you approach over here
22	and raise your right hand.
23	//
24	//
25	//

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 119
1	LORRAINE MINNITE, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, SWORN
2	THE COURT: You can have a seat.
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MS. PEREZ:
5	Q Good morning, Doctor. Will you please state your name for
б	the record?
7	A My name is Lorraine Carol Minnite.
8	Q And do you mind, please, spelling that for the court
9	reporter?
10	A Lorraine, L-O-R-R-A-I-N-E, Carol, C-A-R-O-L, Minnite,
11	M-I-N-I-T-E.
12	Q And what is your educational background, Dr. Minnite?
13	A I have a bachelor's degree in history from Boston
14	University, and I have two master's degrees and a Ph.D. in
15	political science from the City University of New York.
16	Q And where are you currently employed?
17	A I'm currently employed at Rutgers University in Camden.
18	Q And what is your position?
19	A I'm an associate professor of public policy.
20	Q And are you tenured?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And you have before you the report you issued in this
23	case; is that correct?
24	A Yes.
25	MS. PEREZ: And for the Court's benefit, your Honor,

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 120
1	it's Plaintiff Exhibit 773. Please note that we initially
2	filed this under seal, but we've removed that designation with
3	no objection from the defendants.
4	BY MS. PEREZ:
5	Q Dr. Minnite, is your C.V. attached to this expert report
6	in this case?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And since you have filed your report, have you had cause
9	to make any updates to your C.V.?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Would you please explain them.
12	A After I filed the report I also filed a report in another
13	voting rights case, and that case is North Carolina State
14	Conference of NAACP v McCrory.
15	Q Okay. And since completing your Ph.D., has your work and
16	your research focused on any particular subject matter?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And what is that?
19	A The study of voter fraud in American elections.
20	Q Why did you decide to focus on that?
21	A Well, my interests and my background are in American
22	history, American political history, and I focused on that
23	subject more than 10 years ago when I became interested in
24	issues of election administration following the Bush $v$ Gore
25	contested presidential election in 2000, and the question about

1	voter fraud was interesting because, although it is commonly
2	stated that liberalizing election rules will lead to more voter
3	fraud, it turns out political scientists hadn't really studied
4	the question about the incidence of voter fraud in contemporary
5	elections. In fact, there's very little literature in the
б	study of American politics, scholarly literature, on the
7	subject. So, it was a combination of, I guess, what was going
8	on in the world at the time and also the scholarly treatment of
9	the subject, and it also had so, it had a kind of public
10	policy dimension to the question.
11	Q Thank you. And have you published any books?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Will you please describe that to the Court?
14	A Yes. My first book was actually co-authored. It's called
15	Keeping Down the Black Vote: Race and Demobilization of
16	American Voters. My second that was 2009. My second book
17	is called The Myth of Voter Fraud. It was published by Cornell
18	University Press in 2010.
19	Q And have you done any other scholarly writing on the topic
20	of voter fraud?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And what example can you provide for the Court?
23	A I can give an example from 2012. I did a chapter in a
24	book on Law and Election Politics on voter identification and
25	voter fraud, the controversy over voter fraud.
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 122
1	Q And have you done any popular writing on the topic of
2	voter fraud?
3	A Yes.
4	Q What can you give an example?
5	A Sure. By "popular," I guess, you know, you mean maybe not
6	peer reviewed and also for the popular
7	Q Uh-huh.
8	A popular consumption. I've done a set of reports for
9	nonprofit, nonpartisan groups. I also recently, this year, was
10	asked to write a policy brief for the Scholars Strategy
11	Network, which is a group of academics. I think there are now
12	close to 500. And the goal of that project, which is run by
13	Professor Theda Skocpol at Harvard, is to try to take scholarly
14	research and present the findings in a way that are
15	understandable to to the public and to the press. So, I was
16	asked to write a brief on that, a two-page brief on the
17	question of voter fraud.
18	Q And, Dr. Minnite, have you ever testified before congress?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And on what topic?
21	A On the question of voter fraud.
22	Q And have you ever testified in court as an expert witness
23	before?
24	A Yes.
25	Q How many times about?

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 123
1	A Three.
2	Q And did you provide written testimony in addition to that
3	oral expert testimony?
4	A Yes.
5	Q And have you ever provided written testimony that you were
6	not an oral that you did not provide oral testimony for?
7	A Yes. Are you referring to in in cases? Yes.
8	Q And have you been accepted as an expert
9	A Yeah.
10	Q on the topic of voter fraud before?
11	A Yes.
12	MS. PEREZ: And at this point in time, your Honor, I
13	would offer Dr. Minnite as an expert on the incidence and
14	effect of voter fraud in America.
15	BY MS. PEREZ:
16	Q Dr. Minnite, will you tell will you explain to the
17	Court what you were asked to do in this case?
18	A I was asked to analyze the extent and existence of voter
19	fraud nationally and also in Texas and, I guess, somewhat
20	specifically, the kind of voter fraud that would be prevented
21	by SB 14.
22	Q And were you asked to do any research on turnout?
23	A No.
24	Q If I could ask you to return back to your report; did you
25	reach any conclusions in doing your analysis?

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 124
1	A Yes.
2	Q And what were they?
3	A I concluded that SB 14 would likely only prevent something
4	we call "voter impersonation" at the polling place. I
5	concluded that nationwide and in Texas the incidence of voter
6	impersonation is very, very rare. And those were the two
7	really major conclusions.
8	Q Okay. And before we delve too deeply into the
9	methodology, do you mind explaining what you mean when you say
10	the term "voter fraud"?
11	A Yes. I want to be very specific about it, because in my
12	testimony today, when I say "voter fraud," I have a very
13	specific meaning that's that comes out of my academic
14	research. And what I mean by "voter fraud" is the intentional
15	corruption of the voting or the electoral process by voters.
16	Q And how did you reach that definition?
17	A Well, when I started this research somewhere around 2001,
18	I didn't know very much I didn't know if there was voter
19	fraud or there wasn't voter fraud; I didn't really have an
20	opinion about it. But, as I said, that was an interesting
21	question, so I began to look into the question. And I I
22	looked into all of the scholarly research I could find for kind
23	of a definition. I looked at legal definitions, and I decided
24	that since most all states criminalize various things that
25	people tend to think of as voter fraud, that sort of corruption

1 around elections, the participation in elections, that I would 2 follow a kind of legal definition or a legal approach to what voter fraud was. So, voter fraud is a crime; and voter fraud 3 meaning, again, the kinds of behaviors or practices that --4 5 that we think of as voter fraud are criminalized in all states and also, to a certain extent, in federal law. I looked at the б 7 Justice Department's treatment of the subject, but, again, there was no definition; there's no sort of statute in any 8 9 state law that says voter fraud. It might say voting twice is 10 illegal; but we think of that as voter fraud. So, I had to, in a sense, derive a definition, and I tried to do it carefully 11 12 and paying attention to both how we think about it, but then 13 how it's defined in law and how scholars also have treated it. 14 So, can you explain for the Court any distinction you make 15 between voter fraud and election fraud? I think I would say that election fraud would be the 16 А Yes. 17 broad category of various kinds of practices that cause illegal 18 ballots to be cast or manipulating the count or what we think 19 of as stuffing the ballot box, those sorts of terms. So, in 20 general, election fraud could include fraud and corruption of 21 the process by campaign workers or by election officials. 22 Voting fraud -- or voter fraud focuses very specifically on the 23 voter as the actor in committing the crime. So, it's, in a 24 sense, a subset of election fraud. 25 Okay. And can you please explain the methodology you used

1 to reach the conclusion in your report?

2 First I relied very heavily on all of the research А Yes. that I've done since 2001 and that is reported in my 2010 book, 3 The Myth of Voter Fraud. I relied on all of that as a 4 5 foundation and a basis for then turning specifically to look at the question in Texas. And, as I was saying, not only was б 7 there no good definition in the literature, really even in the law, and yet the popular treatment is -- is -- you know, kind 8 9 of speaks to our colorful political history in the United 10 States, there are also no datasets. There are no places you 11 can turn to say -- if you wanted to just figure out how many 12 convictions, for example, are there for some -- for voter 13 fraud, you can't answer that question without going through 14 this process.

15 So, the methodology involved looking for it 16 absolutely everywhere I could, in any way that I could. So, 17 that meant both doing -- doing case studies -- and, again, 18 I'm -- I'm talking about the research that is the foundation of 19 my book that I'm basing the Texas report on, and then I'll 20 speak very briefly about specifically what I did for the Texas 21 report, but I want to just explain what the foundation is 22 because it really was a tremendous amount of work. It meant 23 doing case studies, archival research, interviews; there is a 24 limited dataset that collects all of the indictments brought in 25 federal court on an annual basis, and I track through that in

very tedious detail in an appendix in my book. It meant looking at court records and news analysis. And I should really have started with that, because that is how I began the research, and that is what I then did for this analysis in the report for Texas.

I began with scanning -- using a database of sources 6 in Texas, Texas newspapers primarily and other on-line news 7 sources, web-based news sources. It's called NewsBank or 8 9 Access World News. I had access to that database, and I went 10 back to 2000, and I scanned that database using "vote fraud," 11 "voter fraud," "election fraud," and that produced something 12 like 3,200 hits. I then scanned all of that and determined 13 that there maybe were about 700 articles that were actually 14 about the subject, because I got a lot of extraneous material when I did the broad scanning, but that -- but looking at the 15 16 news analysis, the reason that I did that is because we have 17 something that we use in sociology called "event analysis." 18 And what I did wasn't exactly event analysis, but the theory of 19 it is really what is important. That is, when you have no 20 other sources, you can look at news reports if the conflict or 21 the thing -- sorry, the phenomenon you're looking for is likely 22 to be newsworthy. And I assume that allegations about voter 23 fraud are newsworthy. So, I did that analysis for the Texas 24 report as well, very specifically, a Texas newspaper database. 25 I scanned that going back to 2000, and then I looked at other

1 documents.

2	I looked at documents that were provided to me by the
3	counsel in this this case from discovery and also from
4	discovery from the Section 5 case, Texas v Holder. I looked at
5	a file that was provided to me from a researcher who worked for
6	the Texas Legislative Council and who had been tasked to report
7	on, research voter fraud in Texas. I looked at other kinds of
8	background materials. I looked at referrals that I actually
9	had obtained back in 2006 when I sent public records requests
10	to every secretary of state and every attorney general in the
11	United States asking for just numbers on voter fraud, and at
12	that time I had received from the Texas secretary of state a
13	box of documents that were referrals from the Texas secretary
14	of state's office to the state attorney general's office. I
15	looked at press releases that were on the website for the state
16	attorney general. I looked at the Texas election code, which,
17	as you all know, is, I think, 900 pages long. I can't I
18	don't profess to say that I actually read the whole thing, but
19	I focused on SB 14 as well and looked at bill analysis that was
20	provided by the Senate Research Center on the Texas
21	legislature's website.
22	Q Okay. And is this called a "mixed method analysis"?
23	A It would be. It means that you looking at qualitative
24	and quantitative data.
25	Q And is a mixed method analysis generally accepted
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 129
1	methodology in the social sciences?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And before we get to what you discovered after looking at
4	these resources, you have read SB 14?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And are you a lawyer?
7	A No.
8	Q So, you're not offering your legal opinion on the law, but
9	in your reading of the law and as a political scientist, what
10	is your understanding of what the law does?
11	A My understanding of the law is that it requires certain
12	limited forms of photo identification issued by government,
13	current, to vote in Texas.
14	Q And is there any kind of voter fraud that SB 14 could
15	prevent?
16	A Well, thinking this through, it made sense to me that it
17	could possibly prevent someone presenting themselves as someone
18	they're not to cast a vote. So, again, the definition of voter
19	impersonation at the polls, at the polling place.
20	Q Okay. And, so, if you look on page four of your report,
21	you reached a conclusion, am I correct, that between 2000 and
22	2010 there were fewer than 10 credible claims of impersonation
23	fraud at the polling places nationwide?
24	A Yes.
25	Q And how did you reach this conclusion?

Well, the period 2000 to 2010, in addition to other 1 Α 2 periods, but that period, is covered in all of the extensive research I did for that book, and I -- in that research I had 3 only come up with, I think, one case of voter impersonation in 4 5 New Hampshire involving a young man pretending to be his father. So, I knew that there were fewer than 10 from that б 7 research, but I looked again carefully, and after I published my book, there was a major research project undertaken by 8 9 journalism students at the -- at Arizona State University, and 10 they published it on line. It's called News21. I actually 11 presented a seminar on methodology to them via Skype on how to research the question of voter fraud. And they did more than I 12 13 could do, because I think there were about 10 of them; they 14 sent public records requests, again, to every state and state 15 officials and then categorized what they got back, and they did 16 interviews as well, but all of this is available on line. You 17 can search by state. And I searched their database by state, 18 and there were fewer -- fewer than ten -- ten or fewer that 19 they found. And, actually, some of the ones they found I 20 wouldn't -- I wouldn't have called voter impersonation. But 21 it's -- I'm perfectly comfortable saying fewer than 10 22 nationwide. 23 And did you look at indictments as one of your indicators? 0 24 Both for The Myth of Voter Fraud and for Texas I looked at Α 25 the data based on indictments.

1	Q And why did you use why did you look at indictments?
2	A Well, it wasn't the only thing that I looked at, but I
3	in the course of my research, again, I again, research for
4	the book you have to have a way of sorting through the
5	allegations to figure out what's factual. And, as a social
6	scientist, I want to base my research on the evidence. And,
7	so, the in a sense, the involvement of law enforcement or
8	election officials, even with allegations or indictments, even
9	though they haven't turned into convictions, I take that very
10	seriously. So, in that case, indictments can stand as a solid
11	foundation for judging the incidence number, the measurement
12	problem.
13	Q And, so, can you elaborate on why you thought why you
14	thought these particular claims that you saw were credible,
15	credible incidences?
16	A Yes; again, the issue has of voter fraud has really
17	come to the fore over, you know, I would say since the 2000
18	election, although it's it appears episodically whenever
19	there are major initiatives to try to liberalize access to
20	voting. You know, for example, it was actually raised in
21	debates around the Voting Rights Act, but it's sort of episodic
22	in the public's in the public discourse. So, the
23	credibility of an allegation has to or comes from whether,
24	in fact, officials take it seriously; because anyone can accuse
25	anyone of anything else and they you can put out a press
	FYCEPTIONAL PEDOPTING SERVICES INC

1	release, and if a journalist doesn't check on that and simply
2	reports the allegation, it could be false. And voter fraud is
3	a very politicized issue. It's not uncommon in an election for
4	someone who loses an election to believe that the only way they
5	could have lost is if fraud was committed, especially if
б	there's if it's a very small margin in the election.
7	So, I wanted to try to figure out how am I going to
8	sort through all of these allegations. And, in fact, I
9	undertook for my book a very, very laborious it took me all
10	summer, working with two students a very laborious process
11	to sort through allegations that had been compiled by an
12	organization called the American Center for Voting Rights.
13	They put forth a report saying: This is the most comprehensive
14	report on voter fraud in the 2004 election. It was a big, fat
15	report. And I took every single one of those allegations and
16	tried to trace down what actually happened here. And I I
17	found, you know, the vast majority of them are not voter fraud.
18	So, the credibility issue speaks to was there was it taken
19	seriously by anyone in an official capacity as an election
20	official or as a law enforcement official, because that said to
21	me there had to be some evidence for the allegation. And,
22	again, as a social scientist, I'm trying to find the physical
23	evidence, the actual evidence, so that I can measure voter
24	fraud.
25	Q And you've spoken about the nationwide research you did

1 for your book, and I just want to make sure it's not lost, the 2 Texas specific research that you did. Can you go over that, as 3 well, please?

Sure. Again, it was the news analysis, the documents that 4 Α were provided to me through -- that came from discovery that 5 were provided by lawyers for both this case and for the Texas v б 7 Holder case that I -- that the lawyers felt were relevant; for example, the deposition of Major Forrest Mitchell would be 8 9 something like that. The data I already had on Texas when I --10 I looked and I attempted to collect data on Texas twice, in 2002 and in 2006, and in 2006 I had been sent this box of 11 12 referrals that went to the attorney general; the press 13 releases, which I take to be official statements of the Texas 14 attorney general on the website concerning the investigations 15 around voter fraud, and then the Texas Election Code and SB 14. Okay. And why do you believe the sources you used provide 16 0 17 a reliable indicator of the level of impersonation fraud at the 18 polls in Texas?

A Well, I believe it's reliable because it's a crime, and I took the spreadsheets that were presented -- or prepared, I should say -- by, for example, Major Mitchell that were part of his deposition. That's a very good example. I mean, this is a person who works in law enforcement, who's keeping records of what happens to referrals that are made from the secretary of state's office or from local prosecutors, keeping a spreadsheet

1 itemizing each referral that had turned into an investigation,
2 and then tracking the status of that. That is a kind of
3 official document that makes me feel confident that the
4 conclusions I'm drawing about the rare incidence of voter fraud
5 is reliable.

6 Q Okay. And --

7 I just want to say one other thing. I mean, part of the Α mixed methods approach is that you don't assume that any one 8 9 source of data is definitive, that all sources of data are 10 going to have certain kinds of limitations. So, in a sense, 11 what you're trying to do by looking, basically, under every 12 rock and in every corner, in every way you think there would be 13 an impact, so I've got to look here for it, is that you're, in a sense, triangulating the data. You're bringing all of the 14 15 pieces together, and when they all align, then you have a more 16 solid basis for drawing your conclusions. If I had only relied 17 on newspaper accounts, I think that would be a weak -- you 18 know, kind of a weak basis for drawing a reliable conclusion. 19 But I didn't do that. I tried to look -- in the limited time I 20 had to look at Texas for this case, I tried to look in the best 21 places I thought I would find that, based, again, on my 22 experience and working on the issue for so long. 23 Okay. And can you tell the Court how many credible claims 0 of in-person impersonation fraud at the polls you found in 24 25 Texas from 2000 to the present?

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

Minnite - Direct / By Ms. Perez 135 1 Yes; I focused just on four. There were four cases. Α 2 Okay. And how many credible claims of voter impersonation 0 fraud did you find between 2000 and 2011 when SB 14 was 3 enacted? 4 5 Two of the four, I believe, kind of came after the Α legislation had been signed into law. б 7 Okay. And since you have submitted --0 8 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Just repeat that real 9 quickly. 10 THE WITNESS: Yeah. THE COURT: You said there were four from 2000 to two 11 12 thousand -- to the present? And then the two came in where? 13 Or just clear that up a little bit. 14 THE WITNESS: Sure. From 2000 till 2012 -- or no. 15 From 2000 until current, sorry, I said four. 16 THE COURT: Okay. I got it. 17 THE WITNESS: Uh-huh. And two of them came after 18 2011. 19 MS. PEREZ: And --20 THE WITNESS: Or in 2011, but later. BY MS. PEREZ: 21 22 Q Since you've been asked -- since you've submitted your 23 expert report, have you been asked to view any other documents? 24 А Yes. 25 Q And what were they?

1	A I received some documents that had all these were
2	provided by lawyers and that had been, I believe, documents
3	from the Justice Department; although that was a little hard
4	for me to figure out what those documents exactly were, but
5	they looked like tables of cases with a lot of information
6	redacted. I also looked at I believe, again, was the
7	deposition of Major Mitchell.
8	Q A recent deposition of Major Mitchell?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And after having reviewed these materials, do they inspire
11	you to make any changes to your report?
12	A No.
13	Q Okay. In your report, did you calculate a fraction or a
14	percentage of how many votes in Texas cast from 2000 to the
15	present were cast by a voter impersonating another voter?
16	A No.
17	Q Why were you comfortable calling the amount of in-person
18	impersonation fraud very rare?
19	A Well, I think if you consider how many votes are cast in
20	Texas between 2000 and 2012 and I don't have the exact
21	number, but it's certainly well into the millions to have
22	only four cases emerge would mean to me it's very rare.
23	Q Okay. And of the four incidents of voter fraud you
24	identified, would any of them have been prevented by SB 14?
25	A It's not clear that that would be the case, because one of

1	them involved a woman who had obtained a fake driver's license
2	or a driver's license which had her picture on it but not her
3	name. So, she had at least two or three I think Major
4	Mitchell testified to this. She had two or three different
5	driver's licenses that had her face on them. So, if she, then,
6	used her fake identity but her real face, SB I don't see how
7	SB 14 would have stopped that.
8	Q Based on your research, do you find that the public has a
9	misconception that there is more voter fraud taking place than
10	it actually is?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And why do you think that misconception exists?
13	A Again, because the issue is is so of great interest to
14	the public, we want to believe that our elections truly reflect
15	the will of the voter and that are free of corruption. So,
16	it's a very, very important issue that there not be any voter
17	fraud. So, the public pays some attention to that issue, but
18	also because what is at stake is a political contest usually,
19	and that creates conflict, and that generates media, and it's
20	certainly been it's actually remarkable, to me, how this
21	issue has had, as they say, "legs" for so long, because when I
22	started working on it, I would get one puzzled look after
23	another from my colleagues in my field asking me why was I
24	wasting my time on that; that didn't didn't seem to be an
25	issue, and it also didn't seem to be of great interest. So, it

1 is really something that is so -- has become so -- there are so 2 many stakes involved, I think, and the public is interested in 3 it. That means that there has to be accuracy in the reporting 4 on it.

5 And the reporting, again, over this course of the last 13 years, has gotten much better, but in the beginning I б 7 could trace directly a press release that would be issued by a political actor into a news story without any checking, without 8 9 any verification, just repeating allegations over and over and 10 over again. And with the internet, these things get picked up 11 and they're repeated over and over and over again. So, if you 12 keep saying there's a lot of voter fraud, people might believe 13 it. They -- they don't know what to think. They hear elected 14 officials or they hear people who they think have authority and 15 knowledge on the issue, and they think, okay, generally that's 16 probably the case. And I think also the cynicism around 17 politics means that people are open to the idea that there's 18 corruption.

Again, as a social scientist, I had to drive through that, and I -- I had to define the terms that I was going to use precisely, and they had to -- there had to be a sort of conceptual rationale for it so that I could try to actually measure it. That was the interesting challenge, to me, was to try to actually measure the incidence of voter fraud. But, to answer your question -- I'm sorry for being so longwinded on

1	it is that I think it's just been an issue in the news and
2	it's of interest to people, but the the accuracy of the
3	claims is very, very questionable a lot of the time.
4	Q And do you think there was accurate information before the
5	Texas legislature as to the numbers of in-person impersonation
б	fraud before 2011, before SB 14 was passed?
7	A I'm sorry; could you say that again?
8	Q Do you think there was accurate information about how much
9	in-person impersonation fraud was available to the before
10	the state legislature?
11	A I don't know, because I didn't study the full process for
12	the state legislature as they were going through their
13	deliberations on it, and I know that the issue had come up in
14	the state legislature several times before 2011, but I would
15	be with respect to just the general what was in the
16	public discourse, I would think that the the interest would
17	be in figuring out what the reliability of the claims were.
18	So, I don't know specifically what they had in front of them
19	when they were deliberating, but, in general, I think the
20	public thinks there is more fraud than there is, so it might be
21	reasonable to assume that state legislators might have assumed
22	that, but then they they needed to look at the evidence of
23	it. And there is such a gap. There is such a gap between what
24	people think and what the data actually show.
25	Q And what do you think is the role of leaders like state

1	legislatures in unpacking some of this gap?	
2	A Well, I I I mean, this is something that concerns	
3	me, because I have watched the deliberations around addressing,	
4	allegedly addressing voter fraud in other states as well, and	
5	I I don't feel that the issue has been given enough serious	
б	rational debate. So I think the role for leaders and	
7	politicians in the debate is to really get at the facts and	
8	report them accurately to the public, so that the public has a	
9	good understanding of what's at stake and what the issues are.	
10	I don't I don't think, you know, we take a press	
11	release and sort of run with that. I think you want to dig	
12	into it and and discover the facts, and then educate people,	
13	if there is a misconception, you know, where the misconception	
14	has come through with the media attention, for example, educate	
15	them about what the actual facts are. And I know that that	
16	hasn't happened very well because it's enormously difficult to	
17	get this data. I sent public records requests, as I said, to	
18	every Secretary of State, State Attorney General. I had states	
19	tell me, "We don't have to tell you because you're not a	
20	citizen of Pennsylvania." The data isn't there, and there	
21	seems to be a lack of, you know, interest in looking into the	
22	issue and reporting accurately on it.	
23	Q At the top of Page 15 of your report you say that, "A	
24	great deal of voter fraud can be attributed to mischief." What	
25	do you what do you mean by that?	

1	A There are isolated incidents that have made it into the
2	press because they're humorous, I suppose, but there seem to be
3	quite isolated incidences where people who want to make a
4	political statement about how easy it is, in their mind, to
5	corrupt the registration process, or pranksters who are drunk,
6	perhaps, I don't know, but, you know, we have this stories of
7	dogs and puppets getting registered to vote.
8	Q And would this kind of mischief be prevented by SB 14?
9	A Well, people are going to do these things sometimes if
10	they're, in my opinion, sort of stupid about it, but would it
11	prevent it in terms of the puppet showing up to vote and then
12	having to show the ID.? I mean, in the case I cite here, I
13	don't exactly know how the puppet was registered, but somebody
14	would have to come in and say, you know, "I'm Yippy, the
15	puppet, and here's my my ID." I guess it would prevent it
16	in that respect.
17	Q Would SB 14 stop clerical errors?
18	A No.
19	Q Would SB 14 stop vote buying?
20	A No.
21	Q Would SB 14 stop voter intimidation?
22	A No.
23	Q Would SB 14 stop intentional double voting?
24	A No. If we mean by double voting, what we've seen, which
25	is that where there have been cases, people have either been
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1	confused or, I know of one case of a man who believed he was
2	allowed to cast two votes in two different states because he
3	owned property in both states, but he did it in his own name.
4	So I don't know of cases, except for the one I cited earlier in
5	Texas, with the woman who had the two the fake ID. And in
6	that case SB 14 wouldn't have prevented that.
7	Q And would SB 14 stop absentee ballot manipulation?
8	A No.
9	Q Would SB 14 stop voting machine errors?
10	A No.
11	Q If the goal of SB was to deter voter fraud, do you believe
12	that it was an effective policy response?
13	A No, because I don't you know, we could take SB 14 all
14	by itself out of context, with all the other things that we
15	checks that we have to prevent voter fraud, I don't think any
16	of us want any voter fraud at all, but we have checks in place.
17	So SB 14 doesn't add anything, in my opinion, to what we
18	already have in place. If it were if it were the only thing
19	that we had in place, it could be a way of identifying voters,
20	and there were no other ways that we checked on identity,
21	perhaps, but that's a hypothetical scenario that doesn't exist.
22	Q And if the goal was to increase the integrity of the
23	electoral system, do you believe SB 14 is an effective policy
24	response?
25	A No.

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 143
1	MS. PEREZ: Pass the witness.
2	CROSS EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. CLAY:
4	Q Good morning, Dr. Minnite. How are you?
5	A Good morning.
6	Q Do you have a copy of your report up there?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Okay. Then I will set this aside.
9	MR. CLAY: Can I get the ELMO on, please?
10	Q I got your book.
11	A Okay.
12	Q And I even and I even read some of it. I've got some
13	tabs here we're going to go over. I did find one I did find
14	at least one typo, though.
15	A Oh, there are probably more than one.
16	Q I think I think Morgan Kousser's name is spelled with
17	an O, isn't it?
18	A You know what? I'm going to have to try to I guess I
19	can look at it here.
20	Q Yeah.
21	A I have a problem where, you know, I can't see anything.
22	So I have two different pairs of glasses, but I I think if I
23	look at it here I'll that's okay. Yeah, that's actually
24	misspelled.
25	Q Yeah.

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 144
1	A Yeah. That that's a University Press, too. So, what
2	can we say?
3	Q We'll blame them.
4	A We will blame them. I I didn't do that.
5	Q Okay. The reason I know that is because he's testified
6	against the State in in several redistricting trials. Are
7	you aware of that?
8	A I'm aware that he has testified in a lot of redistricting
9	trials. I don't know about the the Texas.
10	Q And I also see that Mr. Chandler Davidson did a book with
11	you previous; is that right?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Are you aware that he's been retained in this case as an
14	expert?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Are you aware that he testified in front of the
17	legislature against passage of voter ID.?
18	A No. I would say I was very, very pleased that the
19	publisher had approached them because, in my opinion, they
20	they are the leading scholars in the field that would be
21	relevant to the subject of that book.
22	Q Well, you know a couple of other experts very well in this
23	case also, don't you? You filed an amicus against Indiana's
24	that's not very clear, is it? Do you see this can you see
25	the bottom one?

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 145	
1	A Yes.	
2	Q You filed an amicus against the Indiana Indiana's voter	
3	ID. law in the State Supreme Court that was coauthored by Matt	
4	Barreto and Gabriel Ramon Sanchez; is that right?	
5	A Yes.	
6	Q In your report you at least this is my words, not	
7	yours, so if I'm misstating it, please correct me you	
8	essentially say that the absence of evidence of voter fraud is	
9	evidence of the absence of voter fraud; is that right?	
10	A I hope I don't say that that way. I I think what	
11	you're getting at is maybe we could find exactly how I say	
12	it? Do you have it there? I don't remember it.	
13	Q I think I do. How about Page 12, you say, "It is simply	
14	illogical to argue that a lack of evidence that a phenomenon is	
15	occurring means it is widespread"?	
16	A Yes.	
17	Q Okay.	
18	A It's above the line that's underlined there.	
19	Q Yes.	
20	MR. CLAY: Keep it up there for	
21	Q And one of the comparisons that you draw is between voter	
22	fraud and other types of fraud in your report, correct?	
23	A Yes.	
24	Q And you mention, in terms of criminal charges in Federal	
25	Courts you list a whole bunch of various types of fraud up	
	EXCEDUTONAL DEDODUTING CEDUTOES INC	

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 146	
1	there. And the one I'm kind of interested in right now is the	
2	tax evasion, because it seems pretty low.	
3	A Yes. That was very upsetting to see how low that number	
4	is. That's for one year, fiscal year 2005.	
5	Q Wouldn't you be glad that it's low?	
6	A Depends on whether you think that there's a lot of it, I	
7	guess.	
8	Q Yeah. So so you would agree then that not all tax	
9	evasion is brought as a criminal charge in Federal Court,	
10	correct?	
11	A I think so. This is a this is just a data set of of	
12	federal indictments.	
13	Q So it's possible and, indeed, likely, that there are many	
14	more cases of tax evasion that are occurring that go unnoticed,	
15	correct?	
16	A I'm sure there are other cases, yes.	
17	Q And that is true, despite the fact that the IRS has a	
18	division solely devoted to the enforcement of the tax laws,	
19	correct?	
20	A I assume they do. I don't know exactly how they're	
21	organized.	
22	MR. CLAY: Would you put up the IRS memo?	
23	(Pause)	
24	MR. CLAY: Can we zoom in on the title of this?	
25	Q This is the Treasury Inspector General for Tax EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC	

147

Administration memorandum that is -- the highlights are, "There 1 2 are billions of dollars in undetected tax refunds which are resulting from identity theft." 3 MR. CLAY: Would you scroll down to the passage 4 5 that ... 6 And here's kind of a summary of the findings. For the 0 processing year of 2011, the IRS reported that it has detected 7 938,664 tax returns involving identity theft and prevented the 8 9 issuance of federal tax refunds totaling 6.5 billion, which is 10 a pretty big number. But what they also found was, they 11 identified approximately another 1.5 million additional 12 undetected tax returns with potentially fraudulent tax refunds 13 totaling in excess of 5.2 billion. So, in other words, what 14 they were actually able to prevent and detect initially, 15 without going back and doing an audit, was less than a tenth of 16 the actual amount of fraud that was occurring. Do you see 17 that? 18 You mean the 938,000? I'm a little --А 19 Yes. 0 20 -- confused about which numbers you're putting together А 21 there. 22 I'm sorry. Less than two-thirds of the actual amount of 0 23 fraud, the actual amount of known fraudulent actions that were 24 taking place? 25 Oh, I see. So you're -- you're taking 938,000 out of Α

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 148	
1	1.5	
2	Q Correct.	
3	A million.	
4	Q Were you aware	
5	A Well, that's additional to what they you'd have to add	
6	those two numbers.	
7	Q You're right. My math is not very good.	
8 2	A Okay. Mine, too. But …	
9	Q But there's but there's many more instances of fraud	
10	that occurred that were able to be identified and prevented,	
11 0	correct?	
12	A Yes.	
13	Q Okay. And in your book	
14	MR. CLAY: And I'll switch back to the ELMO, if you	
15 0	don't mind.	
16	Q In your book you mention that, "When considering the	
17 ]	National Voter Registration Act, there was some testimony from	
18 4	a Deborah Phillips"; do you recall that footnote there? It's	
19 I	Footnote 39.	
20	A Yes.	
21	Q And she says that, "Prosecutors do not like election fraud	
22	cases because they take precious resources from strained	
23	budgets needed for more serious crimes." Do you see that?	
24	A Yes.	
25	Q And you also said that in this case you reviewed Forrest	

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 149
1	Mitchell's testimony, correct?
2	A Yes. I reviewed depositions and also his testimony at the
3	2012 trial.
4	Q And the Court's going to hear his testimony later today,
5	but you're aware that he testified you're aware that he has
б	been prosecuting voter fraud for quite some time, correct?
7	A My understanding is that he's been doing that for maybe
8	less than ten years, but
9	Q And so you're so you're also aware that he testified
10	that, "Voter fraud is extremely hard to detect," correct?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. And you're also may or may not are you aware
13	that another expert in this case, a Mr. Buck Wood, testified
14	that, "Oftentimes voter fraud cases were not prosecuted due to
15	budgetary and resource constraints"?
16	A No, I'm not aware of his testimony.
17	Q And that was before the legislature, when they were
18	considering a voter ID. bill. And you're not aware of that?
19	A I I don't remember it, if I read it, but I I don't
20	think I've heard that before. So …
21	Q So based upon all this information, you still maintain the
22	conclusion that voter fraud is: one, not hard to detect; and
23	two, there's not more of it than what you've found?
24	A No. I don't think I said it was it wasn't hard to
25	detect, but and I and I think with all criminal justice

1	statistics, we know with all of that reporting there's some	
2	amount of unreported crime that doesn't make it into those	
3	official statistics, but I guess my point in doing the	
4	comparisons with the other kinds of fraud was simply to show	
5	that it is detected. And if we were only capturing, let's say	
6	in the case here in Texas, let's say four cases, and actually	
7	one of them was questionable because the person wasn't	
8	competent to stand trial, but let's say four cases between 2000	
9	and 2012, what do we want to multiply it for? What do we think	
10	we're missing?	
11	If we're missing if we're missing we're only	
12	capturing half of it; that means there's eight cases. So that	
13	doesn't change my opinion that it's still rare. If we're	
14	capturing if it's only capturing 10 percent of what's out	
15	there, what's that number?	
16	Q But is	
17	A It's still very, very small. So I	
18	Q But you	
19	A I thought about that. I thought, what am I missing?	
20	Q But you don't know how much we're missing, correct?	
21	A I don't have a precise number.	
22	Q Okay. And you mentioned earlier in your testimony that	
23	you had a chance to look at some information from the that	
24	was provided by the Department of Justice; is that correct?	
25	A Yes.	

		Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 151
1	Q	And that information was given to you after your report in
2	this	case, correct?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	Was was that information did it appear to be
5	sprea	adsheets, spreadsheet printouts from various databases?
6	A	It was in the format of a spreadsheet, you know, rows and
7	colur	mns. I don't know where it came from, though.
8		MR. CLAY: Zoom it out here, so we can get a full
9	pictu	are.
10	Q	Does that look about right? Does that look like what you
11	looke	ed at?
12	A	Yeah. I mean, I actually both places, and I think if I
13	chang	ge I won't be able to see it either, but it does look like
14	it.	
15	Q	Here, I'll zoom in on the top, if that will help.
16	A	Okay. Yeah. Right, that would be helpful.
17		(Pause)
18	A	Yes, that does look like what I looked at. There were
19	mult	iple pages with somewhat different headings.
20	Q	And you said it didn't change your opinion in this case,
21	corre	ect?
22	A	Correct.
23	Q	Were you able to identify what do you know what this
24	chart	t section means?
25	A	It's it's related to it's actually one of the

1	charges that I tracked when I did my analysis of the data from	
2	the Administrative Office of U.S. Courts. I used they do	
3	the same thing, they they code indictments and charges in a	
4	similar way. And this one I don't remember off the top of	
5	my head exactly, but it refers to Section Title 42, I don't	
6	know if I'm using the terminology correctly, 17 1973i(c).	
7	Q So, I'm I'm just talking generally.	
8	A Oh.	
9	Q This appears to be the statutory section under which the	
10	charge is brought, correct?	
11	A Yes.	
12	Q And for these highlighted portions it's 42 USC 1973i(c),	
13	is that right?	
14	A Yes.	
15	Q And that's the section that is used to prosecute voter	
16	impersonation, correct?	
17	A I don't remember the the numbers. I mean, if you had	
18	it in the statute I could see that, but I don't remember the	
19	I don't remember all of the various statutory numbers.	
20	Q So so you're not sure what this section means?	
21	A I know it's related to election fraud.	
22	Q So then just by looking at this spreadsheet you are not	
23	aware whether or not these cases that are highlighted here, and	
24	this is just one one of many sheets, has anything to do with	
25	voter impersonation or not, correct?	

1	A I'm not certain. Again, I I don't think the federal	
2	government calls it voter impersonation either in the statute	
3	as it's written. I guess I could be wrong, but I don't think	
4	so. It's usually illegal voting of some kind, like double	
5	voting or voting by someone who's ineligible.	
б	Q Thank you.	
7	(Pause)	
8	Q Yes. You'll see this is <u>Federal Prosecution of Election</u>	
9	Offenses, seventh edition, May 2007. It was written by Craig	
10	Donsanto, the director of the Election Crimes Branch, in the	
11	Public Integrity Section, and Nancy L. Simmons, senior counsel	
12	for policy in the Public Integrity Section. Do you see that?	
13	A Yes.	
14	MR. CLAY: And can we look at Page, is it 41?	
15	Q You'll see that, "The false information provision of	
16	Section 1973i(c) prohibits any person who furnishes materially	
17	false data to an election official to establish eligibility to	
18	register to vote." Do you see that?	
19	A Yes.	
20	MR. CLAY: And could we go to the zoom in on the	
21	third paragraph, please?	
22	Q "On the other hand, where the false data is furnished to	
23	poll officials for the purpose of enabling a voter to cast a	
24	ballot in a particular election, as when one voter attempts to	
25	impersonate another, it must be shown that a federal candidate	
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC	

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

153

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 154
1	was being voted upon at the time." So you would agree, then,
2	that that section is, in fact, used to prosecute voter
3	impersonation, correct?
4	A It it might be, if it were a federal election.
5	Q And so when you reviewed these spreadsheets, you didn't
6	take any effort to try to uncover whether or not those cases
7	that were being prosecuted under this section were, in fact,
8	voter impersonation cases, correct?
9	A Well, I I didn't have hardly any time to look at it.
10	And it was the material was very confusing to me because a
11	lot of it was redacted. I saw the charge there, and I actually
12	tried to match up this material to the document that I spoke
13	about in the deposition and also relied upon in my book which
14	was from the Ballot Access and Voting Integrity Initiative of
15	the Justice Department where indictments were made.
16	So I tried to see, well, were the were the people
17	on that list from 2002 to 2005, were any of them on the Justice
18	Department documents here that you're showing me. And I found
19	a couple of them, but I didn't really have the time or the
20	resources to try to interpret this information. I didn't
21	have nobody nobody explained to me I know it came from
22	the Justice Department, but where it came from. So I didn't
23	I I saw, you know, I looked at it, but it doesn't change my
24	opinion in my report.
25	Q Well, could you tell me whether or not so, long story

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 155
1	short, you don't know whether those cases being prosecuted
2	under 1973i(c) are cases of voter impersonation or not,
3	correct?
4	A I don't know. I think it could include a person providing
5	a false address.
6	Q Okay. I'd like to talk a little bit about your definition
7	of voter fraud.
8	MR. CLAY: Could you put up the (indiscernible)
9	story? No, I'm sorry. Let's let's do the "code for votes"
10	story.
11	Q So, I can't blame you for not looking at this before your
12	report came out, because it's just dated a few days ago,
13	September 1st, 2014, but this is the type of thing you would
14	have looked at, correct, in doing your report, a newspaper
15	article of this sort?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Okay. And you'll notice that the if you could take a
18	minute just to look at it
19	A Okay.
20	Q and I'll ask you a couple questions about it.
21	(Pause)
22	A Okay. I've read what you have up there.
23	Q Okay. And so, essentially, you'd agree that this is a
24	vote buying scheme that gets caught, correct?
25	A That's what it looks like.

		Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 156
1	Q	Okay. And would that be included in your definition of
2	voter	fraud?
3	А	No.
4	Q	Okay. And
5	A	Well, let me let me just clarify that.
б	Q	Well, I mean, for the purposes of your report, this is not
7	not i	included in the definition of voter fraud, correct?
8	А	Right.
9	Q	Okay. And do you know whether, from looking at this
10	story	v, whether or not the voters that were bought, whether they
11	were	registered to vote?
12	А	No, I don't know from looking at the story.
13	Q	Do you know whether they were eligible to vote?
14	А	No.
15	Q	Okay. So, in other words, this story, this newspaper
16	story	v is a fairly incomplete picture, correct?
17	А	Yes.
18	Q	Okay. And a vote buying scheme could have fraudulent
19	votes	s on the other end, correct?
20	A	It could.
21		MR. CLAY: Could you put the Wes with that story?
22	BY MF	R. CLAY:
23	Q	Now this is one you did look at, correct?
24	A	I think so. I think so by the date and also is it Wes
25	I	don't know how to pronounce that but.

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 157
1	Q Weslaco.
2	A Weslaco. It looks for familiar.
3	Q Do you know the total number of votes that were
4	disqualified in this case?
5	A Well it says here the judge rejected 11 ballots which were
6	undetermined in which candidate they supported. Based on
7	testimony from voters the judge subtracted illegal votes from
8	the totals of both sides.
9	Q So you
10	A So I don't know. You know, I would want to look at this
11	more carefully but right there it's not clear to me exactly how
12	many
13	Q But it's not clear how many votes this election contest
14	ultimately ruled were illegal, correct?
15	A What you're showing me right there, no.
16	Q And it's also not clear from this story why those votes
17	were ruled to be illegal, correct?
18	A They were illegal. There could be different reasons for
19	why they were illegal.
20	Q And it could have been voter impersonation, correct?
21	A Could be.
22	Q So let's talk about another type of fraud that it's
23	unclear to me whether or not you consider it to be voter fraud
24	at least as far as this report is concerned and that's voter
25	registration fraud. And I think, correct me if I'm wrong, that

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 158
1	the answer depends, correct?
2	A Well, I was asked as I said earlier to analyze the
3	existence and extent of voter fraud and specifically fraud that
4	
	would be prevented by SB 14 so I was focusing on for the Texas
5	report, paying special attention, not exclusive but special
б	attention to fraud committed in the casting of ballots at the
7	polling place. I have certainly included voter registration
8	fraud generally in my definition in other work.
9	Q So for instance in this book you list at the back several
10	instances of voter registration fraud conducted by
11	organizations like Acorn, right?
12	A I include the cases that were in those indictments that I
13	report on that were brought by the Federal Government between
14	2002 and 2005 under their special program focusing on voter
15	fraud and voter intimidation. I think there were one or two of
16	those 95 indictments were what we would call voter registration
17	fraud.
18	Q Just one or two?
19	A I think so in the 95 in the 95 indictments.
20	Q And do you know how many fraudulent ballots I'm sorry,
21	registrations that those two cases included?
22	A I don't recall.
23	Q Okay. Do you know if Yippy ever voted?
24	A I would assume that if Yippy voted it would have made it
25	into the news.

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 159
1	Q But you're not sure if he did?
2	A I don't didn't look at the records. And that case went
3	back to 1987.
4	Q Are you aware that during testimony before the legislature
5	on voter ID there was concerns raised by witnesses and
б	legislators alike regarding the potential connection and
7	correlation between voter registration fraud and fraudulent
8	ballots?
9	A I think I recall that but that is also a common concern.
10	Q So although SB 14 would not prevent voter registration
11	fraud is it fair to say that it might deter it?
12	A No.
13	Q Why not?
14	A Well, in my study of this where there have been fraudulent
15	ballots I'm sorry, fraudulent registrations submitted,
16	there's almost no connection to the vote itself, to the
17	election. But what's happened is when groups doing big voter
18	registration drives hire lots and lots of people and they don't
19	have enough supervision there have been cases where people have
20	submitted fraudulent applications to try to show that they are
21	doing the work that they're getting paid for as canvassers. So
22	the intent of much of the voter registration fraud that I
23	looked at has been more, almost as if these workers are kind of
24	ripping of their employer. And I don't I can I don't
25	know if I can think of any cases in which a fraudulent

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 160
1	registration turned into a fraudulent vote. So they're almost
2	like two different kinds of fraud that aren't connected very
3	tightly in terms of motivation or affect.
4	Q But you agree that the possibility to cast fraudulent
5	ballots could be connected to voter registration fraud,
6	correct?
7	A It's possible.
8	Q Do you know what Project Vote is?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And they were a partner and subsidiary with Acorn back
11	when Acorn was still around, correct?
12	A For a period of time.
13	Q And they also have been caught up in some voter
14	registration scandals, correct?
15	A Not Project Vote, no.
16	Q They haven't?
17	A No.
18	MR. CLAY: Could you bring up the August, 2011
19	report?
20	MR. SPEAKER: February or March?
21	MR. CLAY: February. Yeah, I think so. Can you
22	scroll down? Let's see if I put page numbers in here. It is
23	page 12. Can you zoom in right here, please? No, that's not
24	it. I'm sorry. Go to page 50.
25	//

	Minnite - Cross / By Mr. Clay 161
1	BY MR. CLAY:
2	Q I apologize.
3	A Okay.
4	MR. CLAY: To you too, your Honor. I'm sorry.
5	Q We'll move on. And you've testified on behalf of Acorn,
6	correct?
7	A I was a fact witness in a case in which they were
8	plaintiffs.
9	Q And you also were on the Board of Directors of Project
10	Vote, correct?
11	A Yes, for one year.
12	Q Are you still connected with Project Vote?
13	A No.
14	Q Okay. And you told me at your deposition that you needed
15	to be unbiased and objective in doing this analysis for this
16	case, correct?
17	A Yes.
18	MR. CLAY: Could you put up the Erickson mini D?
19	Q You wrote an article with a Mr. Erickson, correct?
20	A Yes.
21	Q What year was this?
22	A This was published in 2009.
23	Q And the basic gist of this article was that turnout data
24	regarding the effective turnout with defect of voter ID laws on
25	turnouts was inclusive, correct?

	Minnite - Cross / By Ms. Baldwin 162
1	A Yes.
2	MR. CLAY: Could you show the
3	Q In that article despite that conclusion you said in 2009
4	"it should be evident that our sympathies lie with the
5	plaintiffs in the voter ID cases." Is that right?
6	A Yes.
7	MR. CLAY: Pass the witness.
8	CROSS EXAMINATION
9	BY MS. BALDWIN:
10	Q Good morning, Dr. Minnite. My name is Anna Baldwin and I
11	represent the United States. I just have a couple of questions
12	I'd like to ask you. Earlier Mr. Clay asked you some questions
13	based on a chart from the United States about whether certain
14	cases and charges filed by the United States might involve
15	voter impersonation. I'd like to show you a document that's
16	been filed with this Court at ECF Number 390-2.
17	MS. BALDWIN: If we could pull that on the screen and
18	if we could fold in on the top half.
19	BY MS. BALDWIN:
20	Q Could you read the title of that document for me,
21	Dr. Minnite.
22	A Declaration of Richard C. Pilger.
23	Q Uh-huh. And the next few lines.
24	A Director, Elections Crimes Branch, Public Integrity
25	Section, Criminal Division, United States Department of

	Minnite - Cross / By Ms. Baldwin 163
1	Justice.
2	Q Great.
3	MS. BALDWIN: And if we could go to the second page
4	of this document, please. And could we scroll in just at the
5	last line in the signature block? And above it, I'm sorry, so
6	we can see the date.
7	BY MS. BALDWIN:
8	Q And do you see that this is a sworn statement that was
9	executed by Mr. Pilger on July 3 <sup>rd</sup> , 2014?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Okay.
12	MS. BALDWIN: If we could up to paragraph five,
13	please.
14	BY MS. BALDWIN:
15	Q I'm going to read you paragraph five and ask a question.
16	"To the best of my knowledge from March 2010 to the present the
17	Public Integrity Section has neither investigated nor consulted
18	in any cases of election fraud through in person voter
19	impersonation, i.e. the use of the name of another person to
20	obtain and vote a ballot while physically present at the polls
21	that have proceeded beyond a preliminary inquiry anywhere in
22	the United States including the State of Texas." Do you have
23	any reason to question the accuracy of this sworn statement
24	that was made as of July 3 <sup>rd</sup> of this year?
25	A No.

Minnite - Cross / B	y Ms. Baldwin
---------------------	---------------

MS. BALDWIN: Let's go to this next paragraph,
 paragraph six.

### 3 BY MS. BALDWIN:

"To the best of my knowledge upon a review by myself and 4 0 5 other DOJ staff of information from the automated case tracking system of the Criminal Division of DOJ and of certain б 7 publically available and related court records there have been 8 no apparent cases of in person voter impersonation, i.e. use of 9 the name of another person to obtain and vote a ballot while 10 physically present at the polls charged by the Criminal 11 Division of DOJ anywhere in the United States including the 12 State of Texas from 2004 to the present." Do you have any 13 reason to question the accuracy of this sworn statement in 14 paragraph six that was made as of July 3rd, 2014?

15 A No.

16 Okay. And let's last look at paragraph MS. BALDWIN: 17 "To the best of my knowledge upon a review by myself seven. 18 and other DOJ staff of information from the legal information 19 office network system maintained by the Executive Office for 20 United States Attorneys of DOJ and of certain publically 21 available and related court records there have been no apparent 22 cases of in person voter impersonation, i.e. the use of the 23 name of another person to obtain and vote a ballot while physically present at the polls charged by the United States 24 25 Attorney's Office anywhere in the United States including the

164

	Minnite - Redirect / By Ms. Perez 165
1	State of Texas from 2004 to the present." And Dr. Minnite, do
2	you have any reason to question the accuracy of this statement
3	made in paragraph seven that was sworn as of July 3rd, 2014?
4	A No.
5	Q Thank you.
6	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
7	BY MS. PEREZ:
8	Q Just a few questions, Dr. Minnite. Will you again explain
9	for the Court a mix method analysis?
10	A Mix method analysis basically means combining qualitative
11	quantitative research.
12	Q And so that involves looking at multiple sources.
13	A Yes.
14	Q And so you would not find any one source of incidents of
15	say tax evasion to be definitive as to the extent of tax
16	evasion?
17	A Correct.
18	Q And when one is doing a mix method analysis one looks at a
19	bunch of different kinds of data sets right before reaching a
20	conclusion?
21	A Or data sources. It could include what I think of data
22	sets would be quantitative data but yes, multiple sources of
23	data.
24	Q And so at this point do you feel comfortable that you
25	looked at all of the sources that are available to be able to

1 make an appropriate and scientifically reliable conclus	ion that
2 the incidents of in person impersonation fraud in Texas	is
3 very, very rare?	
4 A Yes.	
5 RECROSS EXAMINATION	
6 BY MR. CLAY:	
7 Q Just a couple more questions, Dr. Minnite. Based	upon the
8 declaration that you just had read to you do you is	it clear
9 to you whether or not Mr. Pilger looked at anything oth	er than
10 those spreadsheets that you and I looked at?	
11 A I think I don't know. I mean I assume the spre	adsheets
12 were part of reporting summary statistics from the othe	r things
13 that he looked at.	
14 Q But that declaration doesn't make it clear whether	he
15 looked at anything other than those spreadsheets, corre	ct?
16 A Well I actually wouldn't assume that he looked at	the
17 spreadsheets. I think he might have produced the sprea	dsheets
18 or produced the data that were put in the spreadsheets	so I'm
19 not sure but.	
20 Q Well, he said he looked at information from the da	ta
21 bases. Generally that would come in the form of a prin	t off
22 like this, correct?	
23 A Not necessarily. It could be a lot of paper recor	ds
24 associated with cases.	
25 Q Despite your aligned interest in your counsel's EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC	aligned

167

1	interest with the Department of Justice you were not provided
2	any additional information other than these spreadsheets in
3	order to conduct your analysis in this case, correct?
4	A From the Department of Justice? Yes, that's correct.
5	MR. CLAY: Nothing further, your Honor.
б	THE COURT: Anything is that all?
7	All right, ma'am. You can step down. Let's go ahead
8	and recess for lunch. If you'll return at 1:05 and you can be
9	excused.
10	(A recess was taken from 12:02:10 p.m. to 1:03 p.m.;
11	parties present
12	MR. DUNBAR: Your Honor, Kelly Dunbar. And we'll be
13	doing reading of Major Forrest Mitchell's deposition
14	designation.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	MR. DUNBAR: May I approach with a copy for the
17	Court?
18	THE COURT: Yes.
19	MR. DUNBAR: And your Honor, for the record I'll be
20	reading from Mr. Mitchell's Section 5 testimony followed by his
21	2014 deposition. And I'll note when we make that transition.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	//
24	//
25	//
25	//

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 168
1	EXAMINATION OF FORREST MITCHELL BY EXCERPTS
2	OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
3	(QUESTIONS READ BY MR. DUNBAR; ANSWERS READ BY MS. FARANSSO)
4	"QUESTION: Can you introduce yourself to the Court,
5	please?
6	"ANSWER: Yes. My name is Forrest Andrew Mitchell
7	and I am a major with the law enforcement division of
8	the Attorney General's Office for the State of Texas.
9	"QUESTION: Can you tell the Court what it is that
10	the Special Investigations Unit does?
11	"ANSWER: Yes. The Special Investigations Unit is a
12	team ofor has teams of investigators that conduct
13	criminal investigations in a wide variety of areas.
14	Some of these areas include money laundering, human
15	trafficking, public integrity, white collar crime,
16	and elections violations.
17	"QUESTION: And how do you refer to that subgroup of
18	the SIU?
19	"ANSWER: We refer to them as the elections team.
20	"QUESTION: Now, what are the type of Election Code
21	violations that the election team investigates?
22	"ANSWER: It would be illegal voting and other
23	violations of the Texas Election Code, or Penal Code
24	offenses surrounding elections.
25	"QUESTION: Are all election violation referrals to

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 169
1	the Office of the Attorney General typically routed
2	to the SIU office?
3	"ANSWER: Yes, sir.
4	THE COURT: Hold on.
5	<b>REPORTER:</b> I'm sorry, I don't mean to interrupt. But
б	can she announce her name for the record so we can get an
7	accurate record, please?
8	MS. FARANSSO: Yes. It's Tania Faransso.
9	MS. SPEAKER: Thank you.
10	THE COURT: She's reading the depo, right?
11	MR. DUNBAR: I'll start that question again.
12	"QUESTION: Are all election violation referrals to
13	the Office of Attorney General typically routed to
14	the SIU office?
15	"ANSWER: Yes, sir.
16	"QUESTION: And do you keep track of all election
17	violation cases that are referred to your office?
18	"ANSWER: Yes, sir, I do.
19	"QUESTION: And how do you do that?
20	"ANSWER: I maintain an Excel spreadsheet which is
21	divided into three books. The first book would be all
22	of the Election Code referrals that come into our
23	office; and the second book would be the prosecutions
24	resolved; and then the third book of the spreadsheet
25	would be the charges pending.

Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition	170
"QUESTION: Very quickly, you started in response	to
Mr. Sweeten's questions, you said there were six	
cases of voter impersonation. But just to make s	ure

we all know what we're talking about, one was Ponce,
which was an absentee ballot case, right?
"ANSWER: That is correct, sir.
"QUESTION: One of them was Ms. Almanza, the mother
who, herself, didn't try to impersonate anyone,
right?
"ANSWER: No, sir, she was charged as a party to the

12 "QUESTION: Right. But that's one of your five?
13 "ANSWER: Yes, sir.

offense of illegal voter.

14 "QUESTION: But again, so we're really dealing with 15 four allegations of individual people who went to a 16 polling booth, supposedly -- I'll get to two more --17 and tried to impersonate someone else, not five; 18 isn't that correct? Because Mrs. Almanza didn't do 19 that.

20 "ANSWER: That's correct.

1

2

3

11

25

21 "QUESTION: Then of the four, we have Ms. McMillan, 22 who was the election worker herself, who kind of 23 cooked the books before the polls opened, right? 24 "ANSWER: Yes, sir, that's correct.

"QUESTION: So then we're down to three. And the

Mitchell /	bv	excerpts	of	Deposition
		0001000	<u> </u>	2020202011

other one, M.C. we've been calling her, is a woman
who has been declared mentally incompetent and used
photo IDs that she had to identify herself at the
polling place. So she didn't try to impersonate
anyone but herself, right?
"ANSWER: She used multiple identities, including her
deceased sister.
"QUESTION: But they were all photo IDs with her
photo on it, correct?
"ANSWER: I'm not sure which type of document she
used at the polling place. She had driver's license
and she also had voter registration certificates and
all the different identities.
"QUESTION: But sitting here today, you can't say one
way or the other.
"ANSWER: No, sir.
"QUESTION: Then we're down to two, Crowder and
Mr. Almanza, correct?
"ANSWER: Yes, sir.
"QUESTION: And that's over ten years from 2002 to
2011, two people whom you're saying might have been
prevented from impersonating someone else by SB 14's
photo ID requirements, right?
"ANSWER: These are the two cases of the cases that
have been referred to our office.

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 172
1	"QUESTION: Just because a crime may be difficult to
2	detect doesn't necessarily mean that people are
3	committing it; isn't that correct?
4	"ANSWER: I would agree.
5	"QUESTION: And in fact, in-person voter
б	impersonation in the polling booth is a crime that,
7	by definition, is committed in broad daylight in
8	front of people, right?
9	"ANSWER: In-person voter impersonation would be in
10	front of somebody, that's correct."
11	MR. DUNBAR: And your Honor, we'll now be shifting to
12	the 2014 deposition.
13	"QUESTION: I want to switch topics a little bit and
14	talk a little bit more about the nuts and bolts of
15	what SIU does and how they've done it since 2012.
16	"Can you describe to me how alleged Election Code
17	violations get referred to SIU?
18	"ANSWER: There are a number of different ways they
19	may be referred to the Attorney General's Office.
20	Probably the largest portion of cases are direct
21	referrals from the Elections Division of the
22	Secretary of State's Office. A portion of the cases
23	could be direct referrals from a district or a county
24	attorney in any of the jurisdictions in Texas or it
25	could be a referral from another law enforcement

# Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition

1	agency such as a Sheriff's Department, the Texas
2	Rangers, FBI, any type of organization, any kind of
3	law enforcement organization. And then finally, some
4	of the referrals that we receive are from elections
5	administrators themselves.
б	"UESTION: All right, Major Mitchell. We're still
7	talking about the Prosecution's resolved portion of
8	your spreadsheet, and we've identified the
9	17 different cases since your last deposition. Of
10	those 17 how many involved charges of in-person voter
11	impersonation?
12	"ANSWER: There's only one case that specifically
13	illegal voting, voter impersonation, was charged and
14	convicted.
15	"QUESTION: And that's Mr. Almanza; is that correct?
16	"ANSWER: Yes, sir. Lorenzo Antonio Almanza, Jr.
17	"QUESTION: And what can you tell me about that case?
18	"ANSWER: I believe I testified in thein my trial
19	and in the deposition, that the facts and the
20	circumstances of that case were Lorenzo Antonio
21	Almanza presented himself at the Progreso School
22	District election and utilized his brother's voter
23	registration certificate. His brother, at the
24	time I believe his name was Orlando Almanza was
25	in custody in San Antonio in the state penitentiary

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 174
1	
1	when that election occurred, and that Lorenzo used
2	his voter registration certificate to vote a second
3	time in that election.
4	"QUESTION: But a poll watcher recognized him and
5	knew that was not the case, correct?
6	"ANSWER: Correct.
7	"QUESTION: Put differently, you were able to
8	investigate and prosecute Mr. Almanza for what he did
9	without an SB 14 photo identification requirement in
10	effect, correct?
11	"ANSWER: Yes, sir, because we had a witness who was
12	able to positively identify the suspect.
13	"QUESTION: And in your has there been a change in
14	the number of Election Code referrals that have come
15	to the that have come to the attention of SIU
16	since SB 14 became effective in July of 2013?
17	"ANSWER: No. There has been no no significant
18	change in the amount of referrals.
19	"QUESTION: So I should clarify. SB 14's photo ID
20	requirements don't apply to early voting through an
21	absentee ballot; is that correct??
22	"ANSWER: That's correct.
23	"QUESTION: So if I'm someone who is really intent,
24	say, on using a dead person's voter registration to
25	vote, even after SB 14's photo ID requirements were
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 175
1	in effect, I could do so just through an absentee
2	ballot, correct?
3	"ANSWER: There is one way to impersonate a voter is
4	through mail-in ballot fraud.
5	"QUESTION: Right. And SB 14's photo ID requirement
б	doesn't address that problem, correct?
7	"ANSWER: No.
8	"QUESTION: So if I again, if I were someone who
9	really wanted to cast a dead person's vote after
10	SB 14's photo ID requirements, I might decide not to
11	go to the polling place, but I could do so through
12	absentee ballot fraud; is that correct?
13	"ANSWER: That is correct.
14	"QUESTION: And SB 14's photo ID requirements don't
15	do anything to address the other range of Election
16	Code violations other than in-person voter
17	impersonation; is that correct? Well, does SB 14's
18	photo ID requirement do anything to address a problem
19	with voter coercion?
20	"ANSWER: Not to my knowledge.
21	"QUESTION: Or vote buying?
22	"ANSWER: No, sir.
23	"QUESTION: My question then in a hypothetical sense,
24	if you're a group that really wants to affect an
25	election outcome after SB 14, doing so through

	Mitchell / by excerpts of Deposition 176
1	in-person voter fraud is arguably harder, correct?
2	"ANSWER: I believe so. Yes, sir.
3	"QUESTION: That's the intent of the law, correct?
4	"ANSWER: I believe it is much more difficult.
5	"QUESTION: But that same group that wanted to affect
6	an election outcome could attempt to achieve that
7	same result through a variety of other types of
8	election fraud such as vote buying, vote coercion,
9	correct?
10	"ANSWER: I believe that mail-in ballot fraud is
11	still a means by which a person could affect voter
12	impersonation.
13	"QUESTION: Outside the contents of absentee ballot
14	voting there are other things that this group that
15	really wants to affect an election outcome could
16	engage in such as pressuring voters to vote in a
17	certain way or buying votes, correct?
18	"ANSWER: I believe that those are other ways that a
19	person can commit a criminal offense associated with
20	elections.
21	"QUESTION: And SB 14's photo ID requirements
22	requirement doesn't do anything to stop that those
23	types of voter fraud, correct?
24	"ANSWER: Not specifically the photo requirement, no.
25	"QUESTION: Okay, thank you. And Mr. Mitchell, are

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 177
1	you aware that the penalties for voter impersonation
2	fraud in Texas is a prison sentence of 2 to 20 years
3	and up to a \$10,000 fine?
4	"ANSWER: Illegal voting, yes, ma'am. Is a second-
5	degree felony, yes, ma'am."
6	MR. DUNBAR: No further questions.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MR. SCOTT: Your Honor, we're reserving our reading
9	in our case-in-chief.
10	THE COURT: All right.
11	MR. BARON: Our next witness is Mr. Korbel, your
12	Honor. I'm going to just step outside and grab him.
13	(Pause)
14	MR. BARON: Good afternoon. I'm Neil Baron for the
15	Veasey LULAC Plaintiffs, and I'm calling George Korbel.
16	THE COURT: Good afternoon. Would you raise
17	THE WITNESS: Good afternoon, Judge.
18	THE COURT: Would you raise your right hand?
19	GEORGE KORBEL, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, SWORN
20	THE CLERK: Please be seated.
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. BARON:
23	Q Are you ready to proceed, Mr. Korbel?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Even though everyone in the courtroom knows your name, go

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 178
1	ahead and state it for our record anyway.
2	A George Korbel, K-o-r-b-e-l.
3	Q And where do you reside, sir?
4	A San Antonio, Texas.
5	Q And what is your profession?
6	A I'm an attorney. Retired attorney maybe I should say.
7	Q Can you briefly describe your educational background?
8	A I have a bachelor's degree from St. John's University in
9	Minnesota and a law degree from the University of Minnesota in
10	1968.
11	Q Have you worked as a lawyer on Texas election law cases?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Was one of those cases White v Register?
14	A Yes, that's correct.
15	Q Okay. We'll come back and talk about that a little later.
16	Have you also testified as an expert witness in
17	various Texas Voting Rights Act cases?
18	A I have, yes.
19	Q Do you have an estimate of how many times you've testified
20	as an expert witness in state or federal court?
21	A I was trying to count them up out, and I think it's
22	either 18 or 19.
23	Q Have you been
24	A In voting issues.
25	Q Yes, sir. Eighteen or 19, is that what you said?

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 179
1	A That's correct, yes.
2	Q And have you been qualified as an expert by federal and
3	state courts before on <u>Voting Rights Act</u> and election law
4	matters?
5	A Yes.
б	Q How many times?
7	A Eighteen or 19.
8	Q Can you name some of the cases you've testified on?
9	A Well, most recently was <i>Perez versus Perry</i> , which is the
10	State House and the congressional redistricting. And we've
11	tried that we've tried those now three times or four times
12	if you deal with the issues in the three-judge court in the
13	District of Columbia. So I was qualified on stipulation in
14	each one of those.
15	And then Davis versus Perry, both at the three-judge
16	court district level here in San Antonio over in San Antonio
17	and at the three-judge court level in the District of Columbia.
18	Q Have federal state courts agreed with your findings and
19	analysis in cases?
20	A Usually, yes.
21	Q Have those findings been cited in any cases?
22	A Yes, they have.
23	Q Do you have any examples?
24	A I've been cited by several district courts. And by my
25	testimony I've given or articles that I've written I've been
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

		Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 180
1	cited by	y the U.S. Supreme Court on four occasions.
2		MR. BARON: Can you bring up his report, Exhibit 771,
3	at Page	41 I showed you, please?
4	Q You	a included a quote from one of your cases that you
5	testifie	ed as an expert in
6	A Yes	5.
7	Q	in your report?
8	A Yes	5.
9	Q Mal	kes a reference to you being a recognized voting rights
10	expert o	on non-statistical analysis of elections?
11	A Yes	5.
12	Q So	you're here to testify today about some non-statistical
13	matters	?
14	A Noi	n-statistical matters, yes.
15	Q I :	imagine everybody will be happy to hear that.
16	( La	aughter)
17		Before we move on, you have worked for some of the
18	lawyers	in this case before?
19	A I ł	nave.
20	Q Ind	cluding myself?
21	A Yes	5.
22	Q Cha	ad Dunn, Jose Garza?
23	A Yes	5.
24	Q And	d Rolando Rios?
25	A Yes	s. And I've also been on the other side of Jose Garza

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 181
1	and Chad Dunn.
2	Q Okay. And you've been at this I guess about 45 years now?
3	A Well, 44, yes.
4	Q That's about 45.
5	A That's about 45.
6	Q And have you testified during those years in support of
7	election law matters, including redistricting both for and
8	against Democrats and Republicans?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And I guess prior to 2000 any of the redistricting plans
11	you would have been dealing with would have been Democratic
12	plans?
13	A Yes, yes. There were these Hispanic and Black Plaintiffs
14	were on the side of the Republicans through the time the
15	Republicans took over, and then they ended up on the side of
16	the Democrats.
17	Q Have you ever worked for the State of Texas in an election
18	law case?
19	A I was a consulting expert for the State in 1995, I think.
20	Q How about for and against Texas, County and local
21	municipalities?
22	A Well, I have a business in which I do redistricting for
23	jurisdictions. And so we represent in the process of doing
24	the redistricting represent a number of jurisdictions. I think
25	we did 70 or so in 2000. And I also have represented the City EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

		Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 182
1	of S	an Antonio, defended them in an election issue case.
2	Q	Have you testified before the State House and Senate on
3	elec	tion law and redistricting matters?
4	A	Yes, I have.
5	Q	How many time?
6	А	Dozens.
7	Q	How about before the United States Congress and Senate?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	Did you testify before the United States Congress when the
10	<u>Voti</u>	ng Rights Act was extended to Texas?
11	А	Yes.
12	Q	That was in 1975?
13	А	1975, yes.
14	Q	Can you briefly explain what happened?
15	А	Congress extended the Congress extended the Act to
16	Теха	s by determining that, in effect, English only elections
17	were	a test or a device which was excluding Hispanics from
18	part	icipating in the process.
19	Q	Did you also testify when the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> was
20	re-u	pped for Texas in 1982?
21	A	Eighty-two, yes.
22	Q	Has the state of Texas ever contested your expert
23	qual	ifications in any case you've participated in?
24	A	No.
25	Q	What's your hourly rate in this case? EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 183
1	A Three hundred and fifty dollars testifying.
2	Q And the method of payment?
3	A I have a retainer of \$10,000.
4	Q And that was paid by the Veasey LULAC team?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And your report is Exhibit 771 in the record. You
7	prepared that report for this case?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Along with a number of appendices?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Are parts of your report and portions of those appendices
12	similar to other reports you've prepared?
13	A Yes, they're we're litigating or the Plaintiffs,
14	certain Defendants are litigating in the State House in the
15	congressional case and in this case and the issues the facts
16	are all the same, of course. So we've cut and pasted back and
17	forth.
18	MR. BARON: I'm going to tender Mr. Korbel as an
19	expert on the history of discrimination, racially polarized
20	voting in the state of Texas, your Honor.
21	And I'm going to ask Tim if you would bring up the
22	Page 33, 34 from LULAC v Perry.
23	Q What were you asked to do in this case, Mr. Korbel?
24	A In LULAC versus Perry?
25	Q No, sir. In this case. EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1	A Oh, in this case. I was asked to look at the history of
2	discrimination in the state and also initially to look at the
3	time, the logistical problems that one would have in getting an
4	election identification certificate or a ID, voter ID. And I
5	was also asked to look at the number of cases where the courts
6	have found racially polarized voting and mostly in the history
7	and the problems with education and economics and what we
8	normally call the Gingles factors.
9	Q Okay. And I'll make you define that in a second. But
10	before I do since I'm showing this, are you familiar with this
11	quote from LULAC $v$ . Perry where Justice Kennedy mentions that
12	changes to District 23 undermine the progress of a racial group
13	that's been subject to significant voting related
14	discrimination?
15	A Yes, I'm familiar with that. I have that on the wall in
16	my office.
17	Q Okay. And it goes on to talk about how the district court
18	recognized the long history of discrimination against Latinos
19	and Blacks in Texas?
20	A That's correct.
21	Q So what's the significance of an analysis of the history
22	of voter of the history of discrimination in a <u>Voting Rights</u>
23	Act case like this brought under Section 2?
24	A Well, it gives some indication of the level of
25	discrimination and the level of antipathy between the races and
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1 tł	ne ethnic groups.
2 Q	You mentioned White v Register.
3 A	Yes.
4 Q	What role did you play in that case?
5 A	I was that case was filed in on the day before
6 Tł	nanksgiving and we went to trial on New Year's Eve. So it was
7 a	very short fuse. And by stipulation of the State they
8 a.	llowed me to testify to some of the factual issues and be a
9 la	awyer in the case at the same time. Not the lead lawyer at
10 tł	nat point for the Hispanics but one of the lawyers.
11 Q	What was historically significant about White v Register
12 sı	uch that it ends up in LULAC v Perry some almost 40 years
13 la	ater?
14 A	Well, White versus Register as far as the state of Texas
15 is	s concerned is significant because at that time nobody in
16 Te	exas lived in a city council or school district that had
17 s:	ingle-member districts. They were all at-large. And none of
18 tł	ne people who lived in our urban areas lived in single-member
19 d:	istricts so that there was this massive amount of dilution of
20 m.	inority votes because of the at-large elections. And this is
21 tł	ne first case in which the Supreme Court found that multi-
22 me	ember districts or at-large elections could be
23 ur	nconstitutional and was unconstitutional.
24 Q	And subsequent to White v Register there was a kind of a
25 lo	ong tail to that case?

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 186
1	A Yes.
2	Q Do you want to give us the short version of that, Reader's
3	Digest version as they say?
4	A Well, starting in the Twenties through the Fifties there
5	were a number of Texas laws that were found to be
б	unconstitutional in which they initially excluded African
7	Americans from voting in the Democratic primary and then
8	permitted the Democratic party to exclude them.
9	Q Let me interrupt you there.
10	A Sure.
11	Q We're going to come to that. What I'm talking about is
12	after White v Register.
13	A Oh.
14	Q Were there additional cases that came out of White $v$
15	Register?
16	A Yes. White versus Register has six parts, four on the
17	merits and two on the fees.
18	Q The Reader's Digest version, now remember.
19	A Yes. The first part of the case dealt with Dallas and
20	Bexar County. And the State initially indicated it would agree
21	that all of the at-large elections in Texas were in the
22	legislative districts were illegal if we won in Dallas and
23	Bexar. And we won in Dallas and Bexar and they changed their
24	mind. So we ended up litigating in all of the rest of the
25	urban areas that were electing representatives at large.

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 187
1	Q And that was <i>Graves versus Barnes</i> ?
2	A Graves versus Barnes, one, two, three and four.
3	Q Outcome of those cases?
4	A Well, we were successful in all those cases.
5	Q And those took place during the Seventies?
б	A During the Seventies, yes. Actually, through the mid
7	Seventies.
8	Q And that was when the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> was also applied
9	to Texas for the first time?
10	A Yes. Well, the vote the effort to extend the <u>Voting</u>
11	Rights Act to Texas was really part and parcel of the end of
12	White versus Register.
13	Q Were there other election procedures in Texas during the
14	Fifties, Sixties and Seventies that were also found
15	unconstitutional by federal courts based on discrimination?
16	A Yes. There was this whole history of the White primary,
17	which then devolved into the poll tax and
18	Q Okay. What happened with the poll tax?
19	A In the Twenty-Fourth Amendment in 1960 it was sent over to
20	the states in 1962, and it made poll tax in federal elections
21	unconstitutional. And it was the thirty-eighth state that
22	approved it in '64, so it became a constitutional amendment in
23	1964.
24	Q And what was the Texas legislative response to that?
25	A What they did was they passed the bill providing for Texas

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 188
1	to have two ballots so that you would vote one ballot if you
2	didn't have a poll tax for the federal government and another
3	ballot for the state government for the state if you had a poll
4	tax.
5	Q So you still had to pay a poll tax for state elections.
6	A You had to pay for the state elections but not for the
7	federal elections.
8	Q And what happened to that little technique?
9	A Well, it actually never went into effect because in 1965
10	the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> was passed originally, and that
11	authorized the Attorney General to bring suit against all the
12	states that had poll taxes. Texas was one of them and in Texas
13	versus the United States it was declared unconstitutional.
14	Q Then what did the legislature do?
15	A They adopted a annual voter registration procedure where
16	you would register to vote several months before an election
17	and then you could vote in that election. And then when the
18	next election came along, you had to register to vote again.
19	So the court found that that was an even worse problem than was
20	the poll tax. And that was stricken.
21	Q How long did it take to finally shake the poll tax out of
22	Texas politics?
23	A Well, as soon as the as soon as the Supreme Court
24	decided the Virginia case, which was dispositive of the Texas
25	case, that did away with the poll tax. Was in the early
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 189
1	Seventies, mid Seventies early Seventies.
2	Q When did Texas as a state get around to actually ratifying
3	the Twenty-Fourth Amendment, which made poll taxes
4	unconstitutional?
5	A Texas ratified the Twenty-Fourth Amendment in 2009.
6	Q After White v Register did you continue to participate in
7	redistricting in Texas?
8	A I did.
9	Q Were you involved in the 1980 cycle?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Was that the first cycle of well, I guess that would
12	have been the first cycle of redistricting after the
13	application of the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> to Texas?
14	A Yes. Although part of part of the districts that
15	were some of the districts that were adopted at the tail end
16	of White Graves versus Barnes and White versus Register
17	actually were covered by the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> . And there were
18	objections at the end of those.
19	Q Those that came after
20	A Yes.
21	Q 1975?
22	A After '75, yes. Actually, those that came after '72. The
23	Act was effective back to 1972.
24	Q Got you. Were the 1980 legislative congressional and
25	State House and Senate plans challenged in court?

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 190
1	A They were.
2	Q And what happened?
3	A They're largely successful. Almost always litigation is
4	successful in voting cases.
5	Q Okay. And so when you say "successful," you mean those
6	plans were found unconstitutional.
7	A Plans were found unconstitutional and plans that were more
8	favorable to Hispanic and African American Plaintiffs were
9	adopted.
10	Q And the factual basis based on your research for the
11	findings of unconstitutionality for the 1980 cycle?
12	A Well, it's the same for all of them. It's gerrymandering
13	by dividing minorities into several parts or concentrating them
14	into single districts.
15	Q What about the 1990 cycle? And just to make it clear, as
16	we're talking about the Eighties and Nineties and on into 2000,
17	Texas was growing.
18	A Yes.
19	Q And so each one of these cycles the number of
20	congressional seats increased.
21	A That's correct.
22	Q I think from 1980 it went up to 27; and then in 1990
23	to 30; and then in 2000 to 32; and then most recently to 34,
24	36?
25	A Thirty-six.

		Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 191
1	Q	Right, thank you. So in 1990, tell me what happened with
2		plan that was drawn. Was that the Frost plan?
3	_	The congressional plan, yes.
4		Okay. The congressional plan, that was sort of engineered
5		artin Frost?
6		Yes. It was bought and paid for by Martin Frost.
7		And what party was Martin Frost a member of?
8		He was a Democrat.
9		And what happened to those plans?
10	A	Large part
11	Q	Again, the Reader's Digest version. I know we could talk
12	liter	ally for days about that.
13	A	Well, I'd really rather look at the case books, but large
14	parts	of them were declared unconstitutional or declared to
15	viola	te the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> .
16	Q	And there was a case I think in 1996, Bush v Vera
17	(phon	etic)?
18	A	Yes.
19	Q	Are you familiar with that case?
20	A	Yes, I am.
21	Q	And that was a Supreme Court case that held those maps
22	uncon	stitutional?
23	A	That's correct.
24	Q	And do you recall the bases for the findings?
25	A	The basis is that the plans were drawn totally on the
		EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1	basis of race. And you could tell that by the looks of the	
2	districts. At least that's what the Supreme Court said.	
3	Q And I looked at those cases. I should have probably	
4	brought these quotes, but I saw references to bizarre shapes	
5	and incredibly convoluted lines. Do you recall that language	
б	being used by Justice Kennedy?	
7	A Yes.	
8	Q The 2000 redistricting cycle, by that time the Democrats	
9	no longer had control of the total state government; is that	
10	correct?	
11	A That's correct.	
12	Q The governor was a Republican.	
13	A Yes.	
14	Q And the State Senate was, I think, a Republican majority.	
15	A Yes.	
16	Q But the House was still Democrat.	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q Was that group able to vote out a map?	
19	A They weren't able to vote out a House map, no.	
20	Q And so who drew the map?	
21	A That was drawn by the State Legislative Redistricting	
22	Board, which has the authority to or has the responsibility	
23	to redistrict if the Legislature fails to do so at the end of	
24	their first regular session.	
25	Q What about for the congressional districts?	
	FYCEDUTONAL DEDODUTING CEDUTCES INC	

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 193		
1	A Well, congressional districts, my recollection is the		
2	states have defaulted and let the Federal Courts draw the		
3	districts.		
4	Q And did that map maintain a Democratic majority?		
5	A Yes, it did. They followed along with a plan that came as		
б	close as possible to passing by the Legislature.		
7	Q When was the next redistricting effort attempted?		
8	A In 2010.		
9	Q I'm going to disagree with you, Mr. Korbel.		
10	A What year are you talking about now, 2000? The next one		
11	was 2000.		
12	Q Do you recall a gentleman named Tom Delay?		
13	A Yes.		
14	Q So when was the next redistricting effort attempted? I		
15	know we'd like to forget about that, but we can't for today's		
16	purposes.		
17	A In 2003, that was the session in which Tom Delay sort of		
18	ran the program like Martin Frost had run the program ten years		
19	earlier, or some years earlier.		
20	Q And that is the plan that was challenged and ultimately		
21	resulted in LULAC v. Perry?		
22	A <u>LULAC v. Perry</u> , it was what it was called the DNA		
23	manual.		
24	Q Okay. And I think there was a three judge Court that		
25	ruled against LULAC on every issue, but then when it went to		

194 Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 1 the Supreme Court Justice Kennedy addressed Congressional 2 District 23. Do you remember that? That's correct. Yes, he did. 3 Α 4 MR. BARON: Okay. Can we being up that second quote, 5 Tim, from Page 35 to 36? 6 BY MR. BARON: 7 Justice Kennedy says: 0 "The State chose to break apart a Latino opportunity 8 9 district to protect an incumbent congressman from the 10 growing dissatisfaction of the cohesive and politically active Latino community. The State then 11 12 purported to compensate by creating an entirely new 13 district that combined two groups of Latinos hundreds 14 of miles apart." 15 Do you recall that? 16 Α Yes. 17 Were you involved in that redistricting process? 0 18 Yes, I testified in that redistricting process. Α 19 Did you draw some alternative maps? 0 I did. 20 Α 21 What happened after Justice Kennedy found that that map Q 22 for Congressional District 23 violated Section 2 of the Voting 23 Rights Act? 24 The case was remanded to the District Court and the Α 25 District Court held a hearing on the plan and it got detained,

Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 195 the Court drew the districts. 1 And then what resulted in the election? 2 Ο Well, it changed substantially District 23. District 23 3 Α had been almost a district in which Hispanics could elect 4 5 representatives of their choice, which is what the Justice was referring to, but in -- but the District Court fixed that and б 7 brought the numbers back to where they were and a -- a person from the Hispanic community was elected through 2010. 8 9 MR. BARON: Can you bring up the rest of that quote 10 for me, Tim, real quick. We can just finish on that. Just --11 Yeah, if you could just blow that up a little bit. 12 BY MR. BARON: 13 0 And so Justice Kennedy said: "Under Section 2 the State must be held accountable 14 15 for the effect of these choices in denying equal 16 opportunity to Latino voters." 17 And is that what you believe happened with regard to the redrawing of that? 18 19 Yes. And Justice Kennedy was saying that not only in our Α 20 districts which are clearly electing a choice of the minority 21 community, but districts that are about to do that, and the 22 natural progression of geography and politics is such that 23 that's going to happen, that the State may not step in and do 24 away with those districts. 25 Speaking of the State stepping in, what happened to Q

1	Congressional District 23 in the 2010 redistricting cycle?			
2	A In the 2010 redistricting cycle the districts were almost			
3	exactly the same as the ones that were found to be found to			
4	violate the Voting Rights Act by the Supreme Court in 2006.			
5	Q Okay.			
б	A For 23, they did almost the same thing, except this time			
7	the plaintiffs were able to find emails and tweets that			
8	indicated that they actually the State's intent was to			
9	prevent the choice of the minority community from being			
10	elected.			
11	Q We brought for demonstrative purposes			
12	MR. BARON: If you could put up that map.			
13	BY MR. BARON:			
14	Q I brought some or actually you brought some maps from			
15	Tarrant and Dallas County area from			
16	A Yes.			
17	Qthe 2010 cycle?			
18	A Yes.			
19	Q Can you tell us briefly what these demonstrate			
20	A Okay, so			
21	Q from the 2010 cycle?			
22	A These are there are eight congressional districts that			
23	touch on Tarrant and Dallas Counties. Tarrant and Dallas			
24	Counties are now about 60 percent Hispanic and African-American			
25	and Asian. And of those eight districts that touch on the			
	FYCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES INC			

counties, on Dallas and Tarrant Counties, only one of them has
 the potential to elect a representative of choice.

And the districts -- if the Court will look, District 3 Number 26 starts up here in suburban and then runs down into 4 5 the heart of Fort Worth and pulls out of part of Fort Worth and then ties it in with all of these older districts. The newer 6 my -- the harder the color, the more minority the districts 7 are. And so you can see then there's another one that goes all 8 9 the way around, District 12, that's called the sheet, 26 is 10 called the lightning bolt, and then there's an arm that goes 11 through two suburban counties into the southwestern suburban 12 part of Tarrant County and then over into the Mid Cities area, 13 splits the Mid Cities area, which is a very fast growing 14 Hispanic, primarily Hispanic area, and it splits that. 15 So you can see where the minority community is divided just in Tarrant County into four parts. 16 17 What affect does that have on their ability to elect 0 candidates of choice? 18 They have no ability to elect a candidate of their choice 19 Α 20 because they were divided up. 21 What's the current status of that litigation? Q 22 That litigation, it was tried again I think two weeks ago Α and they're waiting on a decision. But the case was also tried 23 24 in 2011 and in 2011 the State agreed to do away with this plan 25 and then adopted another plan which allows the creation of

197

another district in which Hispanics and African-Americans are			
able to elect the representatives of their choice and, in fact,			
have been able to elect the representatives of their choice.			
Thank God this plan was no election was held under this			
plan.			
Q Are these the only congressional districts that are			
challenged under that plan?			
A No, there are districts all over the state challenged in			
the same way.			
Q This is just one of the more obvious examples?			
A This is the most obvious example, yes. If you'll put up			
that second slide.			
Q Oh, I'm sorry, yeah, the second is the same thank you.			
A So these are all of the counties that are tied in with			
Dallas and Tarrant Counties and, as you can see, all of these			
rural counties and suburban counties are very heavily Anglo.			
So what they do is each one of them goes in and picks out about			
a half of a congressional district out of Dallas and Tarrant			
Counties and then pulls it out so they can dilute it by the			
with those counties. And interestingly, this district runs all			
the way through 25 runs all the way through Fort Worth down			
into downtown Austin. Splits up the Black community in Austin.			
Q Let me ask you briefly about racially polarized voting. I			
know that computer's in the way. I think it's more important			
that the Court hears you then I do, so don't worry about me.			

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 199			
1	<b>THE COURT:</b> You can maybe if he's not using it,			
2	we can flip it down.			
3	MR. BARON: Okay. Careful, don't break it, George.			
4	(Laughter)			
5	THE WITNESS: It don't want to break it.			
6	MR. BARON: That's why I didn't come anywhere near			
7	it.			
8	BY MR. BARON:			
9	Q First of all, it's been a phrase that's been battered			
10	around and I think it's been defined a couple times, but tell			
11	me what racially polarized voting is.			
12	A Racially polarized voting exists when racial or ethnic			
13	groups vote significantly differently so that Anglos so that			
14	Hispanics and African-Americans or Hispanics or African-			
15	Americans would their candidate of choice would be different			
16	than the Anglo candidate of choice.			
17	Q Why is it important to know about that, I mean important			
18	to where the Supreme Court talks about it and you mentioned			
19	Gingles report, it was one of the Gingles preconditions, right?			
20	A Yes. Yes, it is one of the			
21	Q So why is it so important?			
22	A It's important because it's the basis on which this whole			
23	area of the law depends, because the problem is that you have			
24	racially polarized voting and when you dilute the minority vote			
25	by pulling Anglos who are voting who also have racially			

	Korbel - Direct / By Mr. Baron 200	
1	polarized voting into and diluting the districts in Dallas and	
2	Fort Worth like this, then you have legally significant	
3	(indiscernible) racially polarized voting.	
4	Q You're kind of a historian in this area. How many Court	
5	findings, Federal Court findings of racially polarized voting	
6	are you aware of in Texas since say 2000?	
7	A Just Federal Court?	
8	Q Sure.	
9	A Twenty-one.	
10	Q Are they I think they're listed in your in the	
11	appendix to your report?	
12	A Yes.	
13	Q That's Appendix 1?	
14	A Yes.	
15	Q And are these findings confined to one area of the state	
16	or what?	
17	A Well, first of all, they're not all listed, because one	
18	took place about two weeks ago. So	
19	Q Most of them are listed.	
20	A Most of them are. No, they're throughout the entire state	
21	and they're in all of the urban areas.	
22	Q Has the State ever admitted that racially polarized voting	
23	takes place in Texas?	
24	A Yes. When the at the final argument in <u>Perez v. Perry</u>	
25	case over in San Antonio the Justice Judge Rodriguez asked	

	Korber - Direct / By Mr. Baron 201				
1	the State will you stipulate that there is racially polarized				
2	voting throughout the entire state so we don't have to deal				
3	with that issue and they said yes, they can't deny that, except				
4	in Corpus Christi and in Kingsville.				
5	Q Kleberg and Nueces?				
6	A Yes.				
7	Q So they stipulated to the other 252 counties?				
8	A The other 252 counties.				
9	Q Do you believe there's racially polarized voting in Nueces				
10	and Kleberg?				
11	A Yes, it's been found several times by the Federal Courts				
12	and by the Justice Department in voting rights in Texas.				
13	Q Have you personally analyzed racially polarized voting				
14	yourself in cases?				
15	A Yes.				
16	Q How many times?				
17	A Many times in cases that I'm either working with another				
18	expert who's going to testify statistically or where I'm the				
19	lawyer putting somebody on the stand. I almost always, in one				
20	way or another, do racially polarized voting tests so that I				
21	can make sure that that expert is testifying correctly and that				
22	his report is correct.				
23	Q Was SB 14 passed during the same Legislative session as				
24	these 2011 congressional and State and House redistricting				
25	plans we've been talking about?				
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC				

201

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 202			
1	A Yes.			
2	Q And what conclusions do you draw from that?			
3	And what conclusions do you draw from that? A Well, it's they were passed I mean only a matter of a			
4	couple days apart and they were part of the I think the same			
5	effort to make it more difficult for Hispanics and African-			
б	Americans to participate in the political process and elect			
7	representatives of their choice.			
8	MR. BARON: Thank you, Mr. Korbel.			
9	I'll pass the witness.			
10	CROSS EXAMINATION			
11	BY MR. SCOTT:			
12	Q Hello, Mr. Korbel. You submitted a Declaration, which has			
13	also been submitted to the Court. Do you recall preparing			
14	that, along with the appendixes to it?			
15	A Yes. You mean the report?			
16	Q Yes.			
17	A Yes.			
18	Q In summary, you knew that that was going to be hence a			
19	sworn declaration that you presented to the Court in this case,			
20	correct?			
21	A Yes.			
22	Q As part of that report you also did an analysis of			
23	distances that certain people in I think approximately 12			
24	counties were going to have to drive, is that correct?			
25	A Yes, in three urban areas.			

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 203		
1	Q In three urban areas. Yes, sir.		
2	With regard to the counties you selected, the 12		
3	counties that you selected were 12 counties that did not have a		
4	DPS office is I believe your recollection my recollection of		
5	your testimony. Is that correct?		
6	A Yes, that's correct. Although I might say that those were		
7	the early drafts of what I was intending to testify to, but		
8	then the Plaintiffs split up the effort and they hired others		
9	to complete the analysis.		
10	Q Well, let's take a peek at what you worked on and what's		
11	been submitted to this Court as part of your Declaration,		
12	because I believe it's in the record.		
13	A Yes.		
14	MR. SCOTT: Brian well, hold on a second, Brian.		
15	BY MR. SCOTT:		
16	Q So one of the first ones you did was an analysis of Freer,		
17	correct, and that's over in Duval County?		
18	A Yes.		
19	Q Just a pretty close distance to here, right?		
20	A Yes.		
21	Q And I think you told me in your deposition you picked		
22	Freer because it was a city that you'd driven through before on		
23	the way through South Texas, correct?		
24	A Yes. We had we did both Freer and Benavides and when		
25	you were asking me the questions I was talking about Benavides		

# Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott

1	and not Freer. But both of those are in the analysis.			
2	Q And I think you let me know that, as part of your report			
3	at least, you analyzed how far somebody that lived in Freer,			
4	whatever the center point of that town would be, to go to			
5	Alice, I guess, to a DPS station, to Falfurrias, or George			
6	West. I think those were three of the towns. Correct?			
7	A Yes. If you were in that county and then you put in the			
8	ZIP code for the county, it would tell you where the closest			
9	or where the close DPS offices are.			
10	Q Because as a part and parcel of what you built your			
11	foundation on, as far as your opinions of distances that			
12	someone without a photo ID that complies with SB 14 that is			
13	part and parcel of your opinions that you've submitted to this			
14	Court, I think you came to the conclusion that many of those			
15	people would have to travel between 50 and 120 miles, is that			
16	correct?			
17	A That's correct.			
18	Q And so as part of that, did you obtain from your			
19	counsel I'm sorry counsel for any of the Plaintiffs any			
20	other distances about which someone could obtain an EIC or any			
21	kind of proper ID?			
22	A Well, the DPS website mentions that there might be ways to			
23	get these identification certificates in the counties that			
24	don't have DPS offices, but then it doesn't say which counties			
25	those are and then it goes on to say in order to get an			
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC			

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 205			
1	election identification certificate you must go to a DPS			
2	office.			
3	Q And I guess let's get back to my question, which is did			
4	any of the counsel for Plaintiffs provide you that information			
5	about any of those locations?			
6	A No, I read it in the one of your expert reports.			
7	MR. SCOTT: Okay. Brian, could we see Exhibit			
8	Plaintiffs' Exhibit 486, please.			
9	Brian, second page, please, and if you'll zoom in on			
10	location.			
11	Roll on up.			
12	BY MR. SCOTT:			
13	Q So this is a Declaration that's been filed by the			
14	Plaintiffs in this case that identifies a person within the			
15	election administrator in Duval County.			
16	A Yes.			
17	Q And			
18	MR. SCOTT: Brian, if you'll go on to the next page.			
19	Q We see that her office is in San Diego and San Diego is			
20	what in Duval County?			
21	A The county seat.			
22	Q Okay. And so San Diego is not one of the cities that you			
23	had somebody travel to from Freer. How come?			
24	A Well, because there was no indication that you could get			
25	an election identification certificate in the DPS website.			

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 206			
1	Q Okay. And none of your counsel representing the			
2	Plaintiffs in this case provided that information to you,			
3	right?			
4	A As I say, I read it in your expert report.			
5	Q Okay. The next county you looked at was Fayette County,			
б	is that right?			
7	A That's correct.			
8	Q And Fayette County you gave several different locations			
9	where someone could travel to. One was Pflugerville and that			
10	was I think you put 148 miles, approximately 129 miles to			
11	Austin, Brenham 80 miles, Caldwell 104, Giddings 41. Do you			
12	recall those?			
13	A That's correct.			
14	MR. SCOTT: Brian, will you bring up Plaintiffs'			
15	Exhibit 488, and if you'll enlarge this.			
16	Q Again, this is from the this is the Declaration that's			
17	been filed by the Plaintiffs in this case and it is from the			
18	election administrator for Fayette County.			
19	MR. SCOTT: And Brian, if you'll go to the next page.			
20	Q And we see her office is in La Grange. And the city that			
21	you were focused on in this case was La Grange, correct?			
22	A That's correct.			
23	Q So again, the distance, if we look at how the eagle flies,			
24	it is absolutely less than a mile, because this is actually in			
25	the courthouse, correct?			

		Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 207
1	A	Correct.
2	Q	And so it would be the same location that you've used for
3	your	zero point?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	Is that correct?
б	A	Except for the fact that the website says how to apply.
7	To aj	pply for an EIC, visit a driver's license office and
8	complete the application for a Texas election identification	
9	certificate.	
10	Q	Okay.
11	A	That's what they tell you to do, go to a DPS office.
12	Q	So let's look at one more example that you came up with,
13	and	it was for someone who might live in Hebbronville.
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	That's in Jim Hogg County?
16	А	I'm sorry?
17	Q	Is it in Jim Hogg County?
18	А	Yes. I think so.
19	Q	And then you gave three distances for it. One to Alice,
20	which is 110 miles, one to Falfurrias, which is 70 miles, and 1	
21	think one to Zapata, which is 103 miles.	
22	A	Yes, those were the
23	Q	Do you recall those?
24	А	Those were the offices that if you put in the ZIP code for
25	that	county, those are the offices you were told to go to.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 208
1	MR. SCOTT: So Brian, would you bring up Plaintiffs'
2	Exhibit 496 and if you'll go to the second page.
3	BY MR. SCOTT:
4	Q This is another Declaration that was filed by the
5	Plaintiffs in this case. And again, it was not provided to
6	you, is that correct?
7	A No.
8	MR. SCOTT: And if you'll enlarge it, move along up
9	there. This is from the tax assessor/collector, the first one.
10	The second go on to the next page, Brian.
11	Q And it appears he's also located in Hebbronville and would
12	it surprise you that that's the same as your zero point that
13	you started your analysis that you found for your distances
14	that you have submitted as part and parcel of your Declaration
15	in this case?
16	A Yes. And once again, the reason that I was looking at it
17	was because that's what your website says to do, to go to the
18	closest DPS office and then your website gives the closest DPS
19	office.
20	Q Now, you were hired in this case by Mr. Baron, Mr. Dunn,
21	the Veasey Plaintiffs, as I call them. Is that correct?
22	A That's correct.
23	Q Who are the Veasey Plaintiffs individually?
24	A Well, Congressman Veasey is one of the Plaintiffs. He's
25	the only one that I'm familiar with. And they're also working

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 209
1	together with the LULAC Plaintiffs.
2	Q Okay, but how about the individuals that are Plaintiffs in
3	the case that they represent?
4	A I have never met them.
5	Q Did you do an analysis or were you requested to do an
б	analysis, for instance, to see how far they would have to drive
7	to go get an EIC or a driver's license or some other
8	identification from a State of Texas entity?
9	A No, I did another sort of a study, as we discussed in my
10	deposition.
11	Q So if I gave you the name Brinker and told you that that
12	is a party that is represented by the Plaintiffs in this case,
13	have you ever heard that name before?
14	A I have not.
15	Q And would you know that address of that person as being
16	3608 Hidden?
17	A No.
18	MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you bring up the Babcock?
19	Q So that's an address in San Antonio for Mr. Brinker and
20	that's the distance that they would have to travel to get an
21	election IC or a driver's license or a registration card. Did
22	you know that?
23	A Let me pull this up so I can see it.
24	No.
25	Q And can you read that the distance there is 10.3 miles and EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 21	LO
I don't know if this somes through slear enough for you	
A Ten to 12 minutes, yes, by bus.	
Q Maybe by car, but	
A By car. I'm sorry.	
Q But I'll take that one.	
A No, no.	
(Laughter)	
I was I thought this was the bus and I thought it	
was awfully short.	
Q Let's now look at Plaintiff Gandy. Do you know who	
Plaintiff Gandy is	
A No.	
Q in this case?	
A No.	
Q And let's pull up	
<b>MR. SCOTT:</b> Brian, if you'll bring up pull up	
Gandy.	
Q First of all, do you know where that is? Do you recogniz	e
that map?	
A Yes, that's Corpus Christi.	
Q It is Corpus Christi. And do you see how far that Party	
Plaintiff would have to travel to get an election ID card?	
A If you have a car, you're close. If you have to take the	2
	I don't know if this comes through clear enough for you. A Twelve miles 10.3 miles. Q Well I think 12 minutes. A Ten to 12 minutes, yes, by bus. Q Maybe by car, but A By car. I'm sorry. Q But I'll take that one. A No, no. (Laughter) I was I thought this was the bus and I thought it was awfully short. Q Let's now look at Plaintiff Gandy. Do you know who Plaintiff Gandy is A No. Q in this case? A No. Q And let's pull up MR. SCOTT: Brian, if you'll bring up pull up Gandy. Q First of all, do you know where that is? Do you recogniz that map? A Yes, that's Corpus Christi. Q It is Corpus Christi. And do you see how far that Party Plaintiff would have to travel to get an election ID card?

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 211
1	bus, public transportation, you're far.
2	Q Well, at least from this map I've got a distance between
3	Point A and Point B on city streets here in Corpus Christi,
4	there is a distance that the map has come up with, correct?
5	A Yes. One is 4.1 miles, 3.5 miles, and 2.5 miles.
6	Q Exactly. Okay, so let's go how about
7	Plaintiff Benjamin, do you know him?
8	A No.
9	Q Or her? Do you know their address of 902 Nevada Street?
10	A No.
11	Q Do you know what street what city that's in?
12	A San Antonio.
13	Q Well, the clue's on the map. And so let's what's the
14	distance between Nevada Street, where that Party Plaintiff is
15	living, and the DPS, the closest DPS station?
16	A It says 5.4 miles, 11 minutes by car, and I don't know, it
17	doesn't say how long by bus. I suspect it's much longer by
18	bus.
19	Q Okay. How about Mr. Carrier? Have you heard of
20	Mr. Carrier?
21	A No.
22	Q And do you know where he lives, like in China, Texas at
23	200 Avenue D?
24	A No.
25	Q All right. And so

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 212
1	MR. SCOTT: Let's pull that one up, if we could,
2	Brian.
3	Q And it looks like would you read that distance for me?
4	It looks like 16.2 miles.
5	A Sixteen point two miles, 16.3, and 19.1 are the three
6	distances.
7	Q Now, what you did do in this case is you have a client
8	that you've represented through the years, is that correct?
9	A I've only represented her for a short time, but yes, I
10	have represented her.
11	Q Okay. And something came about in you all's conversations
12	and somehow some way she ended up letting you know she needed
13	to get an ID of some kind, driver's license, ID card, EIC, and
14	was going to go to the to a Texas Department of Public
15	Safety facility in San Antonio, correct?
16	A She asked me she said that she no longer had a driver's
17	license because she was she no longer could afford a car and
18	so she had let her driver's license go and I asked her how long
19	and she said for a long time. And she wanted to know how she
20	could qualify to vote, because she had heard about this. And
21	so I told her that she could get an election identification
22	certificate for free, but she didn't want to do that because
23	she said I need to have an ID. So I said, well, they're in the
24	same place, one you're going to pay for. And I asked her do
25	you have a birth certificate, because I wanted to make sure she

# Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott

1	had a birth certificate. She pulled out her original birth
2	certificate that her mother had given her and she keeps it in
3	her wallet, like a lot of Hispanics do because they're
4	concerned about immigration. She keeps her birth certificate
5	in her wallet and she pulled it out and it was an original
6	birth certificate and I said you'll have no problem with it.
7	Q Now, had you visited with her back when she had identity
8	theft?
9	A She's as I told you, she's an intellectually disabled
10	person. She has some very serious psychological problems.
11	Q And you helped her get a disability rating with the Social
12	Security Administration, correct?
13	A I did not, no.
14	Q Okay. Somebody did.
15	A She got it herself, I think.
16	Q But she's recognized as disabled, correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q And
19	A She was beaten as a young woman and has no feeling in a
20	large part of her body.
21	Q And before you put her on a bus to go get her ID renewal
22	or card, you made sure she had everything she needed to get it
23	when she went over there because you understood what an
24	undertaking it would be for someone in her situation, correct?
25	A She's able to travel on the bus, yes, but I wanted to make
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

<ol> <li>sure that she wouldn't have to make multiple trips.</li> <li>Q Do you live in San Antonio?</li> <li>A Yes, I do.</li> <li>Q And you've got a car?</li> <li>A Yes, I have a car.</li> <li>Q Why didn't you give her a ride?</li> <li>A I could have.</li> <li>But instead you told her to take notes on how long it to</li> </ol>	ъk
<ul> <li>3 A Yes, I do.</li> <li>4 Q And you've got a car?</li> <li>5 A Yes, I have a car.</li> <li>6 Q Why didn't you give her a ride?</li> <li>7 A I could have.</li> </ul>	ъk
<ul> <li>4 Q And you've got a car?</li> <li>5 A Yes, I have a car.</li> <li>6 Q Why didn't you give her a ride?</li> <li>7 A I could have.</li> </ul>	ъk
5 A Yes, I have a car. 6 Q Why didn't you give her a ride? 7 A I could have.	ъk
6 Q Why didn't you give her a ride? 7 A I could have.	ъk
7 A I could have.	ъk
	ъk
8 0 But instead you told her to take notes on how long it to	ראר
g Due instead you cord ner to care notes on now rong it to	
9 her to get from Point A to Point B and back, didn't you?	
10 A Did not. I did not ask her to do this. She said she	
11 wanted to do it. And I think had I offered to drive her she	
12 would have taken that as an insult.	
13 Q But she got over there and because of her past theft or	ID
14 theft situation, where somebody had stolen her identity, and	
15 she had asked the Department of Public Safety to put a	
16 restriction that required photo ID to be shown before renewal	,
17 do you recall that?	
18 A No, I don't recall that. No, not that.	
19 Q Do you deny that?	
20 A I don't deny it. No, I just I'm not familiar with	
21 that.	
22 Q Did you know that before you set sail told her to set	
23 sail on the bus in San Antonio?	
24 A Did not know that.	
25 Q Did she eventually get her ID?	1

# Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott

1	A Yes. They wouldn't accept her birth certificate and so
2	she took another bus and went downtown in San Antonio and
3	because it was getting so late in the day, she'd been at this
4	all day, she took a cab back out to the DPS office.
5	Q Is it your was it is it your opinion was it your
б	understanding that the only reason she wanted some type of ID
7	was so that she could vote?
8	A She asked me about the voting and I told her about the
9	election identification certificate and I advised her that the
10	election identification certificate could not be used as an ID.
11	And she felt she needed an ID, which I think probably all of us
12	need an ID, and so she decided that she would pay for the ID,
13	that it was worth paying for.
14	MR. SCOTT: Brian, if you'll bring up her deposition
15	please.
16	Q So, reading on Page 37, Line 25:
17	"QUESTION: And why did you get an identification
18	card that day?
19	"ANSWER: Well, I needed something to prove who I am.
20	Everywhere you need it. They ask you for ID. If you
21	don't have one, you can't prove otherwise.
22	"QUESTION: And can you give me some examples of
23	situations where you would need to show ID?
24	"ANSWER: Well, if you want to go to the library you
25	have to show them ID. If you want to get, like,
	FYCEDTIONAL DEDODTING SEDVICES INC

215

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 216
1	maybe get a loan or I'm not saying I'm going to go
2	get a loan, but you're required to show ID.
3	"QUESTION: Okay.
4	"ANSWER: You know, everywhere they ask you for ID.
5	Even if you go to maybe a night club, they ask you
6	for an ID. Everywhere you go you need an
7	identification.
8	"QUESTION: And was it were you strike that.
9	Was it were you okay paying the \$16 in order to
10	get the ID?
11	"ANSWER: Yes, ma'am."
12	"QUESTION: So that wasn't a deterrent from you not
13	getting the ID?
14	"ANSWER: No, no. No, ma'am.
15	"QUESTION: Okay. Are you currently registered to
16	vote?
17	"ANSWER: Yes, ma'am."
18	So how is it that she ended up getting all this
19	information to you for the purposes of you putting in your
20	expert report that you're being paid by the Plaintiffs in this
21	case the information about this disabled person being put on a
22	bus to go undertake to accomplish getting her ID card renewed?
23	A Because I had some concerns about her and I wanted to make
24	sure. I asked her to call me the next day to make sure that
25	everything was all right. As you know, sometimes they're not

<ul> <li>very polite at the DPS offices.</li> <li>Q Well, I don't know that but that would be even more reason</li> <li>to accompany her, wouldn't it?</li> <li>A No, I think people have to disabled people have to</li> <li>learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for</li> <li>them.</li> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>		Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 217
<ul> <li>Q Well, I don't know that but that would be even more reason</li> <li>to accompany her, wouldn't it?</li> <li>A No, I think people have to disabled people have to</li> <li>learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for</li> <li>them.</li> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>to accompany her, wouldn't it?</li> <li>A No, I think people have to disabled people have to</li> <li>learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for</li> <li>them.</li> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	1	very polite at the DPS offices.
<ul> <li>A No, I think people have to disabled people have to</li> <li>learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for</li> <li>them.</li> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> </ul>	2	Q Well, I don't know that but that would be even more reason
<ul> <li>learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for</li> <li>them.</li> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	3	to accompany her, wouldn't it?
<ul> <li>6 them.</li> <li>7 Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>8 A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>9 there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>10 a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>11 a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>12 she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>13 then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>14 day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>15 total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>18 A She did not.</li> <li>19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>10 her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>22 (Pause)</li> <li>23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	4	A No, I think people have to disabled people have to
<ul> <li>Q Let's switch over to some of your other</li> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	5	learn to be on their own. That's the best thing possible for
<ul> <li>A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down</li> <li>there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't</li> <li>a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy</li> <li>a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but</li> <li>she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,</li> <li>then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole</li> <li>day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all</li> <li>total.</li> <li>Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>A She did not.</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	6	them.
9 there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate, then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all total. 10 Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on her deposition? 20 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 21 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause)	7	Q Let's switch over to some of your other
10 a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate, then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all total. 10 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on her deposition? 20 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.	8	A Just so it's real clear, she took a birth certificate down
11 a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but 12 she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate, 13 then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole 14 day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all 15 total. 16 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked 17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 10 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	9	there and they told her that that was a photocopy and it wasn't
12 she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate, 13 then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole 14 day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all 15 total. 16 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked 17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 10 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	10	a real birth certificate, and so she had to go downtown and buy
13 then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole 14 day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all 15 total. 16 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked 17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 10 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	11	a new birth certificate. She was all ready with the \$12 but
14 day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all 15 total. 16 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked 17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 10 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	12	she had to go downtown and buy a whole new birth certificate,
15 total. 16 Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked 17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 20 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	13	then she had to take a cab back so she didn't lose the whole
<ul> <li>16 Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked</li> <li>17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?</li> <li>18 A She did not.</li> <li>19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>20 her deposition?</li> <li>21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>22 (Pause)</li> <li>23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	14	day. And so it ended up costing her about \$70, I think, all
<pre>17 you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she? 18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 20 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)</pre>	15	total.
18 A She did not. 19 MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on 20 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	16	Q Well, after you got her involved in this case, she asked
<ul> <li>MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on</li> <li>her deposition?</li> <li>A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.</li> <li>(Pause)</li> <li>MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>(Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	17	you to accompany her to her deposition, didn't she?
20 her deposition? 21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	18	A She did not.
21 A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken. 22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	19	MR. SCOTT: Brian, would you go to about Page 5 on
<pre>22 (Pause) 23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment. 24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)</pre>	20	her deposition?
<ul> <li>23 MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.</li> <li>24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)</li> </ul>	21	A I didn't even know her deposition was being taken.
24 (Pause/Discussion held off the record)	22	(Pause)
	23	MR. SCOTT: I'm sorry, your Honor. One moment.
25 Go up one more page I mean backwards to Page 4	24	(Pause/Discussion held off the record)
25 Co up one more page. I mean, bachwardb co rage I.	25	Go up one more page. I mean, backwards to Page 4.

		Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 218
1	BY MI	R. SCOTT:
2	Q	Oh, here it is:
3		"QUESTION: Are you represented by an attorney today?
4		"ANSWER: Well, I do have an attorney, Mr. George
5		Korbel, but he's representing me in various cases,
6		but I wanted him to be; I'm persistent. I wanted him
7		to represent me in this case, though.
8		"QUESTION: He is not here with you today?
9		"ANSWER: No, he's not here.
10		So she misunderstood what you-all's conversation was
11	I gue	ess?
12	A	I'm sorry?
13	Q	Oh, forget it.
14	A	Well, no, I'm
15	Q	No, no. Strike it.
16	A	Well, no, I
17		(Laughter)
18	Q	Let's go to let's switch over to your numbered
19	Depar	rtment of Justice Objections. I think you note in your
20	repor	rt, as part and parcel of your opinions do you have a
21	сору	of your report with you?
22	A	I do.
23	Q	Page 6.
24	A	No, I'm sorry, I don't. The report? No.
25	Q	Oh.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 219
1	MS. BALDWIN: I have an extra copy.
2	MR. SCOTT: No, we can bring one up too. Okay.
3	Thank you.
4	MS. BALDWIN: Sure.
5	THE COURT: But can I ask. The report was filed on
6	June 27th. The Appendix was filed on August 29th. But I don't
7	know that I have all that. I don't think Appendix 1 came in
8	with that August 29th.
9	MS. BALDWIN: It should have.
10	THE COURT: So just double check that.
11	MS. BALDWIN: It should have all been filed the same
12	day, Judge.
13	THE COURT: Yeah.
14	MS. BALDWIN: And I will check on it.
15	THE COURT: Oh. Well, it wasn't.
16	MS. BALDWIN: Sure. I understand. Sure. That may
17	be.
18	THE COURT: But just check on that and make sure I
19	have everything. Well, at least it didn't show up in our
20	system together. It's separate. And then I don't know that I
21	have everything.
22	MS. BALDWIN: Okay. I'll follow up on that and make
23	sure that everything was filed.
24	MR. SCOTT: Oh, thank you.
25	THE WITNESS: Yes.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 220
1	BY MR. SCOTT:
2	Q In your report, on Page 6, you mentioned as part and
3	parcel of it the number of objections that the State of Texas
4	has received. There it is. There have been oh, I'm sorry.
5	There's a little pointer here. There we go.
б	There have been more than 200 voting rights objections
7	interposed by DOJ since the application of the <u>Voting Rights</u>
8	Act to Texas. What relevance does that have to your opinion?
9	Any?
10	A Well, it's part of the history of election discrimination
11	in the state. As you know, voting rights objections are
12	Administrative Court decisions.
13	Q And so, from your standpoint, first of all, did you go
14	through the different voting rights in the 200 objections?
15	A I went through the objections and also the 70
16	jurisdictions where federal observers had been sent. Those go
17	together.
18	Q So to put stuff into perspective, if we could.
19	MR. SCOTT: Brian, I'll tell you what. Let's switch
20	over to the ELMO if we could.
21	BY MR. SCOTT:
22	Q Do you know how many objections total there have been
23	since, say, 1975?
24	A In Texas?
25	Q Yes.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 221
1	A All of them have been since 1975.
2	Q Well, I know. How many total number?
3	A I don't know what the total number is.
4	Q Let me put up here Defendants' 2458. So, this is letters
5	of objection sent to Texas Governments, which is an important
б	issue here in a second, from 1975 to 2013. So there is a
7	process by which Governmental entities in Texas, when it was
8	covered under Section 4 and had to make submissions under
9	Section 5, the Federal Government would make an evaluation; the
10	Department of Justice would make an evaluation of those
11	submissions, correct?
12	A That's correct.
13	Q And the 200 you're talking about come from those years,
14	that timeframe, '75 up to 2013, correct?
15	A That and the 70 jurisdictions where federal election
16	observers were sent.
17	Q But when you talk about 200 objections to these things,
18	that's not based upon just the State of Texas as an enterprise.
19	That's all the Governmental entities that comprise the State of
20	Texas, correct?
21	A Yes. Well, all the Governmental entities in the State of
22	Texas are the State of Texas.
23	Q Okay. We can agree to disagree on that. But what we can
24	look at on this is let's even pick a year. You had talked
25	about, in your deposition, a 15 year look back is a good

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 222
1	snapshot.
2	A Yes.
3	Q Well, why would a 15 year snapshot be good?
4	A Well, I told you that I thought it would be good because
5	15 years was the horizon that we were looking at when the
6	Voting Rights Act was originally extended to cover Texas.
7	Q Okay. And so if we look at objection letters sent to all
8	Texas Governmental entities for the last 15 years, we've got
9	one, six, that total, eight, nine, ten, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
10	17. Let's stop there. Or do you want to go ahead and go one
11	more? We'll call it 19 for fun. Nineteen over the last 15
12	years in the State of Texas; does that sound right?
13	A That's 19 administrative findings of racially polarized
14	voting or other election discrimination in Texas.
15	Q Okay.
16	A That is a big number.
17	Q Big number. And so let me put up here
18	A It includes the State. Yes.
19	Q So this is a chart that's Defendants' Exhibit 2457. This
20	is submissions from all Texas Governments from 1980 to 2012.
21	So over here we get up close to 4,000 but I don't think they
22	get there in 2006. But do you know what the total number
23	during that same period of time of total submissions that were
24	made by the State of Texas?
25	A It's a very large number because they were required to

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 223
1	make any change in elections had to be submitted, so that if
2	you moved a polling place across the street you had to submit
3	it and get pre-clearance, and that's what the majority of those
4	are
5	Q Well, not everybody follows that, right? You identified
б	one company I mean, one entity that didn't follow that rule.
7	A Say again?
8	Q You said that the Texas Democratic Party failed to ask for
9	pre-clearance, during your deposition, didn't you?
10	A The Texas Democratic Party has never complied with the
11	Voting Rights Act.
12	Q To put stuff in perspective, this is Defendants'
13	Exhibit 2460. 2460 is the number of State and local
14	Governments. Well, there's only one State Government but there
15	are local Governments in Texas. From '72 to 2012. In '72,
16	there were 3,600 entities. Now we're up to at least a
17	couple of years ago, we were up to 5,148. Does that sound
18	right to you?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And those entities, when it was covered under the <u>Voting</u>
21	Rights Act, had to all make submissions if they wanted to
22	change anything about the election process, correct?
23	A That's correct.
24	Q Okay.
25	MR. SCOTT: And, your Honor, that's 2460.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 224
1	(Pause)
2	BY MR. SCOTT:
3	Q Now, it's my exhibit so I'm responsible for it, but it has
4	got a typo in here. You'll see it real quick I'll bet,
5	Mr. Korbel. But it's Defendants' 2459.
6	(Pause)
7	So this is the Department of Justice's objection
8	letters as a percent of that's the typo. It should be
9	"Section 5," not "Chapter 5" up there. And this is Exhibit
10	2459, Defendants' 2459. And it shows that the Department of
11	Justice, on a percentage basis when we take all those
12	submissions and all those objections and we divide them by
13	all those submissions, we get these number, right?
14	A Yes, if you do it that way. Yes.
15	Q And so, what we know is that we've got a rate of DOJ
16	objections per again, Section 5 submission and over here
17	we've got a column that says "rate of DOJ objection letters not
18	withdrawn or reversed" per again, Section 5 submissions. Do
19	you know whether that compares favorably to other states that,
20	during the same time period, would have been under the same
21	Section 5 requirements as Texas? Would Texas be at the bottom
22	or at the top of entities like that?
23	A In terms of total number of objections, Texas is either at
24	or very near the top.
25	Q You mean from the standpoint of being great?
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1	A No, from the standpoint of receiving administrative
2	determinations that you violate the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> .
3	Q I'm going to go out of order again and I'm going to put up
4	here this is Defendants' 2463, and this is Department of
5	Justice objection letters as a percent of Section 5 submission
6	for states covered as a whole from 1980 to 2012.
7	(Pause)
8	I should have Brian do it. Here we go.
9	So, we've got a color coding system down here. The
10	darkest colors are where Texas was the best in the entire group
11	of, basically, the old south with the addition of Arizona. So
12	as we look at these, this grayish color represents the second
13	lowest during that year, and then the third lowest is the
14	lightest shade. So, from a practical standpoint, the last full
15	year, I guess, of coverage would have been 2012; is that right?
16	A Last full year of coverage? No.
17	Q Full year. 2013 would have been the last full year?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Okay. Well, I don't have it for us. The way I get those
20	results well, they're not on this. But what we know is that
21	Texas finished second that year, correct?
22	A Well, I don't want to dispute with you, but you're
23	comparing apples and oranges here.
24	Q Okay.
25	A You're not you're comparing the percentage of

1	objections. And because we have so many jurisdictions in
2	Texas, we have and because everything has to be submitted,
3	there is an awful lot of submissions of changes in polling
4	places, and changes in polling place usually aren't a problem.
5	But that's why it looks that way.
6	Q So it's critical to understand it's critical from that
7	perspective to really get down and dig into each one of those
8	objections and understand the underlying issue there; is that
9	right? I mean, it's not fair to call something an objection.
10	That's a pretty broad term, right?
11	A It's a
12	Q You'd really need to get in and find out what all is going
13	on with that specific objection?
14	A An objection is an Administrative Court decision that
15	there is a violation of the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> .
16	Q I'll tell you what.
17	MR. SCOTT: Brian, will you pull up the Georgia
18	document?
19	So let's go through and you've got your report now
20	in front of you. Let me get a copy of it. And we're going to
21	go through and I'll tell you what. Let's walk through some
22	analysis here. I'm going to get my computer, because I've got
23	it on an electronic version.
24	(Pause)
25	All right. So you start your analysis of the
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 227
1	let's see. You start your analysis of Section 5 cases where on
2	your report? Would that does that look like Page 11?
3	A Yes.
4	Q So let's go to Page 11 of that report.
5	MS. BALDWIN: Mr. Scott, is this marked as an
6	exhibit?
7	MR. SCOTT: Is what?
8	MS. BALDWIN: Is this document that you're showing
9	currently marked as an exhibit entered into evidence?
10	MR. SCOTT: I don't think so.
11	(Pause/Discussion held off the record)
12	No, I've got the report. And so, Brian, if you
13	could, if you'll leave that one up I'm going to use that as
14	kind of a reference point to go through Mr. Korbel's
15	information.
16	BY MR. SCOTT:
17	Q So, are you familiar with a document the Department of
18	Justice have you ever seen a Section 5 Recommendation
19	Memorandum?
20	A No, I haven't.
21	Q Have you ever heard that term?
22	A Yes.
23	Q All right. What is it?
24	A A recommendation by a reviewer either to object or not to
25	object.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 228
1	Q And what's the process by which they come up with their
2	recommendation? I mean, do you know?
3	A They inquire and they take the submission that's given by
4	the jurisdiction under the law. They then inquire from local
5	people in the community, usually Hispanic and African American
6	organizations, ask them about whether or not it's problematic,
7	and if they say it's not problematic there usually is not an
8	objection. If they raise concerns about it and if the
9	submission letter itself shows that there are concerns,
10	newspaper articles, lawsuits being filed, and that sort of
11	thing, then they look very closely at the submission.
12	Q Now, from a practical standpoint, is it possible to get an
13	objection where a Governmental entity simply hasn't met
14	whatever burden the Department of Justice has placed upon it?
15	You haven't jumped high enough.
16	A They've got to comply with the statute, yes.
17	Q Okay. And so
18	A But that's why it's an administrative decision and there
19	is an appeal from that.
20	Q Okay. So the recommendation memorandum would just simply
21	be how the thought process or the right way to maybe look at
22	underlying evidence and say, no, that's not going to make it,
23	in our opinion as the DOJ?
24	A I'm sorry, I didn't get that. I'm sorry.
25	Q Sure. I'll try and clear it up.

1	So the Section 5 Recommendation Memorandum sounds like it
2	goes through a process of going through all of the evidence the
3	Department of Justice would acquire to make its evaluation and
4	then its recommendation. It would analyze the law and the
5	facts and make a recommendation based on that?
б	A There is a recommendation that's given from the initial
7	reviewer sometimes it's a lawyer; sometimes it's a paralegal
8	to the Assistant Attorney General.
9	(Discussion held off the record)
10	Q So the first case that you cite in your Section 5 issues
11	is the department of May 13th, 2013. Is that a Section 5
12	case that you or, objection that you're relying on?
13	A No, that's a determination by the Department of Justice to
14	send federal election observers to Corrigan, Farmers Branch,
15	Early, and Orange, Texas.
16	Q Okay. So then let's go to the next one. That says
17	"April 8th, 2013, Section 5 Objection Letter." Do you see
18	that?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And that's on Page 12 of your report, correct?
21	A That's correct.
22	Q All right. So now let's go over here and let's find
23	let's go through the same process that the DOJ might have done
24	on this voting rights memorandum analysis of the Georgia voter
25	ID law with the analysis that was done in your underlying work,
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 230
1	okay.
2	A Uh-huh.
3	MS. BALDWIN: Your Honor?
4	MR. SCOTT: Brian, if you'll go over to
5	MS. BALDWIN: We would just like to object. The
6	
	Department of Justice does not release its internal memoranda.
7	I have no reason to believe that this is such a memoranda that
8	has been officially released by the Department of Justice and
9	we certainly wouldn't authenticate it.
10	MR. SCOTT: Well, it's a document. The only thing
11	(a) it's not marked privileged, it's not marked confidential.
12	THE COURT: Where did it come from?
13	MR. SCOTT: It's
14	MS. BALDWIN: But
15	MR. SCOTT: It was a Washington Post article had it
16	as part and parcel. It's on the Washington Post website. It's
17	also on the Ohio State Law School's website are two cites
18	that I know that has it permanently out there. It's been out
19	there for almost a decade.
20	MS. BALDWIN: Your Honor, in prior Section 5
21	litigation; specifically in the South Carolina litigation
22	regarding South Carolina's voter ID law, in which I was
23	counsel, a three-judge panel precluded the State of South
24	Carolina from bringing the document, which I believe this is
25	the same document, which they couldn't authenticate it

1 precluded them in a Decision from bringing this into evidence 2 precisely because it was only come through the media. It did not come from the Department of Justice and there was no basis 3 to authenticate it or to represent that it is, in fact, the 4 Department's official positions. 5 6 THE COURT: Well, what is it? Where did it come 7 from? Is it --8 MR. SCOTT: It was a --9 THE COURT: Who did it, who made it, who created 10 that? 11 MR. SCOTT: Well, one of the people that have been 12 here, Toby Moore. I don't see him back there now. He was here 13 all morning. But he's one of the signers of the thing down 14 there, the submitters. 15 THE COURT: But with who? 16 MR. SCOTT: The Department of Justice. He's with the 17 Department of Justice? 18 THE COURT: So this is a DOJ --19 MR. SCOTT: Yes. 20 THE COURT: -- document --21 MR. SCOTT: Yes. 22 **THE COURT:** -- is what you're saying? 23 MR. SCOTT: Yes. 24 THE COURT: Not a media document? 25 MR. SCOTT: Not a media document. And --

Korbel -	Cross /	' By Mr	. Scott
----------	---------	---------	---------

1	MS. BALDWIN: But it's a document that did not come
2	through the Department of Justice. The Department of Justice
3	has never officially released this document. To the extent
4	it's being represented as a DOJ document, we can't authenticate
5	that. And this witness has no basis to know one way or another
6	as to
7	<b>THE COURT:</b> Well, where is the signer? Was he here?
8	MR. SCOTT: Is Toby still in town?
9	MR. SPEAKER: Signer?
10	MR. SCOTT: Well, he's listed on the email.
11	<b>THE COURT:</b> See, he said he signed it, so I'm I
12	thought there was someone in the courtroom who had signed this
13	document.
14	MR. SCOTT: It says "by," and one of the persons who
15	it's by is Toby Moore, and Toby has been here. He was here
16	this morning. Is he still in town?
17	MS. BALDWIN: Toby Moore is not a lawyer for the
18	Department of Justice. He is a staff member.
19	THE COURT: That was not the question. Is he still
20	here? Where is he?
21	MS. BALDWIN: I don't believe he is in the courtroom
22	currently, your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Overruled.
24	//
25	//

232

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 233
1	BY MR. SCOTT:
2	Q So I'm going to so let's see if we can't walk through
3	this, and let's go to the second page first if we could.
4	A Counsel, I have never seen this document.
5	Q No, I know, but we're going to use this as our template to
6	go through your analysis that you did on your Section 5 cases
7	to find out, because I think we both agreed that that is part
8	and parcel to the foundation of your opinions that you have
9	asserted here in this case. Is that correct?
10	A This document has nothing to do with the opinions that I
11	am asserting.
12	Q So Page 2 of this document and this document actually
13	deals with a voter ID statute. Let me get to the parts over
14	here. Actually, it's Page 3, and if you'll go down to
15	Section C. So, what they had what had gone on in Georgia
16	was they were making numerous changes that weren't at issue and
17	didn't raise retrogression concerns.
18	Did you do any kind of retrogression analysis on any of
19	the on this I'm sorry your April 8th, 2013 Section 5
20	objection letter information that you had?
21	A I'm familiar with the situation in Beaumont, yes.
22	Q But did you do a retrogression analysis?
23	A I don't know what you mean by that?
24	Q So, did you do anything, as in any kind of type of a
25	ecological retrogression analysis? A regression I'm sorry.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 234
1	Any kind of ecological regression analysis?
2	A What would be regressed here; what numbers would be
3	regressed?
4	Q Well, I'm asking you if you did one on your April 8th,
5	2013 Section 5 objection letter.
6	A I'm familiar with what has gone on and what is going on in
7	Beaumont.
8	Q And with regard to I apologize. Let me get to the
9	over here.
10	In this case, the one before us right now, have you read
11	SB 14?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And it is your opinion that SB 14 has a disparate impact
14	upon minorities, correct?
15	A That's correct and that's what the Court in the District
16	of Columbia found.
17	Q And with regard to this case and the analysis of this law
18	by you, it is your opinion that let's flip over to Page 4
19	please.
20	In Georgia, they had 48 hours to provide the registrar a
21	valid photographic ID if they did not have one at court (sic) -
22	- at the when they went to go cast their ballot. The Texas
23	statute provides how long for a voter to cure if they don't
24	have proper photo identification?
25	A I would have to look at the statute.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 235
1	Q Okay. But as we sit here today, you don't recall?
2	A I don't recall, no.
3	(Pause)
4	Q So if we go to Page 5, the third paragraph. That
5	paragraph, Brian.
б	It says that Georgia submitted to DOJ the legislative
7	history of the bill. Did you review the legislative history of
8	this bill?
9	A Well, I participated in part of it and, yes, I am somewhat
10	familiar with the legislative history of this bill.
11	Q You did participate in part of this legislative process.
12	You testified against the passage of this bill; is that
13	correct?
14	A That's correct.
15	Q And you did that before you were retained as an expert in
16	this case; is that correct?
17	A Yes, I did that as a private citizen.
18	Q So let's go let's keep rolling here. Expert testimony,
19	witness statements, transcripts of tapes or hearings. Have you
20	reviewed the testimony that was developed at the legislative
21	hearings on SB 14?
22	A The ones that I was present at.
23	Q Okay. Other than that, have you reviewed anything else?
24	A No.
25	Q What days were you present at it?

236

1	A I don't know. That's many years ago. It starts in 2005.
2	Q Last paragraph down here on this Page 5. What was so,
3	part of the analysis the Department of Justice did was it
4	looked at what the vote was on this bill. Do you recall the
5	vote in the House on SB 14?
б	A Which time?
7	Q When it passed?
8	A No, I'm not familiar with what the vote was.
9	Q Are you familiar or, do you recall what the vote was in
10	the State Senate when SB 14 passed?
11	A Well, it was 20 to 11 probably; 20 to 11.
12	Q Okay.
13	A All of the minorities voting with the 11 and the vast
14	majority of the minorities voting against the bill in the
15	House.
16	Q So let's look over to Page 6. Now, it says so they've
17	got Section B, "Proponents and Arguments in Favor of Free
18	Clearance." It says:
19	"We received numerous letters from elected officials, both
20	in the State Legislature and other offices, and private
21	individuals expressing their views that the proposed
22	legislation was not retrogressive, either in purpose or
23	effect."
24	Have you been provided the materials from the legislatures
25	that was subpoenaed by the Plaintiffs in this case and has
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 237
1	been, heretofore, marked as "highly confidential"?
2	A I've seen some of the depositions that are marked "highly
3	confidential."
4	Q And which of those depositions have you seen?
5	A I don't I've got them in my one of the depositions
6	was from the fellow who didn't testify this morning. The
7	fellow who did not testify.
8	Q Dr. Vaganson (phonetic)?
9	A Yes no, no. The your man that didn't testify.
10	Q Forrest Mitchell?
11	A Is that what it was? I don't know who it is.
12	Q Anything else that you've looked at with regard to letters
13	of folks that were in favor of SB 14?
14	A No. I have not looked at any of the letters.
15	Q Have you seen letters that were submitted to the
16	Department of Justice in opposition to SB 14?
17	A I don't think the Department of Justice makes those
18	available.
19	Q Are you aware of whether any of the Democratics who
20	opposed the passage of SB 14 made those documents available
21	through subpoenas of their records?
22	A I'm sorry. Would you ask that again? I missed that.
23	Q Sure. So, are you aware of any of those documents
24	existing because we subpoenaed them from certain Democratic
25	legislatures?

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 238
1	A I'm not familiar with what you subpoenaed.
2	Q Well, has your counsel provided you any such letters?
3	A I have not seen any letters like that.
4	MR. SCOTT: If you'll scroll up a little bit, Brian.
5	Let's go to the next page, Brian.
6	Q So, at the top it says, "Members of the leadership noted
7	that citizens need identification for everything these days.
8	It concludes that the requirements did not seem arduous."
9	Representative Talton told her minorities that minorities were
10	more vulnerable to having mail such as bills and checks stolen
11	from their mailboxes. So, did you attempt to find out from
12	anyone any of the party opponents or any of the opponents
13	to SB 14, what type of concerns they had with the
14	implementation of SB 14?
15	A Did I ask any of the opponents; is that what you're
16	asking?
17	Q Yes.
18	A Well, I listened I listened to their testimony and I
19	listened to legislatures discuss what their problems were; yes.
20	MR. SCOTT: Your Honor, well, this document was not
21	on that the exhibit list. We would move to mark it as
22	Defendants' 2737 for identification purposes at this time.
23	MR. SPEAKER: May I borrow
24	Q And so, looking at the documents what has been marked for
25	identification purposes, Defendants' 2737, Mr. Korbel, and now

1	turning our attention to page 19, what factual information did
2	you develop in performing your opinions in this case as to how
3	many different types of I.D. were being used in elections
4	before the passage of SB 14 an implementation of SB 14?
5	A In order to vote, you only needed to have your voter
6	your voter registration.
7	Q Did you develop any independent number or analysis to
8	derive the number of people you believed prior to
9	implementation of SB 14 had proper I.D. under the that would
10	comply with the terms of SB 14?
11	A Everyone, prior to the passage of SB 14 who had a voter
12	a valid voter registration was allowed to vote. They had the
13	proper they had the proper I.D. After that, that wasn't my
14	that wasn't part of my responsibility in this case.
15	Q Did you attempt to analyze any other State statutes and
16	compared those to SB 14?
17	A Well, I read the comparisons that the District Court for
18	the District of Columbia makes with the other States. And that
19	comports with my understanding so, what the other State laws
20	were.
21	Q Did you do any analysis of VAP numbers, and what's VAP
22	stand for?
23	A Voting Age Population.
24	Q Yes. And so, what is that term used with typically in the
25	field of social sciences or political science?
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 240
1	A A person that's of 18 years or older.
2	Q And eligible to vote?
3	A Could be; if they're a citizen.
4	MR. SCOTT: So, let's go to page 24 if we could.
5	A Once, again, counsel, I have never seen this document.
6	Q That's okay. I'm not saying I've seen it very long.
7	MR. BARON: And just for the record, Judge, neither
8	have I.
9	MR. SCOTT: We're all even.
10	BY MR. SCOTT:
11	MR. SCOTT: Can you move up a little bit?
12	Q Page 24 is starting with, "This is a correlation between
13	race and card ownerships as group quarters is controlled." Do
14	you know what the term "group quarters is controlled" refers
15	to?
16	A Yes.
17	Q What is that?
18	A That's any sort of a situation where there were a number
19	of people in the same at the same address. It might be an
20	old people's home. It might be a prison. Could be a
21	dormitory. There's a whole lot of different group quarters.
22	Q So, split this up a little bit, if you would. So it says,
23	"Dr. Moore stated that while there might be other
24	explanations for the emergence of this correlation,
25	his professional opinion at this point is that group

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 241
1	quarters populations along with noise and the data
2	obscure the modest correlation between race and card
3	ownership that surfaces when counties with
4	significant group quarters populations are removed
5	from the State."
6	Can you decipher that?
7	A You want me to say you want me to say what this man is
8	saying in a document I've never seen before; is that what
9	you're asking me to do?
10	Q Okay. That's an unfair question. I'll strike it. So, do
11	you know whether or not the DOJ ultimately approved the Georgia
12	voter I.D. law?
13	A What years what year is this submission?
14	Q This document is from 2005.
15	A I think they objected in 2005, but I'm not I don't know
16	that for sure.
17	MR. SCOTT: Let's flip over to
18	Q Do you on page 20 of this document
19	MR. SCOTT: Brian, if you'll turn to that.
20	Q Let's see see if we can find the estimated potential
21	shortfalls.
22	MR. SCOTT: Brian, I'm looking for this that says,
23	"DOJ states they attempted to estimate any potential shortfall
24	between voters and those who hold driver's license and the
25	racial makeup of that group." There it is.

Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 242
Q So, in this, DOJ found,
"We requested data from the Georgia Department of
Driver Services (DDS) regarding persons who hold
valid driver's license and/or I.D. cards to attempt
to estimate any potential shortfall and the racial
makeup of the group and examine the data provided by
DDS. We have determined that it is not reliable for
the purposes of estimating the number of people with
and without DDS issued identification."
So, from your standpoint in looking at SB 14, did you make any
analysis whatsoever, the Department of Public Safety's database
and comparison that was performed between it and the team
database of registered voters?
A I did not. Others were asked to do that.
Q Do you recall if they encountered any type of program
problem in attempting to estimate or the reliability of
using such a database match for purposes of deriving some type
of impact on how many people were without voter proper photo
I.D. under SB 14?
A I think it's mentioned in the District Court for the
District of Columbia Opinion.
MR. SCOTT: So, Brian, on page 21, highlight that
"this unavoidable turn is associated with live data portion."
Q First of all, what's ACS data?

25 A Where -- is it on this -- is it in this quotation?

		Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 243
1	Q	Well, just in general terms. What's ACS stand for?
2	А	Well, it might mean the American Community Survey.
3	Q	Okay.
4	A	And that's a survey that the census does each year.
5	Q	And do you know if do you know if one was used for
6	purpo	oses in this case for the formation of any of your opinions
7	that	you are rendering today?
8	A	On the ACS?
9	Q	Yes.
10	А	No. I haven't other than looking at the ACS to see the
11	growt	ch of Hispanic and Black citizens of voting age population.
12	Q	Have
13	A	And the information that is attached to this record
14	showi	ng the poverty and the educational disabilities of
15	Hispa	nics and African-Americans.
16	Q	Are you
17	A	I used the ACS for that.
18	Q	Are you aware of any problems in trying to extrapolate out
19	ACS c	ensus information with results that you might get on a
20	much	finer point of an individual, saying a driver's license
21	datab	base?
22	A	I don't know what you're asking.
23	Q	Well, let's look at this for a second. It says,
24		"This unavoidable turn is associated with a live
25		database that was not designed to be used for

1	statistical analysis or predictive purposes. Deaths,
2	people moving from county to county in and out of the
3	State and in and out of license status all create
4	disruptions in the data, particularly in quickly
5	drawing counties of which Georgia has a significant
6	number. As a result, of these factors, the overage
7	in DDS database is of no use in estimating the total
8	number of

MR. SCOTT: Roll her up.

9

10 0 -- persons with a DDS card or whether a shortfall 11 exists of State residence who lack DDS cards. Α 12 second cause for concern concerning -- regarding the 13 reliability of the data for predictive purposes is 14 that it appears to show many more bad records than in 15 the two previous sets of data provided by the State." 16 Are you aware of any data problems that were encountered in the 17 Washington, D.C. litigation, the original one involving the --18 It's discussed in the Opinion; yes. А

19 Yes. And what -- with regard to that, were there 0 20 different numbers that people would derive as a result of 21 looking at those databases, doing the database matches? 22 Evidently, different people came up with different А 23 numbers. 24 And are you familiar with --Q

25

Α That was not part of what I was asked to do here.

1	Q But are you familiar with what the Court did in that
2	Washington, D.C. litigation with made use or not of the
3	database matching process up there?
4	A They didn't the Court did not feel it was very helpful.
5	Q Judge Taylor went a little further than that, right?
6	A The Court didn't feel it was useful; yes.
7	MR. SCOTT: Look over at page 23, please, Brian. If
8	we could enlarge this one.
9	Q "Correlation between race and I.D. card ownership.
10	For a number of reasons, not the least of which is
11	apparently poor quality of DDS driver's license data,
12	it is a difficult enterprise to examine the data for
13	correlation between race and card ownership. The
14	data on both population and licensing is of poor
15	quality for these purposes and, thus, prevent a
16	conclusive finding of a clear correlation between
17	race and identification ownership."
18	From the standpoint of your evaluation in this case
19	A Uh-huh.
20	Q and I know that you didn't look at the underlying
21	numbers, but did you go and try and investigate whether any
22	numbers that had been derived by Dr. Herron, Dr. Ansolabehere,
23	Dr. Barreto, any of the experts, the 18 experts that have been
24	retained by the Plaintiffs in this case, did you look
25	MR. BARON: Judge, this objection. This is really
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 246
1	getting pretty far outside the scope of the direct.
2	THE COURT: Of his testimony.
3	MR. SCOTT: How about a couple more?
4	THE COURT: Sustained.
5	BY MR. SCOTT:
б	Q So, let's turn your attention, if we could, I guess back
7	to your report. With regard to the number of reports that you
8	cite in this in your opinions, that form the base of your
9	opinion, how many of the Section 5 disapproval objections of
10	the 200 over the history of Section 5 submissions relate to the
11	State of Texas itself? Not the political subdivisions, but the
12	actual State of Texas?
13	A I haven't counted them up, but most of them are to
14	subdivisions of the State of Texas. Every ten years, though,
15	it's reliable reliably Texas gets an objection to at least
16	part of their redistricting.
17	MR. SCOTT: Your Honor, at this time, Defendant would
18	move for entry of Defense Exhibit 2737 which is a Department of
19	Justice Section 5 recommendation on the Georgia law, not for
20	the truth of the matter asserted, but as simply to show the
21	analysis that's gone through in a proper evaluation.
22	MS. BALDWIN: Your Honor, we would renew our
23	objection. And specifically, that this appears to be a leaked
24	document and on the basis of deliberative process privilege, we
25	object to any entry whether as not for the truth of the matter,

but any entry into evidence whatsoever at all on the basis of the deliberative process privilege. The Department of Justice has never consented to entry of a leaked document into evidence that I'm aware of.

5 MR. SCOTT: Your Honor, it's -- a deliberative 6 process is a qualified privilege. It's been out there for over 7 a decade. They've undertaken no effort whatsoever and (a) it 8 was leaked by them. There's a case out there <u>In Re: Sealed</u> 9 <u>Case</u>, 877 F.2d 976, D.C. Circuit (1989) that the disclosure of 10 a government memo that was not marked as confidential waives 11 the privilege.

MS. BALDWIN: Your Honor? This is -- it's not marked 12 13 as confidential because whatever it is, it was clearly 14 attorney-client internal document to the extent that this is 15 what it purports to be. To the extent that Mr. Scott is 16 talking about Section 5, we have specific regulations that 17 define the way the Section 5 process works. In the balance of 18 whether the deliberative process privilege should be waived, 19 there's absolutely no showing here that this leaked --20 THE COURT: Sustained. 21 MR. SCOTT: Your Honor, at this time, we would move 22 for inclusions and offer of proof in the record 2737, 23 Defendants' 2737. 24 THE COURT: All right. 25 (Defendants' Exhibit Number 2737 was received in evidence)

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Freeman 248
1	MR. SCOTT: Pass the witness.
2	THE COURT: The witness has been passed.
3	MR. SPEAKER: Go ahead.
4	(Voices off the record)
5	CROSS EXAMINATION
б	BY MR. FREEMAN:
7	Q Good afternoon, Mr. Korbel.
8	A Good afternoon.
9	Q Mr. Korbel, are you aware of whether the Georgia voter
10	I.D. law described in the memo that Mr. Scott put in front of
11	you was struck down as unconstitutional by a Federal Court?
12	A That's my understanding. I well, of course, I the
13	only part of the memo I've seen is what he was referring to.
14	Q Are you familiar with the Phillips litigation?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And I heard you say before you've never seen that memo
17	before, correct?
18	A No.
19	Q And you've never worked for the Department of Justice; is
20	that correct?
21	A Never worked for the Department of Justice.
22	Q And, Mr. Korbel, are you aware of whether any Texas House
23	plan has passed Voting Rights Act scrutiny since Texas became
24	covered under Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act?
25	A No. And they've also been invalidated a couple times in
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES. INC

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Freeman 249
1	the State Courts before they actually got to you so
2	Q And are aware of, other than Texas, whether the Attorney
3	General objected to any statewide redistricting plan following
4	the 2010 census?
5	A I believe Texas was the only one that you objected to.
б	Q Mr. Korbel, do all Section 5 submissions have the same
7	potential for discrimination?
8	A No. As I was saying, because Texas is such a large State
9	and we have so many jurisdictions, the submissions there are
10	so many submissions of very minor things that never result in
11	any serious consideration of an objection.
12	Q And are you aware of who created each of the charts of
13	objections that Mr. Scott showed you?
14	A I have no idea who
15	Q Do you know who Dr. Harvey Tucker is?
16	A No, I don't.
17	Q Are you aware whether Dr. Tucker submitted a report in the
18	<u>Perez</u> case?
19	A Yes; now that I think about it, yes.
20	Q But has Dr. Tucker offered any opinions in this Court?
21	A Not that I know of.
22	MR. FREEMAN: Pass the witness.
23	MR. BARON: No further questions, your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Nothing further for this witness?
25	MR. SCOTT: One second, your Honor.

	Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Scott 250
1	FURTHER CROSS EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. SCOTT:
3	Q Are you aware of whether or not the I.D. card in the
4	Georgia litigation had a cost associated with the purchase of
5	it?
6	A I believe it did, yes.
7	Q And do you recall whether or not that is the reason the
8	Court held it unconstitutional?
9	A I mean, costs are costs are not just the cost of
10	obtaining something. Costs are the cost that it takes to get
11	there, the time you've got to spend all of those things are
12	costs buying another birth certificate to buying a certified
13	copy of the divorce decree that may be required. All of those
14	things are cost costly.
15	Q Well, maybe you can give a number that nobody else has
16	been able to. How many people are out there with that are
17	in that universe of people that don't have a photo I.D. that
18	need to get one who don't have a birth certificate?
19	MR. BARON: I'm going to object, again, Judge, on the
20	scope.
21	THE COURT: Sustained.
22	BY MR. SCOTT:
23	Q Do you agree that some Section 5 objections are not
24	because the law was discriminatory? They're simply because the
25	State did not meet its burden of proof?

251 Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Freeman 1 Well, I mean, all voting rights objections are because the Α 2 State doesn't meet its burden of proof. 3 Thank you. 0 Pass the witness. 4 MR. SCOTT: 5 MR. FREEMAN: One quick question, your Honor. FURTHER CROSS EXAMINATION 6 7 BY MR. FREEMAN: Mr. Korbel, have you ever heard of a more information 8 Q 9 letter? 10 Α Yes. If a jurisdiction doesn't submit sufficient information to 11 0 12 meet its burden, will it receive a more information letter 13 letting it know specifically what information is needed? 14 Α Yes. 15 And did you count more information letters as objections 0 16 in your report? No, I didn't. I didn't --17 Α 18 I pass the witness, your Honor. MR. FREEMAN: 19 Normally when a more objection information letter is to А 20 someone who is drawing a district plan is a suggestion that 21 this is not going to be pre-cleared and so you better make some 22 changes in it. 23 But --0 24 Α That's what the more information letter means, as far as 25 I'm concerned.

252 Korbel - Cross / By Mr. Freeman But even if the jurisdiction received that more 1 0 2 information letter, you didn't count that as an objection? I did not count it. Some people do, but I did not. 3 А 4 MR. FREEMAN: Thank you. 5 MR. SCOTT: Nothing further, your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Nothing else, Mr. Baron? 6 7 MR. BARON: Nothing from us, your Honor. THE WITNESS: May I be excused, Judge? 8 9 THE COURT: Yes. Thank you. 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 11 (Witness Excused) 12 THE COURT: Now, Mr. Baron, you're going to check on 13 the appendices, right? 14 MR. BARON: Yes, your Honor. And I'll make sure that 15 if there has been a problem, just make sure (indiscernible). 16 THE COURT: Okay. I'm just not seeing appendix one 17 so I --MR. BARON: I will make sure it's on file. 18 19 THE COURT: Okay. Next? 20 **MR. BARON:** Your Honor, I'd like (indiscernible) 21 THE COURT: Yes. 22 MS. WESTFALL: Your Honor, are we going to take a 23 break right now or do you want us to call another witness? 24 THE COURT: Well, who is your next witness? 25 MS. WESTFALL: We're going to do a reading from Ann

253 1 McGeehan. 2 THE COURT: How long? MR. SPEAKER: I'd say maybe --3 MS. WESTFALL: About 45 minutes. 4 5 THE COURT: Do you-all need a break? 6 MS. WESTFALL: As you wish. 7 MR. SCOTT: I can sneak out while --8 THE COURT: Well, yeah, let's go ahead and take a 15 9 minute break. 10 MS. WESTFALL: Okay. Thank you. 11 THE COURT: Okay. (A recess was taken from 2:57 p.m. to 3:14 p.m.; parties 12 13 present) 14 MS. WESTFALL: Your Honor, Elizabeth Westfall for the 15 United States. We're going to do readings from Ann McGeehan. 16 She was deposed in both 2012 for Texas versus Holder as well as 17 this case. 18 THE COURT: What -- I'm sorry. 19 MS. WESTFALL: May I approach? 20 THE COURT: What's her name? 21 MS. WESTFALL: I'm sorry? 22 THE COURT: What's her name? I'm sorry. 23 MS. WESTFALL: Ann McGeehan. 24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MS. WESTFALL: May I approach?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 254
1	THE COURT: Yes.
2	MS. WESTFALL: Would you like to introduce yourself
3	for the record in your real your real name?
4	MS. RUDD: Yes, my real name is Amy Rudd.
5	MS. WESTFALL: Thank you. And as just for the
б	record, this is two depositions from Ann McGeehan, one on May
7	31st, 2012, one from June 18th, 2014. We have combined the two
8	deposition designations so that they flow together
9	chronologically.
10	EXAMINATION OF ANN McGEEHAN
11	BY EXCEPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
12	(QUESTIONS READ BY MS. WESTFALL; ANSWERS READ BY MS. RUDD)
13	"QUESTION: Good morning, Ms. McGeehan. How are you?
14	"ANSWER: Good.
15	"QUESTION: Could you state and spell your name for
16	the record, please?
17	"ANSWER: Ann McGeehan, A-N-N, M-C-G-E-E-H-A-N.
18	"QUESTION: What was your first position with the
19	Election Division?
20	"ANSWER: I was a staff attorney.
21	"QUESTION: What year did you have that what year
22	did you start that position?
23	"ANSWER: September of 1989.
24	"QUESTION: What were your responsibilities in that
25	position?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 255
1	"ANSWER: We provided legal advice to election
2	officials across the state. There's a toll-free
3	number. We provided advice via phone, letter. We
4	
	prepared submissions to the Justice Department,
5	presented at conferences to educate election
6	officials.
7	"QUESTION: What was your role in preparing
8	submissions to the Justice Department?
9	"ANSWER: As a staff attorney, I would do the initial
10	draft, and then it would go up for review. I didn't
11	sign those.
12	"QUESTION: Is there a time when you were promoted in
13	the Election Division after you had the staff
14	attorney position?
15	"ANSWER: Yes.
16	"QUESTION: When was that?
17	"ANSWER: In July of 1991, I was promoted to director
18	of the Legal Section.
19	"QUESTION: Could you describe your responsibilities
20	in that capacity?
21	"ANSWER: I managed the attorneys, which there were
22	between, you know, five and seven attorneys there.
23	And was, you know, in charge of the submissions, most
24	of the written correspondence that came out of the
25	Legal Division or the Elections Division itself. I

	Marchaelen (De engemente ef der egitien Disset
	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 256
1	was responsible for testifying at legislative
2	committees, assisting with any litigation, things of
3	that nature.
4	"QUESTION: Did you assist, as legal director, in
5	developing election bills in the State Legislature?
6	"ANSWER: I wouldn't say we assisted, you know,
7	because we are not a legislative body. But we would
8	serve as a resource, so if questions came up.
9	Generally, someone from our office would attend every
10	House Elections Committee meeting as a resource, and
11	then also for any election-related bills that would
12	come up in Senate State Affairs, we would usually
13	have a witness there to be available as a resource.
14	"QUESTION: Was there a time when you were promoted
15	from legal director to another position in the
16	Division?
17	"ANSWER: Yes, in September of 1995, I was promoted
18	to director of the Elections Division.
19	"QUESTION: Could you describe, generally, those
20	responsibilities?
21	"ANSWER: Those responsibilities were, you know,
22	basically being in charge of the entire division and
23	making sure that all of the sections that I mentioned
24	before were, you know, operating as they should.
25	"The big change, I guess, is that I had more direct

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 257
1	contact with our executive staff, with the Secretary
2	directly and Assistant Secretary general counsel.
3	"QUESTION: And did your role include preparing
4	submissions under Section 5 of the <u>Voting Rights Act</u> ?
5	"ANSWER: Yes. I mean, I oversaw that process.
6	Again, they originated through the Legal Division,
7	but ultimately, they came through me, and I would
8	read them and sign them.
9	"QUESTION: Could you describe your other
10	responsibilities besides advising the Division,
11	supervising staff, reviewing Section 5 submissions,
12	as Election Division director?
13	"ANSWER: I monitored legislation closely. You know,
14	I had various folks tracking bills and writing up
15	bill analyses. I would read those. Again, I was
16	sort of the point of contact for legislative matters,
17	as far as being a witness at committee hearings.
18	"I would be the point of contact on any election-
19	related litigation. I work closely with our Legal
20	Division to prepare memoranda to counties instructing
21	on new laws, and then also was responsible for
22	coordinating any for instance, if a law passed
23	that gave the Secretary of State new duties or we had
24	to adopt a rule, I would be in charge of kind of
25	coordinating that effort.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 258
1	"QUESTION: Is there a time when you stopped working
2	for the Election Division?
3	"ANSWER: Yes.
4	"QUESTION: When was that?
5	"ANSWER: That was in November of 2011, last
6	November.
7	"QUESTION: What prompted that decision?
8	"ANSWER: I was offered another job at the Texas
9	County District Retirement System.
10	"QUESTION: Were you ever involved in a Section 5
11	submission that drew an objection from the Justice
12	Department?
13	"ANSWER: Yes.
14	"QUESTION: Which ones were those?
15	"ANSWER: In the '90s, there was an objection on the
16	national our implementation of the <u>National Voter</u>
17	Registration Act. It was later withdrawn. But there
18	was an objection regarding having agency staff check
19	the citizenship status of applicants before they
20	could register. There was a I believe it was a
21	water district bill that got an objection maybe in
22	2007. There may have been a couple of others.
23	"QUESTION: Are you familiar with the term Spanish
24	surname analysis?
25	"ANSWER: Yes.

## McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

1	"QUESTION: Could you define that for us?
2	"ANSWER: The Elections Division, I think, since the
3	mid-'80s, had used a list of Spanish surnames that
4	we've obtained from the Census Department, and we run
5	that against the list of the statewide list of
6	registered voters to identify Hispanic voters or
7	voters with Hispanic surnames.
8	"QUESTION: I see. How many times have you used a

9 Spanish surname analysis in conjunction with -- or 10 how many times did you in conjunction with submitting 11 a voting change for preclearance? "ANSWER: We routinely used it to -- in describing 12

the geographic area that was impacted, we would 14 usually send voter registration data, including a 15 breakdown of Hispanic surname as well.

16 "QUESTION: I see. But there's nothing that would 17 prevent you from doing it for statewide changes, is 18 there?

19 "ANSWER: No.

13

20 "QUESTION: Because you do it all the time, right? "ANSWER: Right. It's public information. 21 22 "QUESTION: Thank you. And I believe you testified 23 earlier that as part of your responsibilities when 24 you were at the Division, you worked with legislators 25 and staff to provide them with advice pertaining to

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

259

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 260
1	election laws, right?
2	"ANSWER: Uh-huh, yes.
3	"QUESTION: Are there any other categories of advice,
4	besides how a bill would be how a law or a bill,
5	if enacted, would be implemented and how it sort of
б	fit into the Election Code that you would provide to
7	committees or legislators?
8	"ANSWER: Sometimes they might ask us for data, and
9	we would supply data, you know, Hispanic surname
10	voters or other information that we might collect at
11	the Secretary of State's Office. You know, kinds of
12	voting systems used, things like that. So we would
13	also provide just raw data that we had.
14	"QUESTION: Do you recall that in 2000, you were
15	quoted in the Dallas Morning News?
16	"ANSWER: In 2000?
17	"QUESTION: In 2000. To the effect and we can use
18	an exhibit if that would help to refresh your
19	recollection that in the polling place you have a
20	lot of measures in place to protect the integrity of
21	the ballot but voting at home has none of those
22	safeguards. Do you remember that?
23	"ANSWER: Yes, I do.
24	"QUESTION: What did you mean when you said there are
25	a lot of measures in place in a polling place to

## McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

261

1	protect the integrity of a ballot? What measures?
2	"ANSWER: Well, it's a public setting, and you've
3	got, you know, representatives of the government
4	essentially administering the voting process. And
5	you may have poll watchers present and other voters
б	present, and state law controls, as opposed to a
7	voter voting by mail in the privacy of his or her
8	home, and you don't have those safeguards.
9	"QUESTION: And how do those safeguards you've just
10	described and testified to protect the integrity of
11	the ballot in the polling place?
12	"ANSWER: Well, I mean, the intent of those laws is
13	to make sure that only, you know, eligible voters
14	vote, that they vote only one ballot, and that, also,
15	that their rights are protected. So I guess that's
16	how.
17	"QUESTION: Thank you. How are those safeguards
18	absent when voting from home?
19	"ANSWER: There's nobody from the the entity
20	holding the election is not present. You don't have
21	any representatives of that entity. And so there
22	have been occasions where voters can be targeted,
23	especially elderly voters, where, you know, there are
24	attempts to manipulate their vote.
25	"QUESTION: Did the Legislature hold hearings on HB

McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 262 1 218? 2 "ANSWER: I'm pretty sure they did. "QUESTION: And were you invited to testify? 3 "ANSWER: I'm sure I was. 4 5 "QUESTION: Did you accept this invitation? "ANSWER: I'm sure I did, yeah. 6 7 "QUESTION: In what capacity did you testify? "ANSWER: As a resource witness. 8 "QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked 9 10 284. Do you recognize this document? 11 "ANSWER: Yes. 12 "OUESTION: What is it? 13 "ANSWER: It is a transcript of the Senate State 14 Affairs Committee hearing on April 30th. 15 "QUESTION: Directing your attention -- for the 16 record, this is an excerpt of the hearing transcript 17 focusing on your remarks at that hearing. I'm sure 18 your counsel won't disagree with that representation. 19 "If I could turn your attention to Page 99, do you 20 see that? 21 "ANSWER: Yes. 22 "QUESTION: That's where the exchange begins between 23 you and Senator Van de Putte. Do you see that? 24 "ANSWER: Yes. 25 "OUESTION: And I believe you testified in response

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 263
1	to questions from Senator Van de Putte that in the
2	past four years, the Division had not received any
3	complaints about voter impersonation; is that
4	correct?
5	"ANSWER: Let me take a second to read it here.
6	Okay. Yes. That's I reviewed my testimony with
7	Senator Van de Putte.
8	"QUESTION: And did you you testified that the
9	Division had not received any complaints about voter
10	impersonation in the previous four years
11	"ANSWER: Yes.
12	"QUESTION: prior to your testimony; is that
13	right?
14	"ANSWER: That's correct.
15	"QUESTION: Apart from this testimony at the hearing,
16	did you or the Division provide anyone with
17	additional information about complaints of voter
18	impersonation?
19	"ANSWER: I don't think so.
20	"QUESTION: And based on your knowledge of the
21	Election Code, would House Bill 218, if enacted,
22	prevent noncitizens from voting?
23	"ANSWER: You know, only if they couldn't present the
24	forms of ID that are required.
25	"QUESTION: In other words, it wouldn't to your
	EXCEDITONAL DEDODITION CEDITORS INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 264
1	knowledge, it would not prevent noncitizens from
2	voting?
3	"ANSWER: Well, unless a noncitizen was unable to
4	obtain one of these forms of ID.
5	"QUESTION: But that would not be particularized to
б	having the status of being a noncitizen; is that
7	correct? That would be related to whether they had
8	ID, allowable ID under House Bill 218?
9	"ANSWER: Right. That was my point. If, as being a
10	noncitizen, they were unable to obtain one of kinds
11	forms of ID.
12	"QUESTION: Thank you. Are you aware of whether a
13	noncitizen can obtain a Texas driver's license?
14	"ANSWER: My understanding is that a person has to
15	have legal residence in the state, so a noncitizen
16	who is here legally could get a driver's license is
17	my understanding.
18	"QUESTION: If a noncitizen became registered to
19	vote, a photo ID requirement for voting would not
20	prevent that person from voting; is that right?
21	"ANSWER: Well, again, I think it would be it
22	would relate to what ID was required, and if a
23	noncitizen was unable to obtain one of the forms of
24	ID, then that, I guess, would prevent them from
25	voting.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 265
1	"QUESTION: And assuming they were able to obtain one
2	of those forms of ID, a photo ID would not prevent
3	that individual from voting; is that right?
4	"ANSWER: That's right, if they had one of the
5	permitted forms of ID.
6	"QUESTION: There has been deposition testimony in
7	this case that enacting photo ID law requiring voters
8	to present photo ID at the polls would deter
9	ineligible voters from attempting to register to
10	vote. Do you have any facts or information that
11	would support that statement?
12	"ANSWER: No.
13	"QUESTION: Was there a time after it was filed that
14	the Division was asked to provide any assistance or
15	guidance on Senate Bill 362?
16	"ANSWER: I guess the communication that I had
17	well, there was some communication that were at
18	public committee meetings, and any other
19	communications that I might have had, I probably
20	can't testify to.
21	"QUESTION: Could you tell me what information you
22	provided in response to those inquiries, what factual
23	information you provided?
24	"ANSWER: During the session, our office provided
25	information concerning, again, sort of technical

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 266
	Medeeman / by excerpts of deposition - Direct 200
1	information on how to make certain processes work
2	within the Election Code and how if other sections
3	needed to be amended in order to make this law work.
4	"QUESTION: Was that kind of conforming technical
5	amendments?
6	"ANSWER: Yes.
7	"QUESTION: Did the Division receive any request to
8	conduct any analysis of Senate Bill 362, other than
9	what you already testified to?
10	"ANSWER: Representative Anchia, I believe, ask
11	similar questions in 2009 that he asked in 2007, and
12	so we provided that data to him and to the whole
13	House Elections Committee.
14	"QUESTION: What did Representative Anchia ask for?
15	"ANSWER: He asked for, you know, voter registration
16	numbers. He asked for the number of voters that
17	registered with driver's license as opposed to social
18	security number. He asked for information about the
19	number of referrals we had made to the Attorney
20	General's Office for Election Code for criminal
21	violations. He may have asked well, there may
22	have been one or two other questions on there, but
23	that was the big part of it, I think.
24	"QUESTION: Did he make that request in writing?
25	"ANSWER: No.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 267
1	"QUESTION: Did you respond in writing?
2	"ANSWER: Yes, I think we did.
3	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any attempt to determine
4	the impact of Senate Bill 362 on minority voters?
5	"ANSWER: I mean, at the hearing, there were
б	witnesses on both sides on that point. So, I mean,
7	that's what I'm aware of. When it was heard on the
8	Senate floor, I believe there were witnesses that
9	testified to that.
10	"QUESTION: Are you aware of when you say there
11	were witnesses on both sides, you're saying there
12	were bill supporters who attempted to determine the
13	impact of Senate Bill 362 on minority voters, or is
14	it limited to bill opponents?
15	"ANSWER: I don't know if all the witnesses stated
16	they were opposed to it, but in particular, I'm
17	trying to remember the name of the generally, I
18	think they were affiliated with the bill's opponents.
19	"QUESTION: Would Senate Bill 362 ordinarily have
20	been handled by the State Affairs Committee?
21	"ANSWER: Yes, probably.
22	"QUESTION: And who is in charge in the Senate of
23	referring bills to particular committees?
24	"ANSWER: Well, I believe the Lieutenant Governor.
25	"QUESTION: Did it strike you as unusual that it had

	Мс	Geehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 268
1		been referred to the Committee of the Whole at the
2		time?
3		"ANSWER: It was unusual."
4		MS. WESTFALL: Could you change the control of the
5	monitor?	Thank you.
б		"Let's go to U.S. Exhibit 288."
7		Actually, we won't go to U.S. 288. Sorry about that.
8		"QUESTION: It's a House hearing transcript. Thank
9		you.
10		"ANSWER: Okay. March 1st, 2011.
11		"QUESTION: On Page 310, near the bottom of the page,
12		Representative Anchia starts to talk to you about
13		what he called a 'vote saving affidavit approach,'
14		and I'd like you to read through your comments on 313
15		just to yourself.
16		"ANSWER: Okay. Okay. So through 313?
17		"QUESTION: Yes. And so what you're basically
18		talking about here, would it be correct to say, then,
19		is that what we would call a 'bypass affidavit,'
20		or an affidavit in which the person swears to their
21		identity and is then permitted to vote in lieu of
22		providing photo ID; is that correct?
23		"ANSWER: Right.
24		"QUESTION: And you say, 'We could we could look
25		at it.' On Page 13, you say, 'We could look at what

McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 269 1 some of the other states have done.' And you 2 mentioned Michigan. Representative Anchia mentions Ohio. You say you might have heard about Florida 3 doing such an affidavit. I'm curious whether you 4 5 ever -- your office ever looked into that, whether or not an affidavit could serve as a way to allow 6 7 someone to vote who lacked ID? "ANSWER: We did in 2009 a little bit, but I think 8 9 that's covered under this privilege. 10 "QUESTION: Once you gathered the information, did 11 you form a conclusion that a bypass affidavit would 12 lead to voter fraud? 13 "ANSWER: What I -- what I obtained from the 14 information I got from Michigan and Florida was that 15 they thought it was a pretty good process. Although, 16 I think I've read that Michigan is trying to change 17 that law now. So --18 "OUESTION: You mentioned this was in 2009. 19 "ANSWER: Yes. 20 "QUESTION: So at the time that you gathered the 21 information, you understood that those states felt 22 positively about their affidavit bypass. Did you 23 gather any information suggesting that the affidavit 24 bypass would increase voter fraud? 25 "ANSWER: We didn't really do much with it. I mean,

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 270
1	we basically found out what what their process
2	was. We didn't do any further analysis on it.
3	"QUESTION: And you learned that they felt good about
4	the process?
5	"ANSWER: I know that the Florida director felt
6	positive about the process, and I don't know if he
7	came to testify or there was at some point, there
8	was a discussion that he might come and testify in
9	one of the hearings.
10	"QUESTION: And did you learn any information at that
11	time that the bypass affidavit process would lead to
12	increased voter fraud?
13	"ANSWER: No.
14	"QUESTION: The court reporter has handed you what's
15	been marked as Rodriguez 6. Do you recognize this
16	document as Senate Journal from March 18th, 2009?
17	"ANSWER: Yes.
18	"QUESTION: Turn with me to Page 591 if you would,
19	which is the tail end of a letter that actually
20	begins on the first page, from Deputy Secretary of
21	State Colby Shorter, III.
22	"ANSWER: Yes. And it's really Coby, not Colby.
23	"QUESTION: Coby.
24	"ANSWER: Coby. His real name.
25	"QUESTION: So this is a letter from Mr. Shorter, and
	FYCEDTIONAL DEDODTING SEDVICES INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 271
1	he you have previously described the position of
2	Deputy Secretary of State as somebody in the
3	executive office; is that right?
4	"ANSWER: They're basically number two.
5	"QUESTION: The number two, right below Hope Andrade;
б	is that correct?
7	"ANSWER: That's right.
8	"QUESTION: If you would turn with me to Page 591,
9	there is a question on that page: 'Does the
10	Secretary of State track the racial status of
11	registered voters? If not, how will the state prove
12	that Senate Bill 362 does not have an adverse impact
13	on the minority voters when the state submits the
14	bill for preclearance?' Do you see that question?
15	"ANSWER: Yes.
16	"QUESTION: And is it correct, if you look at the
17	second paragraph, every submission to the U.S.
18	Department of Justice? Do you see that second
19	paragraph there?
20	"ANSWER: Yes.
21	"QUESTION: The third sentence, do you see where it
22	says, 'A similar effort to obtain such demographics
23	may be required for a voter identification bill.' Do
24	you see that?
25	"ANSWER: Yes, I do.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 272
1	"QUESTION: So would it be fair to say, then, that
2	the number two person at the Secretary of State's
3	Office, in March of 2009, was informing the
4	Legislature that an effort would have to be made when
5	attempting to preclear a voter ID bill to identify
б	the demographics of registered voters?
7	"ANSWER: Yeah. He said it may be required. He
8	offered it, but
9	"QUESTION: Okay. Would it be fair to say, then, and
10	your office knew, in 2009, that having to get
11	demographics on registered voters might be a part of
12	the preclearance process for showing that a voter ID
13	bill complied with Section 5?
14	"ANSWER: Yes, I mean, Deputy Shorter's answer
15	mentioned that, so
16	"QUESTION: Okay. Following the hearing in March
17	2009, did the Division submit any analysis of the
18	racial composition of voters who don't have a Texas
19	driver's license to any members of the Legislature or
20	the Lieutenant Governor's Office?
21	"ANSWER: No.
22	"QUESTION: At any time after the hearing, did the
23	Division conduct or attempt to conduct an analysis of
24	the racial composition of voters who do not have a
25	Texas driver license?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 273
1	"ANSWER: No.
2	"QUESTION: In 2010, did the House Elections
3	Committee hold a hearing about voter ID in the
4	interim session?
5	"ANSWER: I know they held in 2010? They probably
6	did. I don't remember exactly, to be honest with
7	you.
8	"QUESTION: Did Representative Smith chair that
9	hearing?
10	"ANSWER: I believe so. Yeah, I'm starting to
11	remember it a little bit.
12	"QUESTION: Did you testify at that panel?
13	"ANSWER: I probably did, yeah.
14	"QUESTION: Did you testify that the Division had
15	referred 24 Election Code cases for possible
16	prosecution in the past two years? Does that sound
17	familiar?
18	"ANSWER: That sounds familiar.
19	"QUESTION: And that was as of 2010; is that right?
20	"ANSWER: If they had asked for that information, I
21	would have pulled what we had, and that sounds about
22	right.
23	"QUESTION: And of those 24, did you testify that two
24	had involved voter impersonation allegations?
25	"ANSWER: You know, I don't have a super clear memory

274 McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 1 of it, but it sounds about right. "MS. WESTFALL: Could you mark this? 2 "QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked 3 U.S. 286. Do you recognize this document? 4 5 "ANSWER: Yes. It appears to be an article from the 6 Houston Chronicle. 7 "QUESTION: And if you see at the bottom of Exhibit 286, it refers to your testimony before the panel. 8 9 Do you see that? 10 "ANSWER: Yes. 11 "QUESTION: Could you take a look at that and let me 12 know when you've read the sentences? 13 "ANSWER: Yes, I've finished reading it. 14 "QUESTION: And does it indicate that you had 15 referred 24 Election Code cases for possible 16 prosecution in the past two years as of the date of 17 this testimony; is that right? 18 "ANSWER: Yes. "OUESTION: And that two had involved voter 19 20 impersonation allegations; is that correct? 21 "ANSWER: Right. 22 "OUESTION: And that more than 20 million votes had 23 been cast in Texas general elections since 2002; is 24 that right? 25 "ANSWER: That's what it says.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 275
1	"QUESTION: Is this article accurate about what you
2	testified to before the panel?
3	"ANSWER: It probably is. I just I don't
4	remember, you know, everything I testified to on
5	that. But I have no reason to think it's not not
6	an accurate summary.
7	"QUESTION: And could you compare how this compares
8	to Senate Bill 14 as filed with the forms of
9	allowable ID under Senate Bill 362?
10	"ANSWER: Senate Bill 14 requires photo ID, whereas
11	the prior versions permitted photo ID or two forms of
12	nonphoto ID.
13	"QUESTION: And would you describe that as a
14	significant change in the legislation between Senate
15	Bill 362 and Senate Bill 14?
16	"ANSWER: Yes.
17	"QUESTION: Do you know why Senate Bill 14 didn't
18	allow for the use of nonphoto IDs?
19	"ANSWER: No.
20	"QUESTION: Do you know why Senate Bill 14 only
21	allows for the use of unexpired IDs?
22	"ANSWER: No.
23	"QUESTION: Do you know why the forms of ID have been
24	significantly reduced between Senate Bill 362 and
25	Senate Bill 14 as filed?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 276
1	"ANSWER: No.
2	"QUESTION: If a photo ID is expired but was validly
3	issued, why doesn't that prove or doesn't that prove
4	that the person is the same person on the ID, in your
5	view?
6	"ANSWER: Could you restate the question?
7	"QUESTION: Certainly. It's after lunch. If a photo
8	ID is expired but was validly issued, does that prove
9	the person is the same person who appears on the ID?
10	"ANSWER: Yes.
11	"QUESTION: Was photo ID declared to be a legislative
12	emergency?
13	"ANSWER: I believe it was.
14	"QUESTION: And when did you first learn about this?
15	"ANSWER: When it was reported in the media.
16	"QUESTION: Did the Secretary of State or Election
17	Division request this designation?
18	"ANSWER: No.
19	"QUESTION: And did the legislative emergency was
20	it declared sometime in January 2011?
21	"ANSWER: That sounds right.
22	"QUESTION: Did your office receive any notice of
23	this declaration before it occurred?
24	"ANSWER: No.
25	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any election law having

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 277
1	been designated as an emergency prior to photo ID in
2	January of 2011?
3	"ANSWER: No.
4	"QUESTION: Do you know why Senate Bill 14 needed to
5	be considered in the first 60 days of the
6	Legislature?
7	"ANSWER: No. I mean, I can assume it's because it
8	was declared an emergency, but I'm not familiar with
9	those rules.
10	"QUESTION: But do you know why there was urgency in
11	considering photo ID
12	"ANSWER: No.
13	"QUESTION: in 2011? Can you identify, as you're
14	sitting here well, actually, can you identify
15	anything related to the administration of elections
16	in the State of Texas that would have necessitated
17	the Legislature to consider voter ID within the first
18	60 days of the session in 2011?
19	"ANSWER: I don't know of any.
20	"QUESTION: Do you why Senate Bill 14 did not provide
21	more specificity about how poll workers should
22	determine whether a voter had presented an ID that
23	proved their identity?
24	"ANSWER: No.
25	"QUESTION: Do you think the bill should have

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 278
1	provided more specificity in that regard?
2	"ANSWER: Well, I guess from the Secretary of State's
3	point of view, it would have been nice if they had
4	done that. It would have been one less thing that
5	the Secretary of State's Office had to do.
6	"QUESTION: And do you believe it's a very important
7	part of the bill to determine to instruct poll
8	workers as to how they administer this ID requirement
9	at the polls?
10	"ANSWER: Yes.
11	"QUESTION: Because if they don't understand how to
12	determine someone's identity, it could be misapplied
13	and disenfranchise a voter; isn't that right?
14	"ANSWER: Yes.
15	"QUESTION: Does Senate Bill 14 include a provision
16	for voter ed?
17	"ANSWER: Yes.
18	"QUESTION: Could you describe the voter education
19	provisions, generally speaking, in the bill?
20	"ANSWER: I think it's in Section 5 of the bill that
21	says the Secretary of State anyway, it sets up
22	several mandates for Secretary of State and county
23	officials that specifically requires the Secretary of
24	State to conduct a statewide effort to educate voters
25	regarding the identification requirements.

## McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

25

"QUESTION: And so the education requirements advise
voters of the need or will advise if this law is
precleared of the need to get ID, but it doesn't in
any way reduce the burden that a voter might need to
undergo to get an election identification certificate
or a form of allowable ID; isn't that right?
"ANSWER: Right. This is a purely educational
effort.

9 "QUESTION: In deposition testimony in this case, 10 there have been a number of purposes that witnesses 11 have talked about in terms of the purpose of Senate Bill 14, and I'm going to ask you a few questions 12 13 about purposes of the bill. Some witnesses have 14 testified, and I believe this was in the submission 15 letter along with the preclearance submission for 16 Senate Bill 14, which you signed, that it would 17 promote election integrity. Do you remember that? 18 "ANSWER: Uh-huh. Yes. 19 "QUESTION: Do you remember that purpose? 20 "ANSWER: Yes.

21 "QUESTION: Are you aware of any voters in the State 22 of Texas who did not vote because they were concerned 23 that voter fraud would cancel out or dilute their 24 vote?

"ANSWER: I don't know that for a fact.

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

279

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 280
1	"OUTCOTION. Is it possible that if a magistared water
1	"QUESTION: Is it possible that if a registered voter
2	did not have a form of photo ID, and he appeared at
3	the polls to vote and had to vote by provisional
4	ballot, that he might lose confidence in the election
5	system?
б	"ANSWER: It's possible.
7	"QUESTION: Can you describe the election
8	identification certificate provision of Senate Bill
9	14?
10	"ANSWER: It requires DPS to develop a new form of
11	to develop a new election identification certificate
12	that could be used to persons that didn't have
13	that were registered voters or who either they
14	were registered or they were eligible to be
15	registered, and they submitted registration right
16	there at the DPS office.
17	"And it has to be free. And it can only be used for
18	purposes of voting. Can't be used like a regular
19	personal identification certificate issued by DPS.
20	"QUESTION: Was the Division involved in developing
21	this provision at all?
22	"ANSWER: No.
23	"QUESTION: Did you do any analysis of this
24	provision?
25	"ANSWER: No.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 281
1	"QUESTION: Did you do any drafting of this
2	provision?
3	"ANSWER: No.
4	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any communications
5	between the Division and anyone related to this
6	provision?
7	"ANSWER: You mean before it was put in the bill
8	"QUESTION: I mean at all
9	"ANSWER: or after the bill?
10	"QUESTION: at any time?
11	"ANSWER: We were not aware of it until it until
12	after the Conference Committee. After the Conference
13	Committee, we began to work with DPS to figure out a
14	way to start to implement it.
15	"QUESTION: Does Senate Bill 14 direct DPS to collect
16	certain information from persons applying for an EIC,
17	or does Senate Bill 14 leave it to DPS to make that
18	determination as to what to collect from EIC
19	applicants?
20	"ANSWER: The language, as I read it in Subsection F
21	on Page 14, is that the Department may require an
22	applicant to furnish information required by the this
23	the other provision of the Transportation Code.
24	So it appears to give DPS the discretion to determine
25	what needs to be needs to be furnished.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 282
1	"QUESTION: So the Legislature, in crafting Senate
2	Bill 14, did not specify the particular things to be
3	gathered from EIC applicants, did it?
4	"ANSWER: That's how I read this. I don't know if
5	other legal minds have analyzed it, but that's
6	that's how I'm reading it today.
7	"QUESTION: And DPS, in turn, was drafting
8	administrative rules related to EICs when you were
9	still employed with the Division; is that correct?
10	"ANSWER: That's right.
11	"QUESTION: And DPS had plans, at one point, to
12	collect fingerprints from EIC applicants; is that
13	correct?
14	"ANSWER: That's what I remember.
15	"QUESTION: Is it your testimony that you and
16	Ms. Winn discouraged the collecting of fingerprints
17	from EIC applicants; is that correct?
18	"ANSWER: Yes. I believe that's what we communicated
19	at a meeting on that.
20	"QUESTION: I wanted to ask you some questions about
21	U.S. citizens and some of the types of voter ID that
22	are described in Senate Bill 14. Our conversation is
23	going to be a little bit disjointed because I'm
24	bouncing around and going in between some of the
25	questions I have for you now.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 283
1	"ANSWER: Okay.
2	"QUESTION: You mentioned that you're aware that non-
3	U.S. citizen legal residents can receive a Texas
4	driver license, correct?
5	"ANSWER: Yes.
6	"QUESTION: All right. And that would also be true
7	for a Texas identification card from DPS?
, 8	"ANSWER: Yes.
9	"QUESTION: All right. And you would agree with me
10	that legal permanent resident immigrants can serve in
11	the U.S. military, don't you?
12	"ANSWER: I believe that's correct.
13	"QUESTION: And thus, they would have a military ID,
14	correct?
15	"ANSWER: Correct.
16	"QUESTION: Have you received any complaints from
17	voters who said they lacked confidence in the system
18	because the voter certificate could be used for voter
19	identification?
20	"ANSWER: No.
21	"QUESTION: Was Senate Bill 14 referred to the
22	Committee of the Whole Senate?
23	"ANSWER: Yes.
24	"QUESTION: Did you testify before the Committee of
25	the Whole Senate on January 25th, 2011?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 284
1	"ANSWER: Yes.
2	"QUESTION: Did you appear as a resource witness?
3	"ANSWER: Yes.
4	"QUESTION: At the hearing on January 25th, Senator
5	Williams asked you to conduct additional analysis of
б	which registered voters did not have a driver
7	license; is that correct?
8	"ANSWER: Yes.
9	"QUESTION: And at the end of your testimony, Senator
10	Williams followed up on his request for a cross-
11	reference of the driver license, DPS database and the
12	TEAM database; is that right?
13	"ANSWER: That's right.
14	"QUESTION: And he asked when he could expect that
15	information; is that correct?
16	"ANSWER: Yes. I think so.
17	"QUESTION: And he asked you twice in one day for the
18	same information
19	"ANSWER: Yes
20	"QUESTION: Okay
21	"ANSWER: and I hadn't left the building yet.
22	"QUESTION: Did you feel there was a certain sense of
23	urgency to his request?
24	"ANSWER: Yes.
25	"QUESTION: Is it fair to say that notwithstanding

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 285
1	the lack of a driver license number, that the
2	Division had familiarity with the DPS driver license
3	database at this time?
4	"ANSWER: Well, we had some familiarity with it.
5	"QUESTION: Who would actually conduct the HAVA
б	matching process for a voter who supplied a driver
7	license number? Would that be done by DPS or by the
8	Division?
9	"ANSWER: That was done by the Division.
10	"QUESTION: And notwithstanding the matching concerns
11	about what fields to use, et cetera, you just
12	testified about you just testified about today,
13	you nevertheless told Senator Williams that you could
14	produce you expected to be able to produce the
15	results in one week, right?
16	"ANSWER: Right.
17	"QUESTION: So you did not foresee any of the
18	matching problems to be insurmountable in any sense;
19	is that right?
20	"ANSWER: It looks like I tried to give myself a
21	little wiggle room knowing that sometimes things
22	aren't as straightforward, but I was trying to be
23	reasonable to a legislator.
24	"QUESTION: Subsequent to the Senate hearing on
25	Committee of the Whole hearing on Senate Bill 14, did

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 286
1	the Division subsequently conduct a match of the TEAM
2	voter registration database with the DPS driver
3	license database?
4	"ANSWER: Yes.
5	"QUESTION: Was that the first time the Secretary of
6	State's Office attempted to conduct a match of TEAM
7	to DPS?
8	"ANSWER: Yes.
9	"QUESTION: And when was the match conducted?
10	"ANSWER: I think it was shortly after the hearing.
11	"QUESTION: Was it in response to Senator Williams'
12	request?
13	"ANSWER: Yes.
14	"QUESTION: It was not separate and apart in any way
15	from Senator Williams' request; is that right?
16	"ANSWER: That's right.
17	"MS. WESTFALL: Would you mark this PL 188?
18	"QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked as
19	Exhibit 188."
20	MS. WESTFALL: And I do not believe that is the right
21	document. Okay. Let's not use that document. That's the
22	wrong document. I'm sorry. You can pull you can take that
23	down.
24	"QUESTION: Do you recognize this document?
25	"ANSWER: Yes.

McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 287 1 "OUESTION: What is it? "ANSWER: This is an e-mail from between me and Karen 2 Richards, Lee Guyette and John Mendoza as we were 3 working on Senator Williams' request to do that query 4 5 between the driver license database and the voter registration database. 6 "QUESTION: For the record, this document is 7 TX00107733 through TX00107735. I believe you 8 9 testified Ms. Richards was the Division's head of 10 voter registration at the time? 11 "ANSWER: Yes. 12 "QUESTION: Looking at your e-mail, do you see it 13 refers to someone named Coby? 14 "ANSWER: Yes. 15 "QUESTION: Is that Coby Shorter? 16 "ANSWER: Yes. 17 "QUESTION: Do you see the second sentence says that 18 you have drafted a summary that you'll send to Coby 19 and John so they can distribute -- " 20 MS. WESTFALL: Terrific. Thank you. "QUESTION: So they can distribute it to the 21 22 legislative folk? 23 "ANSWER: Yes. 24 "QUESTION: Are you referring to John Sepehri in 25 that?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 288
1	"ANSWER: Yes.
2	"QUESTION: That John is John Sepehri
3	"ANSWER: Yes.
4	"QUESTION: and Coby is Coby Shorter?
5	"ANSWER: Correct.
6	"QUESTION: Could you describe on page the second
7	page of this document, could you describe the
8	matching process that you undertook?
9	"ANSWER: So it looks like we did six separate
10	queries with different matching criteria. And the
11	first one was based on last name, first name, date of
12	birth and county, so if in same county. And then
13	that would be considered a match between the two
14	databases.
15	"And then the second query is last name, first name,
16	date of birth, same county but they took out voters
17	70 and older.
18	"QUESTION: Do you see that this chart indicates that
19	under the range of matching criteria you used, you
20	concluded that between 504,000, roughly, voters and
21	as many as 844,000 voters did not have a driver
22	license according to your comparisons?
23	"ANSWER: Did you say 504?
24	"QUESTION: 504,000, yes.
25	"ANSWER: Yes.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 289
1	"QUESTION: Did you conduct this matching process
2	using information that the Division had in its sole
3	possession?
4	"ANSWER: Yes.
5	"QUESTION: So the Division had in its possession all
6	the information it needed to conduct this analysis as
7	of October 2010; is that correct?
8	"ANSWER: Yes.
9	"QUESTION: There's nothing that prevented the
10	Secretary of State's Office from conducting this
11	analysis during the prefiling of Senate Bill 14 or at
12	any time prior to January 25th, 2011; is that
13	correct?
14	"ANSWER: Yes.
15	"QUESTION: What is your reaction to the finding that
16	as many as 844,000 voters may not have been issued a
17	driver license or personal ID card by the State of
18	Texas?
19	"ANSWER: I don't I don't think we were surprised
20	by these numbers. I think they're within the range
21	of what had previously been provided to
22	Representative Anchia and others.
23	"QUESTION: Did you do any analysis of where the
24	voters resided before this Section 5 process got
25	underway?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 290
1	"ANSWER: I don't think so.
2	"QUESTION: Did you do any analysis of where or how
3	long the voters had been on the registration rolls?
4	"ANSWER: No.
5	"QUESTION: Did you do any analysis of the voter's
б	voter history?
7	"ANSWER: No.
8	"QUESTION: Did you do any analysis before the
9	Section process submission was submitted of whether
10	these voters were Spanish surname voters?
11	"ANSWER: No.
12	"QUESTION: Could you have conducted that analysis?
13	"ANSWER: Yes.
14	"QUESTION: And, in fact, you did conduct that
15	analysis; is that right?
16	"ANSWER: For the Justice Department.
17	"QUESTION: What was turning back to Exhibit 188,
18	why did you indicate that Coby and John Coby
19	Shorter and John Sepehri would be distribute it to
20	the legislative folk? What was the basis of your
21	understanding they would do that?
22	"ANSWER: That that was their instruction, that
23	on, I guess on major legislative issues, that they
24	would be the primary point of contact.
25	"QUESTION: I see. So that was just that was not

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 291
1	anything particular to this request, it was just
2	generally how you operated in the Division?
3	"ANSWER: Yes.
4	"QUESTION: Is it fair to say that you yourself
5	sometimes routinely provided information for the
6	Legislature in response to requests yourself?
7	"ANSWER: It really would depend on the
8	administration and it would depend on the kind of
9	information.
10	"QUESTION: What made this information different,
11	such that it had to go through Mr. Shorter?
12	"ANSWER: Well, it was the first time we had
13	conducted this analysis and we were making some
14	subjective calls on the matching criteria, so we
15	wanted to make sure Executive was on board with that.
16	"QUESTION: What is the basis of your testimony that
17	it may be an issue of reliability that caused Coby
18	Shorter not to want to and Secretary of State not
19	to provide this information to the Legislature?
20	"ANSWER: Well, we discussed that. I mean, it was
21	when I met with Coby and John, that was the
22	discussion.
23	"QUESTION: What did they say to you?
24	"ANSWER: I think perhaps they were expecting a
25	single number, and we didn't feel comfortable with
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 292
	Medeenan / by excerpts of deposition bilect 252
1	that. That's why we gave them a range. So that's
2	how I recall the conversation going.
3	"QUESTION: So they because you had used various
4	matching criteria, that created concerns for them
5	because there were different numbers that were
6	generated pursuant to those matching criteria?
7	"ANSWER: Yes.
8	"QUESTION: Did you try to defend the quality of your
9	analysis in that meeting?
10	"ANSWER: I think I probably just stated this was
11	probably the best we could do based on the resources
12	within the Elections Division. We're not
13	statisticians and don't have any other software to do
14	matching, so this was the best we could do.
15	"QUESTION: Did you have any questions yourself about
16	the reliability of this analysis?
17	"ANSWER: I was comfortable with what we provided
18	with the caveats that were provided. Whether there
19	was a better way to go about that, there may have
20	been. But based on the resources that we had, this
21	was the best we could do as far as I understood it.
22	"QUESTION: Would you personally have felt
23	comfortable providing this to the Legislature with
24	the caveats that you included in your summary?
25	"ANSWER: Yeah. Yes.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 293
1	"QUESTION: Did Mr. Shorter or Mr. Sepehri express
2	any other concerns about the analysis besides the
3	fact that different criteria were run and different
4	numbers were generated pursuant to that criteria?
5	"ANSWER: No, I don't think so.
б	"QUESTION: You have been handed what's been marked
7	as Exhibit 189. This is highly confidential. Right
8	before the break, we were I had directed you back
9	to the bill history of Senate Bill 14.
10	"ANSWER: Yes.
11	"QUESTION: Does the bill history indicate that the
12	House received Senate Bill 14 on January 27th, and it
13	was read for the first time in the House on February
14	11th, 2011?
15	"ANSWER: Yes.
16	"QUESTION: Was Representative Patricia Harless the
17	House sponsor
18	"ANSWER: Yes.
19	"QUESTION: of Senate Bill 14?
20	"ANSWER: Yes, she was.
21	"QUESTION: Mr. Beuck, Colby Beuck was her chief of
22	staff at the time; is that correct?
23	"ANSWER: I think so.
24	"QUESTION: Turning your attention to Exhibit 189, do
25	you recognize this document?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 294
1	"ANSWER: Yes.
2	"QUESTION: What is it?
3	"ANSWER: It is an e-mail from me to Representative
4	Harless and Colby, and I don't know how to pronounce
5	his last name, with Representative Harless' office,
6	and I copied John Sepehri.
7	"QUESTION: What was the purpose of the e-mail?
8	"ANSWER: It looks like I am sending her information
9	concerning the availability of federal HAVA funds to
10	conduct a statewide education voter education
11	program on voter ID. And then there is also some
12	information about the number of complaints regarding
13	voter fraud and information about the number of
14	registered voters that did not have a driver's
15	license or a personal identification card.
16	"QUESTION: Did this e-mail arise after you met with
17	Representative Harless and Mr. Beuck or have a phone
18	call with them?
19	"ANSWER: Yes.
20	"QUESTION: Do you see, towards the end of your e-
21	mail, you indicate that with regard to the number of
22	voters who had not been issued a driver license or
23	personal ID card by DPS, you were still working with
24	the ID department to analyze that data?
25	"ANSWER: Yes, I see that.

McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 295 "QUESTION: Why did you write that? 1 2 "ANSWER: Well, I don't -- I quess, you know, I don't know. I quess we were still -- you know, I say we 3 hope to have the analysis by Monday. So I guess in 4 5 my mind, it was still sort of an ongoing project. "QUESTION: The e-mail that you wrote at Exhibit 189 6 7 was dated what? "ANSWER: February 25th. 8 9 "QUESTION: And when -- turning your attention back 10 to Exhibit 188, your e-mail, at the top of that 11 exhibit, is dated what? 12 "ANSWER: February 1st. 13 "QUESTION: So roughly three weeks had elapsed 14 between Exhibit 188 and 189; is that right? 15 "ANSWER: Yes. 16 "QUESTION: What had happened with the analysis during those three weeks? 17 18 "ANSWER: Well, I don't know what date I gave the 19 analysis to Coby and John. So, you know, at some 20 point after February 1st, I gave him the analysis, met with them, and so it was still -- it was still in 21 22 their hands as of February 25th. 23 "QUESTION: Is there a reason you did not provide 24 Representative Harless and Colby Beuck with any 25 information about the fact that you, in fact, had run

## McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

1	some matches in your e-mail at Exhibit 189?
2	"ANSWER: I don't think in my at that point, I
3	probably didn't feel confident that I didn't have
4	enough confidence in those numbers that they would be
5	released to be, you know, saying what had happened
6	yet. In my mind, it was still sort of a work in
7	progress.
8	"QUESTION: Did you feel like you didn't have the
9	authority to advise Representative Harless that the
10	queries had been run by your supervisor?
11	"ANSWER: I don't know that I didn't have the
12	authority. I think it was more than I didn't feel
13	like it was a finished product to be discussed.
14	"QUESTION: And why did you feel that way, given that
15	you, on February 1st, had written to your colleagues
16	saying you were going to run it by your supervisors,
17	and then it would be ready to be sent out?
18	"ANSWER: Well, you know, executive management had
19	expressed some concerns with the queries, so I didn't
20	know if we would get additional direction to do it
21	differently or if they might bring in other people to
22	help us, or, you know, what was going to happen with
23	that.
24	"QUESTION: Did they tell you specifically not to, or
25	was it understood that you were not to share the

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

296

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 297
1	existence of the queries with members of the
2	Legislature?
3	"ANSWER: I think it was understood that it was a
4	work in progress and that it shouldn't be released
5	until they felt confident that it was finished.
б	"QUESTION: What were you still analyzing on February
7	25th, 2011?
8	"ANSWER: Well, I wasn't analyzing it, but it was in
9	the hands of the executive team.
10	"QUESTION: Do you see that you indicate to
11	Representative Harless that your IT department was
12	still analyzing the data?
13	"ANSWER: I did say that.
14	"QUESTION: Was that accurate?
15	"ANSWER: I don't know that I don't know that our
16	IT department at that point was doing anything else
17	with it, but in my mind, it was still an ongoing
18	project, and it was possible that we could get
19	direction to refine those queries or change up those
20	queries, which would have involved the IT staff to do
21	that.
22	"QUESTION: But in other words, the IT department was
23	not, at the moment that you wrote this e-mail, in
24	fact, analyzing the data; is that correct?
25	"QUESTION: I guess it would have been more accurate

## McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

1	to say that we were still, you know, analyzing the
2	data. And the IT department may have been needed,
3	but at that precise time, they weren't doing anything
4	else. But they may have been needed to finish it up.
5	"QUESTION: Going back to Exhibit 188, is there any
б	reason that you would not have brought this analysis
7	to the attention of Coby Shorter and John Sepehri
8	fairly shortly after you wrote this e-mail on
9	February 1st?
10	"ANSWER: No.
11	"QUESTION: You would have held you would not have
12	held you would have held on to this data and not
13	you would not have held on to this data and not
14	released it to your supervisor pretty promptly?
15	"ANSWER: No. Most likely, as soon as yes, I
16	would have tried to give it to them quickly.
17	"QUESTION: And so comparing again Exhibit 188 and
18	189, in the periods between when you wrote the e-
19	mails on February 1st and February 27th, why did your
20	position change between indicating to your colleagues
21	that you were prepared to give it to your supervisors
22	so they could distribute it to the legislative folk
23	and advising the House sponsor that it was still
24	under analysis with your IT departments?
25	"ANSWER: Well, you know, I hadn't gotten a green

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

298

McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct

299

	Medeeman / by excerpts of deposition bilect 200
1	light on with the initial analysis, and there
2	were, you know, some reservations expressed regarding
3	the data, so I didn't you know, like I said, this
4	was this was the analysis that we performed in
5	house. I didn't know if executive management might
б	bring additional resources to bear to maybe improve
7	upon that analysis.
8	"QUESTION: Turning back to Exhibit 189, again, back
9	to the paragraphs concerning the analysis of the
10	data, you indicate you hoped to have the analysis by
11	Monday. Do you see that?
12	"ANSWER: Yes.
13	"QUESTION: And what was that based on?
14	"ANSWER: My you know, generally, I would try to
15	be very responsive to legislators, so I was probably
16	feeling like we should you know, that we would
17	have this available, but it wasn't my decision, so
18	"QUESTION: Turning your attention back to the
19	legislative history of Senate Bill 14, when was
20	Senate Bill 14 due to be considered on the House
21	floor?
22	"ANSWER: It was heard on March 1st, I think. It
23	looks like March 1st.
24	"QUESTION: Did you provide any analysis to
25	Representative Harless' office as you indicated you
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 300
	Medeenan / by excerpts of deposition - Direct 500
1	would in this e-mail?
2	"ANSWER: I in the e-mail, it says that I'm
3	attaching a let me see what it says. Oh, okay.
4	Well, I guess we didn't send her anything. I was
5	thinking maybe we sent her, you know, our standard
б	analysis of the voter registration database, but it
7	looks like, at least in this e-mail exchange, I
8	didn't we didn't send her that. And instead, I'm
9	referring to this other analysis, which I don't think
10	we have shared with her.
11	"QUESTION: Ms. McGeehan, did you testify before the
12	House Select Committee on Voter Identification and
13	Voter Fraud?
14	"ANSWER: Yes.
15	"QUESTION: Did that occur on March 1st, 2011?
16	"ANSWER: Yes.
17	"QUESTION: Did you appear as a resource witness at
18	that hearing?
19	"ANSWER: Yes.
20	"QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked as
21	Exhibit 191, which is PL 903. Do you recognize this
22	document?
23	"ANSWER: Yes. I believe this is an excerpt from my
24	testimony before the Select Committee on Voter
25	Identification and Voter Fraud.

1       "QUESTION: And turning your attention to Page 289         2       and 290 of Exhibit 191.         3       "ANSWER: Okay.         4       "QUESTION: Do you see that someone asked you a         5       question about the number of voters without a driver         6       license number on Page 289?         7       "ANSWER: Yes.         8       "QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified         9       representative was, even though the person is not         10       identified in the transcript?         11       "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.         12       "QUESTION: What was he asking you?         13       "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who         14       did not register without a driver's license. Wait.         15       Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to         16       the         17       "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the         18       witness is currently looking at Exhibit 190
2and 290 of Exhibit 191.3"ANSWER: Okay.4"QUESTION: Do you see that someone asked you a5question about the number of voters without a driver6license number on Page 289?7"ANSWER: Yes.8"QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified9representative was, even though the person is not10identified in the transcript?11"ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.12"QUESTION: What was he asking you?13"ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who14did not register without a driver's license. Wait.15Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to16the17"MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
<ul> <li>"ANSWER: Okay.</li> <li>"QUESTION: Do you see that someone asked you a</li> <li>question about the number of voters without a driver</li> <li>license number on Page 289?</li> <li>"ANSWER: Yes.</li> <li>"QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified</li> <li>representative was, even though the person is not</li> <li>identified in the transcript?</li> <li>"ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.</li> <li>"QUESTION: What was he asking you?</li> <li>"ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who</li> <li>did not register without a driver's license. Wait.</li> <li>Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to</li> <li>the</li> <li>"MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the</li> </ul>
4       "QUESTION: Do you see that someone asked you a         5       question about the number of voters without a driver         6       license number on Page 289?         7       "ANSWER: Yes.         8       "QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified         9       representative was, even though the person is not         10       identified in the transcript?         11       "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.         12       "QUESTION: What was he asking you?         13       "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who         14       did not register without a driver's license. Wait.         15       Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to         16       the         17       "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
5       question about the number of voters without a driver         6       license number on Page 289?         7       "ANSWER: Yes.         8       "QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified         9       representative was, even though the person is not         10       identified in the transcript?         11       "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.         12       "QUESTION: What was he asking you?         13       "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who         14       did not register without a driver's license. Wait.         15       Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to         16       the         17       "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
<ul> <li>license number on Page 289?</li> <li>"ANSWER: Yes.</li> <li>"QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified</li> <li>representative was, even though the person is not</li> <li>identified in the transcript?</li> <li>"ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.</li> <li>"QUESTION: What was he asking you?</li> <li>"ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who</li> <li>did not register without a driver's license. Wait.</li> <li>Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to</li> <li>the</li> <li>"MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>7 "ANSWER: Yes.</li> <li>8 "QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified</li> <li>9 representative was, even though the person is not</li> <li>10 identified in the transcript?</li> <li>11 "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.</li> <li>12 "QUESTION: What was he asking you?</li> <li>13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who</li> <li>14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait.</li> <li>15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to</li> <li>16 the</li> <li>17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the</li> </ul>
8 "QUESTION: Do you know who the unidentified 9 representative was, even though the person is not 10 identified in the transcript? 11 "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia. 12 "QUESTION: What was he asking you? 13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who 14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
9 representative was, even though the person is not identified in the transcript? 11 "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia. 12 "QUESTION: What was he asking you? 13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who 14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
<pre>10 identified in the transcript? 11 "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia. 12 "QUESTION: What was he asking you? 13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who 14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the</pre>
11       "ANSWER: I believe it was Representative Anchia.         12       "QUESTION: What was he asking you?         13       "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who         14       did not register without a driver's license. Wait.         15       Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to         16       the         17       "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
12 "QUESTION: What was he asking you? 13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who 14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
13 "ANSWER: He's asking about the number of voters who 14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
14 did not register without a driver's license. Wait. 15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
15 Let's see what it says here. I may have to refer to 16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
<pre>16 the 17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the</pre>
17 "MS. WESTFALL: Let the record reflect that the
18 witness is currently looking at Exhibit 190
19 "THE WITNESS: 190.
20 "MS. WESTFALL: to refresh her recollection about
21 the analysis referred to on Page 289 of Exhibit 191.
22 "ANSWER: So he's asking about the figure, the number
23 of 600,000. A lot of people have been talking about
24 this voter figure of 600,000 as being people who
25 registered without their social security number or a

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 302
1	driver's license number, and that's consistent with
2	the number on Exhibit 190, which was 690,887. And
3	his question, is the number bigger than that? So I
4	need to read on to see what I was saying.
5	"QUESTION: Do you see on Page 290 that in response
б	to what you believe a question that came from
7	Representative Anchia about the number of voters
8	without a driver license, you testified that your IT
9	department was still in the process of getting good
10	matching criteria, et cetera?
11	"ANSWER: Yes."
12	MS. WESTFALL: If you could go a little bit lower?
13	"QUESTION: And that it could be difficult to do the
14	right match?
15	"ANSWER: Yes.
16	"QUESTION: Why did you not tell the Legislature that
17	your office had already conducted the matches?
18	"ANSWER: Well, I you know, as I stated earlier
19	with the conversation with Representative Harless, I
20	didn't feel like that was that that was the final
21	product and that changes could still come. So it was
22	my understanding that it was still being analyzed and
23	there could be future changes.
24	"QUESTION: Did you seek authorization from
25	Mr. Shorter or Mr. Sepehri to provide that response

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 303
1	to the Legislature?
2	"ANSWER: I think I probably did ask them before this
3	hearing if we could release it, and that probably the
4	response was no, you know, we're still analyzing
5	this.
6	"QUESTION: Did they continue to have concerns about
7	having different sets of results based on the six
8	queries, or were there other well, first, a bad
9	question.
10	"Did they continue to have concerns about the
11	different results from the different queries?
12	"ANSWER: We didn't really have a substantive
13	conversation about it, so all I knew was they were
14	still looking at it.
15	"QUESTION: Did you see authorization, after you met
16	with Representative Harless, to release this
17	information to the Legislature?
18	"ANSWER: Probably. I mean, again, I don't have a
19	clear memory, but my e-mail references it, so most
20	likely, I would have probably asked John about that.
21	"QUESTION: And what was your request to him?
22	"ANSWER: Again, it's very fuzzy. I'm just but
23	based on the e-mail that I sent to Representative
24	Harless' office, I'm referencing it, so I in my
25	mind, you know, I probably was thinking that maybe it

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Direct 304
1	would be released or but and most likely, I
2	would have just spoken to John over the phone or in
3	person on it.
4	"QUESTION: What did John say in response to your
5	request?
6	"ANSWER: Again, I don't think it was any lengthy
7	discussion. I think it was more like, you know, this
8	is still being reviewed, not ready.
9	"QUESTION: Did he give you any substantive reason as
10	to why it couldn't be released?
11	"ANSWER: No.
12	"QUESTION: Did he understand that the House sponsor
13	wanted this information?
14	"ANSWER: Yeah. I mean, I think he was copied on
15	that e-mail, and he was probably at that meeting, so
16	I think he understood that.
17	"QUESTION: Did he understand that Representative
18	Anchia was likely interested in this information
19	based on his previous
20	"ANSWER: I can't speculate, but
21	"QUESTION: Can you sitting here today, can you
22	identify any other instance where you completed
23	analysis at the request of the Legislature where you
24	didn't turn it over to the Legislature?
25	"ANSWER: No.
-	

McGeehan /	/ By	excerpts	of	deposition	-	Direct
------------	------	----------	----	------------	---	--------

305

1	"QUESTION: Turning back to Exhibit 199, when you
2	were advised Representative Anchia that your IT
3	department was still looking at it and you were
4	trying to get good matching criteria, do you believe
5	that was accurate?
6	"ANSWER: Yes. You know, I think that was based
7	on the only real conversation I had about it, that
8	was the concern was, was this reliable data, were
9	these good queries, and so that was that was my
10	understanding, that the concern was regarding the
11	integrity of the data.
12	"QUESTION: Do you think a more accurate response to
13	Representative Anchia's question would have been to
14	say the general counsel is reviewing data, it is
15	pending, we will get back to you?
16	"ANSWER: You know, we were a team, so we don't like
17	to throw anybody under the bus, so it was just in
18	my mind, it was still a work in progress, so
19	"QUESTION: But, in fact, your IT department did not
20	have control of the data at the time of your
21	testimony; isn't that isn't that the case?
22	"ANSWER: That's correct.
23	"QUESTION: At any time after your testimony on March
24	1st, 2011, was the information from the queries at
25	Exhibit 188 released to the Legislature during the

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 306
1	session?
2	"ANSWER: During session, no.
3	"QUESTION: But do you believe, as a matter of public
4	policy, that the public and the Legislature should
5	have information about the impact of legislation
6	being considered by the Texas Legislature?
7	"ANSWER: If the information is available, then it
8	seems like, yes, the public should have access to
9	it."
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	MR. TATUM: Stephen Tatum for the Defendants, your
12	Honor. And for this reading, playing the part of Ms. McGeehan
13	will be my colleague Jennifer Roscetti. I have a copy of our
14	excerpts
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	<b>MR. TATUM:</b> for you, if I might approach.
17	THE COURT: Yes.
18	<b>MR. TATUM:</b> And, your Honor, I apologize in advance
19	for any overlap.
20	EXAMINATION OF ANN MCGEEHAN
21	BY EXCERPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
22	(QUESTIONS READ BY MR. TATUM; ANSWERS READ BY MS. ROSCETTI)
23	"QUESTION: Where are you currently employed?
24	"ANSWER: I'm currently employed by the Texas County
25	and District Retirement Association System
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 307
1	Retirement System.
2	"QUESTION: What is your title?
3	"ANSWER: I'm Assistant General Counsel.
4	"QUESTION: What are your responsibilities?
5	"ANSWER: Provide general legal advice, review
6	administration of benefits, open meetings, open
7	records issues, occasional tax issues.
8	"QUESTION: Have you held that position continuously
9	since you left the Secretary of State's office?
10	"ANSWER: Yes.
11	"QUESTION: Do you remain in contact with the
12	Election Division?
13	"ANSWER: Not really. You know, occasionally but not
14	regular contact.
15	"QUESTION: Was there any legal requirement that the
16	Division prepare this report on a monthly basis?
17	"ANSWER: No.
18	"QUESTION: And what was the purpose of providing
19	that information to the public?
20	"ANSWER: It was regularly requested information from
21	the media, so I think the intent was just to make it
22	readily available.
23	"QUESTION: Did your office, beyond the website,
24	disseminate it in any other manner?
25	"ANSWER: The only other way it was disseminated was

308 McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 1 if a person made a request for that information." THE COURT: And, I'm sorry, what are we talking about 2 3 there? Which report or --MR. TATUM: I believe here they are --4 5 MS. ROSCETTI: Is it the report to Shorter? MR. TATUM: The report to Coby Shorter? 6 7 MS. ROSCETTI: I think so. MR. TATUM: Okay. 8 9 MS. ROSCETTI: Or the ledge that went through 10 him. MR. TATUM: I believe that's what it is, your Honor, 11 12 but we can --13 **THE COURT:** The analysis? 14 MS. WESTFALL: No. 15 MS. ROSCETTI: I believe so. 16 THE COURT: What report are we talking about? 17 MS. WESTFALL: I believe this is about Spanish 18 turnout and --19 THE COURT: Okay. 20 MS. WESTFALL: -- registered voter analysis. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MS. WESTFALL: It's nothing to do with what the 23 previous reading pertained to. 24 THE COURT: It didn't sound like it, but I couldn't 25 figure what --

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 309
1	
T	MR. TATUM: I apologize, your Honor.
2	<b>THE COURT:</b> figure out what he was talking about.
3	MR. TATUM: It probably got lost in the culling down.
4	THE COURT: I got it.
5	MR. TATUM: Okay. I'm not sure where we were. I'll
6	start over on that section.
7	"QUESTION: Was there any legal requirement that the
8	Division prepare this report on a monthly basis?
9	"ANSWER: No.
10	"QUESTION: And what was the purpose of providing
11	that information to the public?
12	"ANSWER: It was regularly requested information from
13	the media, so I think the intent was just to make it
14	readily available.
15	"QUESTION: Did your office, beyond the website,
16	disseminate it in any other manner?
17	"ANSWER: The only other way it was disseminated was
18	if a person made a request for that information.
19	"QUESTION: And could the person request further,
20	more detailed information that was on the website
21	through your office about Hispanic surnamed voters?
22	"ANSWER: I believe they could get information, you
23	know, maybe down to age level, county. They probably
24	could even request a list of the, you know, specific
25	voters and their addresses. Most of that is public.

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 310
1	"QUESTION: Campaigns and candidates
2	"ANSWER: Yes.
3	"QUESTION: would make those types of requests?
4	"ANSWER: Yes, uh-huh.
5	"QUESTION: Did you regularly provide this report to
6	the legislature?
7	"ANSWER: It was provided to the legislature for
8	purposes of the legislators mailing out their
9	newsletters and things like that. I don't know that
10	it was provided in other context.
11	"QUESTION: So individual legislators on a case-by-
12	case basis would seek this list from you; is that
13	correct?
14	"ANSWER: Well, I don't know that they requested the
15	list with annotations for Hispanic surnames. That
16	was basically we would have a standard form and
17	you could request this data and could simply checkbox
18	for what you wanted. So that was an option. If you
19	wanted Hispanic surnames flagged, that could be a
20	request. And I don't remember if the legislators
21	requested that or not.
22	"QUESTION: Did you regularly provide the list of
23	Hispanic surname voters to the Governor's office?
24	"ANSWER: I don't recall doing that.
25	"QUESTION: Did you provide it to the Lieutenant
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 311
1	Governor's office?
1	
2	"ANSWER: I don't think so.
3	"QUESTION: Did the Division regularly conduct
4	matches of voter registration information on an
5	application with the driver license database as part
6	of the HAVA requirements?
7	"ANSWER: Yes.
8	"QUESTION: Wasn't the Division in a sense sort of
9	familiar with the matching process between TEAM and
10	the DPS driver's license database?
11	"ANSWER: Yes.
12	"QUESTION: But not withstanding these concerns,
13	there were some
14	"ANSWER: Well, but there's a big distinction,
15	because if you have a driver's license number, it's a
16	very simple match. If you don't have a driver's
17	license number, then it's harder to match.
18	"QUESTION: And why is there that difference?
19	"ANSWER: If you don't have a unique number to match
20	on, there can be variations in a person's first name
21	or last name. If there's a space between the, you
22	know, the M-C, you get McGeehan, De La Garza, things
23	like that. There are issues on matching.
24	"QUESTION: Prior to Senator Williams' request, had
25	anyone requested that the Division conduct this sort
	FYCEDTIONAL DEDODTING SEDVICES INC

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 312
1	of analysis of matching TEAM with the DPS driver's
2	license database?
3	"ANSWER: I don't recall. I don't think so.
4	"QUESTION: When you met with Mr. Shorter and
5	Mr. Sepehri, did they express any concerns to you
б	about any political ramifications of revealing these
7	numbers to the legislator while it was considering
8	SB 14?
9	"ANSWER: No.
10	"QUESTION: They weren't concerned about the number
11	of voters who were indicated not to have a driver's
12	license?
13	"ANSWER: They didn't express any of that to me.
14	"QUESTION: Was it your view that the information was
15	not being released because of the number of voters
16	that had been found not to have an ID?
17	"ANSWER: No.
18	"QUESTION: Did you believe that the reason it was
19	being withheld and not released to the public was
20	legitimate?
21	"ANSWER: Legitimate. Executive management had
22	concerns about the reliability of the data. That's a
23	legitimate reason not to release it.
24	"QUESTION: Is that the only legitimate reason not to
25	release it?

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 313
1	"ANSWER: There may be others.
2	"QUESTION: But sitting here today, is the sole one
3	you can think of.
4	"ANSWER: Yes.
5	"QUESTION: Do you believe as a general matter that
6	the legislature and the public should have
7	information about the impact of legislation being
, 8	considered by the legislature?
9	"ANSWER: Texas has very strong public information
10	laws, so most of that information is readily
11	available upon request.
12	"QUESTION: Are you aware of from any quarter,
13	whether it's Mr. Shorter, Mr. Sepehri, elsewhere,
14	that there was concern about releasing the data
15	because it could threaten the passage of Senate Bill
16	14?
17	"ANSWER: Was I aware of any concern? No.
18	"QUESTION: Was there any concern about the releasing
19	of this data threatening public support for Senate
20	Bill 14?
21	"ANSWER: Not that I was aware of.
22	"QUESTION: Was there any concern about providing
23	this information to bill opponents?
24	"ANSWER: No.
25	"QUESTION: Was there any concern that this list of

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 314
1	voters without driver licenses could be compared
2	against Spanish surname registered voter lists?
3	"ANSWER: No.
4	"QUESTION: Was there any concern about this list
5	sort of being the beginning of a process of figuring
6	out the impact on minority voters of Senate Bill 14?
7	"ANSWER: Not that I'm aware of.
8	"QUESTION: Did you ever hear the argument that
9	Senate Bill 14 was necessary to instill confidence in
10	Texas voters?
11	"ANSWER: Yes.
12	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any facts indicating
13	that between 2005 and 2011, Texas voters, in fact,
14	did lack confidence in the system?
15	"ANSWER: Am I aware of any facts?
16	"QUESTION: Yes.
17	"ANSWER: I'm not aware of any studies, but our
18	office would, you know, regularly get phone calls,
19	emails, letters from folks that had questions about
20	the integrity of the process and would advocate for
21	more safeguards.
22	"QUESTION: Do you recall correspondence from
23	constituents related to concerns about in-person
24	voter impersonation?
25	"ANSWER: I don't recall anyone calling it that, in-

McGeehan	/	Ву	excerpts	of	deposition	_	Cross
----------	---	----	----------	----	------------	---	-------

	McGeenan / By excerpts of deposition - cross 313
1	person voter impersonation, but we, you know, would
2	get complaints from voters who wanted to see, you
3	know, more safeguards in the process which would
4	could include photo ID.
5	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any facts that would
б	support the need for voter ID as a means of
7	instilling confidence in Texas voters?
8	"ANSWER: I think, again, you know, based on
9	communications from the public with our office, yes,
10	I think that some voters would have a greater
11	confidence in the system with photo ID in place.
12	"QUESTION: At any time since the passage of Senate
13	Bill 14, have you come to conclude that Senate Bill
14	14 will have discriminatory impact on African
15	American or Hispanic voters in the State of Texas?
16	"ANSWER: No. I haven't seen any information to
17	indicate that.
18	"QUESTION: At any time since the passage of Senate
19	Bill 14, have you come to conclude that Senate Bill
20	14 was enacted at least in part with a racially
21	discriminatory purpose?
22	"ANSWER: No.
23	"QUESTION: Did you, when you were at the Division,
24	start preparing a plan for implementing election
25	identification certificates?
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

315

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 316
1	"ANSWER: The we worked with DPS because DPS would
2	be actually issuing them. So I don't we didn't
3	initiate that program. DPS did. But we worked with
4	them.
5	"QUESTION: Could you describe generally what you did
6	in preparation for administration of election
7	identification certificates, which I'll call EICs?
8	"ANSWER: Okay. I left in November of 2011 so I
9	didn't have too much involvement. I don't know what
10	the ultimate what the you know, the ultimate
11	rules turned out to be. But we met with them to
12	review what it would look like, and I think we saw an
13	initial draft of the administrative rules that they
14	intended to adopt that would, you know, govern the
15	process of issuing them.
16	"QUESTION: Anything else?
17	"ANSWER: I think that was it.
18	"QUESTION: Did you have any feedback from them on
19	the draft rules?
20	"ANSWER: Yes. I think we had a meeting and we
21	discussed the rules.
22	"QUESTION: Okay. During the time that the
23	legislator was in session, was there ever created to
24	your knowledge a system of queries that gave accurate
25	information with respect to a number of voters that

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 317
1	did not have a TDL or a personal ID in Texas?
2	"ANSWER: I was not aware.
3	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any queries being
4	performed by the Secretary of State's office during
5	the time that the legislator was in session that gave
б	accurate numbers with respect to the number of voters
7	in Texas that did not have a TDL or an ID number?
8	"ANSWER: This is the only query that we did during
9	the session, and the limitations of the query are as
10	we discussed and state in the memo.
11	"QUESTION: Okay. During the session, did the
12	Secretary of State's office run any matching queries
13	that produced an accurate number of voters in the
14	State of Texas that did not have a TDL or an ID
15	number?
16	"ANSWER: No.
17	"QUESTION: Okay. Thank you. Would you look at
18	Exhibit 191, please, and turn to page 290? And you
19	see on page 290 this is well, what this is your
20	testimony that you were that was given on April
21	11th, 2011, correct?
22	"ANSWER: It was March 1st actually.
23	"QUESTION: Okay. This was transcribed by
24	"ANSWER: Yeah.
25	"QUESTION: Okay. And tell us again who is the

	McGeehan / By excerpts of deposition - Cross 318
1	unidentified representative questioning you at the
2	hearing?
3	"ANSWER: I believe that was Rafael Anchia.
4	"QUESTION: Okay. Now, you'll see in the at the
5	bottom part your last paragraph of testimony on page
б	290, the last sentence of that testimony. Tell me if
7	I read this correctly. You testified: 'And our IT
8	department is looking at that, trying to get good,
9	matching criteria, because without that unique
10	identifying number of the TDL, it can be sometimes
11	difficult to make sure you have the right match.'
12	Why did you state to Representative Achia?
13	"ANSWER: Because I was trying to explain to the
14	representative that we were still analyzing the data,
15	and that because we didn't have any identifying
16	number, we couldn't be positive that we had a match.
17	And that was making delaying the analysis.
18	"QUESTION: Okay. And when you say trying to get
19	good matching criteria, what was your concern with
20	the matching criteria that was utilized in the
21	queries that were produced in Exhibit 188?
22	"ANSWER: Well, we had, you know, six different sets
23	of criteria, so we had six different numbers, so
24	which made you know, which could cause some
25	concern well, what is the right number? If you

	Barber / By excerpts of video deposition - Direct 319
1	could come up with six different numbers, you know,
2	why can't you come up with a specific answer?"
3	MR. TATUM: No further questions, your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Okay.
5	(Pause)
6	MR. BARON: We call Ruby Barber by video, your Honor.
7	There's a binder actually has two transcript excerpts in it:
8	one from Barber and one from Trotter, which we will
9	subsequently play
10	THE COURT: Okay.
11	MR. BARON: but probably not back-to-back.
12	Ms. Barber is a 93-year-old woman from Bellmead (indiscernible)
13	Senate Bill 14.
14	(Pause)
15	MR. BARON: You're waiting on us, right, Judge?
16	THE COURT: Yes.
17	RUBY BARBER, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS, BY VIDEO DEPOSITION
18	(Excerpts of video deposition of Ruby Barber played from
19	4:16 p.m. to 4:38 p.m.)
20	MR. BARON: That concludes the offer, your Honor. I
21	would like to publish just a couple of documents that were
22	exhibits actually from her son's deposition which in the and
23	they actually took her deposition as well. In the interest of
24	time
25	THE COURT: Okay.

Barber / By excerpts of video deposition - Cross 320

1	MR. BARON: we're not going to play his
2	deposition. That's Plaintiffs' 830, if we can bring that up
3	real quick. And I think 830 should be this is the two-page
4	exhibit that is the census data that is referred to in her
5	deposition on page 40, lines 7 through 12. And then just for I
б	guess informational sake, I think it's Defendants' Exhibits
7	270, 271, and 272, which are the newspaper articles that were
8	published by the Waco Tribune I think the day after she went to
9	DPS the first time and then the day of or the day after she
10	returned from her successful visit the second time.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. BARON: That concludes the offer from us, your
13	Honor.
14	THE COURT: Does the defense have excerpts from that
15	depo?
16	MS. ROSCETTI: Yes, your Honor. We have a short
17	excerpts from Ms. Barber's deposition.
18	THE COURT: Okay.
19	(Excerpts of video deposition of Ruby Barber played from
20	4:39 p.m. to 4:42 p.m.)
21	MS. ROSCETTI: That's it, your Honor.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	MS. WESTFALL: Elizabeth Westfall for the United
24	States. The Plaintiffs will now read from the deposition of
25	Todd Smith, which was taken in Texas v. Holder on June 1st,
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

321 1 2012. 2 THE COURT: So we're not proceeding with Vera I think --3 Trotter? 4 MS. WESTFALL: Not --5 THE COURT: And that's fine. 6 MS. WESTFALL: -- at this time. 7 MR. ROSENBERG: Not at this time. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MR. ROSENBERG: We'll going to try to put in --MS. WESTFALL: Not at this time. 10 11 MR. ROSENBERG: -- a couple readings first. 12 MS. WESTFALL: Yes. 13 MR. BARON: Yes. I think the plan is to try to break 14 it up a little, your Honor. 15 MS. WESTFALL: On the videos. 16 THE COURT: All right. And --17 MS. WESTFALL: May I approach? 18 THE COURT: Yes. 19 MS. WESTFALL: This is the deposition of 20 Representative Todd Smith. And my colleague, the witness, can introduce himself for the record. 21 22 MR. SAMUEL: As Todd Smith? 23 MS. WESTFALL: No, as your real persona. 24 MR. OLIKER-FRIEDLAND: My name is Samuel Oliker-25 Friedland (phonetic) with the DOJ.

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 322
-	
1	<b>THE COURT:</b> Playing the role of Todd Smith.
2	MR. OLIKER-FRIEDLAND: Of Todd Smith, yes.
3	EXAMINATION OF TODD SMITH
4	BY EXCERPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
5	(QUESTIONS READ BY MS. WESTFALL; ANSWERS READ BY
6	MR. OLIKER-FRIEDLAND)
7	"QUESTION: Good morning, Mr. Smith, how are you?
8	"ANSWER: Good.
9	"QUESTION: Could you please state and spell you name
10	for the record?
11	"ANSWER: Todd Smith, T-o-d-d, S-m-i-t-h.
12	"QUESTION: And if I refer to you, unless I specify
13	otherwise, I'm asking you a question about your
14	capacity as a former member of the Texas House of
15	Representatives. Do you understand?
16	"ANSWER: Yes, but I'm a current member of the House
17	of Representatives.
18	"QUESTION: My apologies. When were you first
19	elected to the Texas House of Representatives?
20	"ANSWER: 1996.
21	"QUESTION: Are you aware of the photo ID bill that
22	was introduced in 2009?
23	"ANSWER: Yes.
24	MS. WESTFALL: Can you mark this as Exhibit 29? It's
25	also PL853.

Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 323
1	"QUESTION: You've been handed what's been previously
2	marked as US29. Do you recognize this document?
3	MS. WESTFALL: And could you blow that up a little
4	bit, the highlighted part?
5	"ANSWER: I believe this is the Senate bill that
б	or I don't know if this is the version that was
7	passed out of the Senate but I presume it is and the
8	number refreshes my memory, sounds right.
9	"QUESTION: I believe you just testified that you
10	filed the shell bill when you became committee chair
11	for the House Elections Committee?
12	"ANSWER: Yes.
13	"QUESTION: When were you appointed chair of the
14	House Elections Committee?
15	"ANSWER: Oh, February 2009, I believe, I guess. I'm
16	pretty sure it had to be February. It was late. I
17	remember that because we had a new speaker.
18	"QUESTION: Was that Speaker Straus?
19	"ANSWER: Yes.
20	"QUESTION: Tell me how it happened that you became
21	chair of the Elections Committee.
22	"ANSWER: The speaker appointed me, I think, to
23	answer that question.
24	"QUESTION: Was it your understanding when you were
25	appointed chair that the primary role that you were
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES. INC

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 324
1	going to have on the committee was to move forward
2	with the photo ID bill?
3	"ANSWER: Yes.
4	"QUESTION: That was the chief focus of the session;
5	is that right?
6	"ANSWER: That was clearly the yes, I spent almost
7	all my time that session trying to pass that bill.
8	"QUESTION: Turning your attention to Senate Bill 362
9	itself, could you take a look at the forms of ID that
10	are permitted which if I could have you refer to
11	Page 5 of that exhibit. Have you had a chance to
12	take a look?
13	"ANSWER: I've skimmed it, yes.
14	MS. WESTFALL: And on to the next page, please. And
15	down a little further. And on to the next page,
16	please.
17	"QUESTION: Have you had a chance to take a look?
18	"ANSWER: Yes.
19	"QUESTION: Could you describe the forms of allowable
20	ID under Senate Bill 362 in a general sense?
21	"ANSWER: Well, there's a number of photo IDs that
22	are available as an option and then, again, a long
23	list of non-photo IDs that may be used in lieu of
24	photo ID.
25	"QUESTION: Was Senate Bill 362 essentially quite

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 325
1	similar iterations of photo ID that had been
2	introduced in the House?
3	"ANSWER: I believe so, yes.
4	"QUESTION: And is it your understanding that Senate
5	Bill 362 was introduced in the Senate for the same
б	reasons that previous photo ID bills had been
7	introduced in the house?
8	"ANSWER: I presume so, yes. The policy arguments
9	were the same.
10	"QUESTION: Were there any new purposes that it was
11	serving in 2009?
12	"ANSWER: Yeah no, not other than just continued
13	demand from the grassroots that this bill be passed
14	building political pressure.
15	"QUESTION: Tell me who are there particular
16	grassroots groups that you had in mind that you
17	identify with this issue?
18	"ANSWER: Just you know, I think all Republican
19	Party groups, Texas Federation of Republican Women
20	and then just any other party affiliated group. The
21	party activists in general had determined that this
22	was an important issue.
23	"QUESTION: Why was it such a priority for those
24	groups?
25	"ANSWER: Again, the fear that large numbers of votes
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 326
1	were being cast by people who were not legally
2	entitled to do so and predominantly to the benefit of
3	the other party.
4	"QUESTION: So do you think it was it was
5	motivated by the same concerns about noncitizen
б	voting that animated the bills in 2005 and 2007?
7	"ANSWER: Again, I think, you know, their
8	certainly noncitizens voting was a significant
9	concern of theirs but I think they would be concerned
10	about anybody voting that's not legally entitled to
11	do so.
12	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any facts any
13	instances of in-person voter impersonation that had
14	arisen between 2007 and 2009?
15	"ANSWER: I'm sure there were some but some
16	individual alleged instances but I can't cite you as
17	to any.
18	"QUESTION: Are you aware of any such instances that
19	are not already discussed on the public record in the
20	public debate of 362?
21	"ANSWER: No.
22	"QUESTION: Are you aware of the Election Division
23	having undertaken an effort in February or March of
24	2011 to match the voter registration list against the
25	driver's license database?

"ANSWER: I don't recall that.

1

T	"ANSWER: I don't recall that.
2	"QUESTION: Did you ever hear about that at all?
3	"ANSWER: No, not until today. Not that I recall.
4	"QUESTION: I will represent to you that Ann McGeehan
5	in her deposition yesterday testified that such a
6	match had been conducted and that it indicated that
7	around 700,000 voters did not have access that
8	were on the voter registration rolls did not have a
9	driver's license.
10	"ANSWER: Currently, yeah.
11	"QUESTION: Does that testimony surprise you?
12	"ANSWER: Not really. I mean, I knew my own
13	calculation was that it was 700,000 people and I
14	really didn't know precisely how many. It depended
15	on which estimate you used of what percentage of, you
16	know, registered voters do not have driver's licenses
17	but just my extrapolation from estimates that seemed
18	more reliable from other states. I think it may have
19	been in the Indiana and Supreme Court opinion and
20	then kind of presuming something about the nature of
21	Texas' population. So it might. I think it may have
22	been a 2-percent figure like something that in the
23	Supreme Court opinion and so my presumption was that
24	it was something higher than that because of the
25	nature of our population. And so, you know, I think
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 328
you'll see if you get that slideshow projection, I
may have, you know, estimated in that slideshow
projection that it was 700,000 people that did not
have a photo ID.
"QUESTION: When did you conduct that analysis?
"ANSWER: 2009. Everything I did on this was in
2009.
"QUESTION: And how did you conduct that analysis?
"ANSWER: Again, I think just from something I read

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

25

9 there was a reliable estimate of another state of the 10 11 percentage of people that were legal voters that did not have a photo ID and I took that percentage and I 12 13 doubled it or something. And, you know, I mean, some 14 of the states that -- you know, there was -- again, I 15 think I've already testified there were estimates as 16 low as less than 1 percent and as high as 10 percent and so in reading it all, if you come up with 17 something in between, you come up with something 18 close to what you're talking about. That may be a 19 20 little higher than I anticipated but I may have been thinking 4 or 500,000. 21 22 "QUESTION: Who in your office conducted that 23 analysis? 24 "ANSWER: Me.

"QUESTION: And did you -- other than the --

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 329
1	"ANSWER: Back of the envelope kind of analysis, I
2	can assure, but
3	"QUESTION: In the other than the Power Point you
4	just testified to that was listed in the privilege
5	log you testified about earlier, did you memorialize
6	this analysis in writing anywhere?
7	"ANSWER: No. But I probably would have mentioned it
8	in committee hearings.
9	"QUESTION: And which committee hearings did you
10	mention it in; do you remember?
11	"ANSWER: I don't know but just anyone where we were
12	discussing voter ID.
13	"QUESTION: Did you share any of your Power Points
14	that you prepared for these communications with
15	constituent groups with any of your colleagues in the
16	legislature?
17	"ANSWER: It seems like I just ran it by the
18	speaker's office before I went out and did it
19	"QUESTION: Did you share
20	"ANSWER: because I felt that was appropriate for
21	me to at least let them know what I was going out in
22	the public while he was a committee chairman and
23	present.
24	"QUESTION: Did you remain chair of the committee on
25	elections for the interim session

		Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 330
1		"ANSWER: Yes.
2		"QUESTION: in 2010?
3		"ANSWER: Yes.
4		"QUESTION: Did you hold hearings on voter ID in
5		2010?
6		"ANSWER: I believe we did.
7		"QUESTION: Do you recall that Ann McGeehan testified
8		in that hearing?
9		"ANSWER: I presume she did. She's testified in
10		front of the Hearing Committee so many times. I
11		don't really recall that specific one but I'm sure
12		she did.
13		"QUESTION: Do you recall that at the hearing she had
14		testified she was aware at that time of 24 election
15		fraud cases for possible prosecution for election
16		fraud in the past two years and that two of these
17		involved in-person voter impersonation?
18		"ANSWER: Sounds right.
19		"QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked
20		US106″
21		MS. WESTFALL: which is an exhibit in this case as
22	PL1043.	
23		"QUESTION: Do you recognize this document?
24		"ANSWER: I'm sorry. I'm still looking at the
25		newspaper article. 106?

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 331
1	"QUESTION: Yes.
2	"ANSWER: Is this the one I filed in 2011?
3	"QUESTION: Yes.
4	"ANSWER: Yeah, it looks like it.
5	"QUESTION: Are you familiar with ways in which this
6	bill, House Bill 401, differs from Senate Bill 14
7	that was filed that Senator Fraser?
8	"ANSWER: In general, it simply does not allow you to
9	vote with two non-photo IDs. Big difference.
10	"QUESTION: And do you see at the first page on
11	Section well, Section 1 of this bill, the section
12	regarding voter ID cards?
13	"ANSWER: Uh-huh.
14	"QUESTION: Do you know why you included this
15	provision?
16	"ANSWER: Probably because whatever state I asked
17	that this legislation be patterned after had some
18	similar provision but
19	"QUESTION: And do you see that this requires that
20	the registrar provide at least one place in the
21	county to accept applications for and issue Texas
22	voter identification cards? Do you see that?
23	"ANSWER: I'm not seeing where exactly it says that.
24	"QUESTION: On Page 1 under Section 12.007.
25	"ANSWER: Uh-huh. "Each voter registrar shall issue"

1	"the voter registrar must provide one place in the
2	county to accept applications for and issue Texas
3	voter identification cards." Yeah.
4	"QUESTION: Do you remember that provision?
5	"ANSWER: I didn't remember it until you pointed it
6	out to me. You know, I think that's just about
7	ensuring that there's access reasonably easy
8	access to these cards.
9	"QUESTION: Do you believe that's important to
10	include in any photo ID bill?
11	"ANSWER: I do, yes, believe that it's important that
12	legal voters have access to the polls.
13	"QUESTION: Did you believe it was an important
14	attempt to try to minimize the burden on voters who
15	didn't possess one of the forms of photo ID?
16	"ANSWER: I think it's important to take all
17	reasonable efforts to make to ensure that legal
18	voters have a reasonable reasonable burden in
19	casting a legal vote.
20	"QUESTION: And do you think it's important in that
21	regard to ensure that voters don't need to travel a
22	significant distance to obtain one of those cards?
23	Is that why you included that provision?
24	"ANSWER: You know, yes. I mean, I think the
25	presumption was that by requiring some such
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 333
1	availability by county that the maximum distance that
2	anyone would have to travel to get one could only be
3	so much.
4	"QUESTION: You've been handed what's been marked
5	107
6	MS. WESTFALL: which is in this case PL127.
7	"QUESTION: Do you recognize this document?
8	"ANSWER: Only that it was a bill that we filed at
9	some point in the most recent legislative session.
10	"QUESTION: Why did you file this bill?
11	"ANSWER: I think because during the prior campaign I
12	had made promises to do so.
13	"QUESTION: Was this a promise to your constituents?
14	"ANSWER: Yes. I believe that's correct.
15	"QUESTION: Could you describe what the bill is
16	intended to do?
17	"ANSWER: Require that a voter provide proof of
18	citizenship when registering to vote rather than
19	simply relying on their honesty in checking the box.
20	"QUESTION: Which of your constituents urged you to
21	file this type of legislation?
22	"ANSWER: I don't I don't know if I can cite
23	specific constituents that urged me to do it. I
24	think in some of the political literature that we had
25	sent out responding to the attacks that I killed

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 334
1	voter ID, we had decided to say we would file certain
2	legislation like this. So it was a you know, just
3	keeping a campaign pledge.
4	"QUESTION: Why did you think this bill was
5	necessary?
6	"ANSWER: I don't know that it was necessary. I
7	think it's just another way that you can ensure that
8	every legal voter is a citizen.
9	"QUESTION: This was designed to require documentary
10	proof of citizenship when registering to vote; isn't
11	that right?
12	"ANSWER: Right. I think Arizona did it, if I recall
13	correctly. Is that right?
14	"QUESTION: As you sit here today, can you think of
15	any facts or information that would support the need
16	for requiring documentary proof of citizenship when
17	registering to vote?
18	"ANSWER: Just because there's concern among the
19	people I represent that it's too easy to lie and
20	thereby vote and, therefore, they presume it's
21	probably happening.
22	"QUESTION: Do you have any evidence or facts or
23	information about noncitizens who had done just that
24	and were on the voter rolls?
25	"ANSWER: No.

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 335
1	"QUESTION: Did your constituents present you with
2	any such facts or analysis?
3	"ANSWER: No.
4	"QUESTION: Do you have any data from the Elections
5	Division on that point?
6	"ANSWER: No.
7	"QUESTION: Did you ever introduce a bill requiring
8	documentary proof of mental capacity for people who
9	are registering to vote?
10	"ANSWER: I don't recall ever doing that.
11	"QUESTION: Did you ever introduce a bill requiring
12	documentary proof of age for persons registering to
13	vote?
14	"ANSWER: No.
15	"QUESTION: Did you ever introduce a bill requiring
16	documentary proof of residence for persons applying
17	to register to vote?
18	"ANSWER: I don't believe so.
19	"QUESTION: Would it be fair to say then that with
20	respect to bills that you've introduced regarding
21	eligibility requirements for voter registration that
22	the only bills you've ever introduced had to do with
23	documentary proof of citizenship?
24	"ANSWER: Probably.
25	"I'm going to hand you what's been previously marked

		Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 336
1	as US81" -	-
2		MS. WESTFALL: which is in this case PL845.
3		"QUESTION: Do you recognize this document?
4		"ANSWER: I presume this is the bill that we passed
5		this prior session on voter ID.
6		"QUESTION: And I will represent to you that this is
7		the version that was filed in the Senate. This was
8		not the engrossed version.
9		"ANSWER: Okay.
10		"QUESTION: Are you familiar with the forms of photo
11		ID allowable under Senate Bill 14?
12		"ANSWER: I don't recall off the top of my head, no.
13		"QUESTION: Turning your attention to Page 8 of this
14		document, Section 12, could you take a quick look at
15		the forms of ID allowable listed on Page 8?
16		"ANSWER: Okay.
17		"QUESTION: Do you see that it only allows for a
18		relatively limited number of IDs? Is that right?
19		"ANSWER: Yes.
20		"QUESTION: Does this represent a significant
21		departure from Senate Bill 362 in terms of the forms
22		of allowable ID?
23		"ANSWER: Yes.
24		"QUESTION: Could you describe those differences?
25		"ANSWER: Instead of having a long list of photo IDs

1	and/or a long list of non-photo IDs that you could
2	use in conjunction with one another, you had to
3	provide one of the much small number of photo IDs and
4	you could not vote without a photo ID except I think
5	in the final version, there were some exceptions.
6	"QUESTION: Do you recall when Senate Bill 362
7	allowed for expired IDs in any cases?
8	"ANSWER: No, I don't remember.
9	"QUESTION: And if you don't remember, you can refer
10	back Bill to Senate Bill 362 if you want to take a
11	look at the IDs because I want to ask you some
12	questions to compare.
13	"ANSWER: You want me to look at the photo IDs or
14	the non-photo?
15	"QUESTION: The photo. For example, turning your
16	attention to the driver's license
17	"ANSWER: Uh-huh.
18	"QUESTION: you see under Senate Bill 14 as
19	filed
20	"Yes.
21	"QUESTION: "it could not be expired and under
22	Senate Bill 362, it could have been expired within
23	two years of presenting that form of ID; is that
24	correct?
25	"ANSWER: Yes.

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

337

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 338
1	"QUESTION: Do you know why Senate Bill 14 limited
2	the ability to present expired ID that had been in
3	place in Senate Bill 362?
4	"ANSWER: No.
5	"QUESTION: Is there any difference in terms of
6	proving your identity when you go to the polls and
7	using a form of ID that was expired within two years
8	and one that is current in your view?
9	"ANSWER: Not that I can think of.
10	"QUESTION: Do you know why non-photo ID was
11	eliminated as an acceptable form of ID in Senate Bill
12	14?
13	"ANSWER: Just a concern that, again, like a voter
14	registration card, someone can have one of those
15	documents in their possession and represent that
16	they're somebody who they're not and that wouldn't be
17	readily apparent at the polls.
18	"QUESTION: But it was an acceptable form of ID that
19	the Senate had just passed in 2009, correct?
20	"ANSWER: Yes.
21	"QUESTION: And in the form of Senate Bill 362,
22	right, that provision was included?
23	"ANSWER: Yes.
24	"QUESTION: And the Senate supported it; is that
25	right?

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 339
1	"ANSWER: Yes.
2	"QUESTION: So why the complete change in approach in
3	2011?
4	"ANSWER: I think it was just because in each
5	instance the legislature was trying to pass the
6	strictest photo ID bill it could under the political
7	makeup of the body.
8	"QUESTION: Who would know why non-photo ID was taken
9	out of Senate Bill 14?
10	"ANSWER: I think everybody understands why non-photo
11	ID was taken out of Senate Bill 362 because it was
12	just a demand by our constituents that we require a
13	photo ID in order for people to vote and they were
14	very cynical about the notion of allowing non-photo
15	IDs and you were like I said, my opponent used
16	that against me in the most recent election
17	politically without mentioning that he too had voted
18	for that same version of the bill. So this notion of
19	letting people vote with their library cards feeds
20	the perception that you're in favor of liberal laws
21	allowing people to vote even under circumstances
22	where they were not legally entitled to do so.
23	"QUESTION: Do you know whether there was one person
24	or a group of people who decided that Senate Bill 14
25	would not include non-photo ID?

1	"ANSWER: Like I said, I think every Republican
2	member of the legislature would have been lynched if
3	the bill had not passed. That was a fairly strict
4	photo ID bill given the political makeup of the body
5	in the 2011.
6	"QUESTION: Do you have a feeling of who was driving
7	Senate Bill 14 in the Senate?
8	"ANSWER: I think it was being driven by you know,
9	you could argue that the grassroots themselves were
10	being, you know, incited by outsiders but however
11	that happened, it clearly had happened and there was
12	just everybody that was a Republican was driving
13	that train in the Senate and in the House.
14	"QUESTION: Can you describe the election
15	identification certificate under Senate Bill 14?
16	"ANSWER: No. I mean, it's my understanding that
17	this would just be a unique new card that would be
18	created to use for the sole purpose of voting.
19	"QUESTION: And I believe you said go ahead.
20	"ANSWER: A photo it would include a photo and
21	presumably additional identifying information but I
22	don't know precisely what.
23	"QUESTION: Where would you obtain that document?
24	"ANSWER: Wasn't it like a DPS location?
25	"QUESTION: Was it a driver's license office?
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

340

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 341
1	"ANSWER: I don't remember.
2	"QUESTION: But is it your understanding that there
3	would be to the extent there's travel required to
4	get the document
5	"ANSWER: Sure.
6	"QUESTION: that's a burden. Do you agree with
7	that?
8	"ANSWER: The question is is it an unreasonable
9	burden but I don't think there's any question that
10	it's a burden. Yes, it's a burden.
11	"QUESTION: Do you also agree that to obtain the
12	underlying documents to get the election
13	identification certificate to the extent that costs -
14	- that costs some sort of out-of-pocket cost, that's
15	likewise a burden?
16	"ANSWER: Sure.
17	"QUESTION: Are there any other burdens you can think
18	of now associated with getting an election
19	identification certificate?
20	"ANSWER: You know, I mean, the cost of obtaining the
21	documents to get the ID, to you know, I don't know
22	if travel is involved in getting in getting the
23	documents to get the photo ID but you may have travel
24	involved there. I don't know. If that is stuff
25	that's handled by the mail or must involve travel

1	but so other than travel to get the required photo ID
2	and/or the documents that are necessary to get the
3	photo ID and the cost of the documents to get the
4	photo ID, I'm not aware of anything else.
5	"QUESTION: Are you aware of the fact that you may
6	have to take you may have to go to a driver's
7	license office during business hours only?
8	"ANSWER: Yes. I presume that would be the case.
9	"QUESTION: And for persons who work during the day,
10	it might be a burden to take time off to travel
11	during business hours to a driver's license office;
12	isn't that right?
13	"ANSWER: Yes.
14	"QUESTION: And, also, have you been a driver's
15	license recently to renew your driver's license?
16	"ANSWER: Depends on your definition of recently but
17	I've been to one whenever the deadline was here in
18	Austin.
19	"QUESTION: Are you aware that sometimes or perhaps
20	often one faces very long lines at driver's license
21	offices?
22	"ANSWER: I hear that. I've been fortunate enough to
23	avoid it but, yeah, I know there were concerns about
24	that.
25	"QUESTION: What have you heard about lengthy lines
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

342

343

1	at the driver's license offices?
2	"ANSWER: Oh, it seems to me didn't we do something
3	legislatively that resulted in even longer lines than
4	normal and that there were complaints about that last
5	session.
б	"QUESTION: How long are the lines? How long have
7	you heard that people that they can extend for
8	people?
9	"ANSWER: I don't know but I presume there were
10	budget cuts that reduced the number of employees or
11	lengthened those lines but in terms I don't know
12	what the anecdotal horror stories are about the
13	longest period of time someone has stood in line to
14	get a driver's license renewed but I know there has
15	been some concern. I believe there's been some
16	concern about it, whatever time it was before getting
17	even longer because of budget cuts.
18	"QUESTION: Are you aware of credible evidence,
19	convictions, something where you know for sure this
20	was in-person voter impersonation you can testify
21	about today?
22	"ANSWER: My presumption is that you are a fool or
23	you're uninformed if you're willing to commit a
24	felony in order to add a single vote to the candidate
25	of your choice. And so the question is how many
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

1	fools are out that are out there. And, you know -
2	- you know, again, I think I've answered that
3	question. More than the actual cases that we're
4	aware of but not an epidemic.
5	"QUESTION: But in your view, your testimony is that
6	it would not be very rational for an individual to
7	engage in this behavior. So to that extent
8	"ANSWER: It seems to me that the penalty in relation
9	to the benefit is pretty severe and I can't you
10	know, the fear you know, the question is do they
11	really understand the consequences. It is hard for
12	me to imagine people doing it, if they did but, you
13	know, some people are really into politics.
14	"QUESTION: You had talked earlier in your deposition
15	about the fact that there's probably some very small
16	number of people who lack photo ID and that you
17	basically presented that proposition and I was
18	curious
19	"ANSWER: Who lacked a driver's license. I don't
20	know that we ever really were able to determine who
21	didn't have how many people of the 5 or 6 percent,
22	whatever, 2 percent, whatever it is that don't have a
23	driver's license, what proportion of those have some
24	other form of photo ID that would be acceptable on
25	the list.
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES. INC

EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

344

1	"QUESTION: So with respect to these people, did you
2	ever in your mind come to an idea of who they might
3	be, what their personal circumstances might be?
4	"ANSWER: People who don't drive.
5	"QUESTION: And who are the people who don't drive?
6	"ANSWER: Yeah. I don't know but I presume very poor
7	would be prominent among the list of people who use
8	public transportation. Perhaps the very elderly
9	although don't they have a social security or
10	Medicaid/Medicare photo ID? You don't get a photo
11	ID? I thought senior citizens had something but
12	so those are the ones I can think of, the elderly
13	that don't drive and poor.
14	"QUESTION: It's caused me to think of another
15	question which is do you know specifically the
16	studies that you read about the impact of photo ID on
17	minority voters?
18	"ANSWER: No.
19	"QUESTION: Do you know when you read those studies?
20	"ANSWER: Yeah. Everything I did would have been in
21	2009.
22	"QUESTION: What was the conclusion of those
23	studies?
24	"ANSWER: I don't know that there was only one
25	conclusion to the studies. You know, there
	EXCEPTIONAL REPORTING SERVICES, INC

345

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 346
1	there's a study for every conclusion you want to
2	reach. I don't remember. You know, to me, again, if
3	the question is are the people that do not have photo
4	IDs more likely to be minority than those that are
5	not, I think it's a matter of common sense that they
6	would be. I don't need a study to tell me that."
7	MS. WESTFALL: Thank you. I have no further
8	questions.
9	MS. ROSCETTI: May I approach?
10	THE COURT: Yes.
11	(Counsel approached)
12	MS. ROSCETTI: Thank you. Your Honor, Jennifer
13	Roscetti reading for counsel and Stephen Tatum reading
14	Mr. Smith or Representative Smith. There is a part on this
15	reading where a third party states on the record and so I was
16	going to identify that person but we'll also be putting it on
17	the screen.
18	EXAMINATION OF TODD SMITH
19	BY EXCERPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
20	(QUESTIONS READ BY MS. ROSCETTI; ANSWERS READ BY MR. TATUM)
21	"QUESTION: Could you state and spell your name for
22	the record, please?
23	"ANSWER: Todd Smith, T-o-d-d, S-m-i-t-h.
24	"QUESTION: When were you first elected to the Texas
25	House of Representatives?

	Smith - By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 347
1	"ANSWER: 1996.
2	"QUESTION: What area does that encompass?
3	"ANSWER: Geographically?
4	"QUESTION: Geographically.
5	"ANSWER: Roughly the Hurst, Euless, Bedford area.
6	"QUESTION: What is the number of the district?
7	"ANSWER: 92.
8	"QUESTION: And then it went to the House and what
9	happened after that?
10	"ANSWER: It never made it to the House floor. That
11	was the infamous
12	"MS. PERALES: Chub.
13	"ANSWER: Yeah. Where the the opponents of the
14	bill basically talked the session talked the
15	remainder of the session so that bill and every bill
16	after it on the calendar died.
17	"QUESTION: So I believe you testified that Senate
18	Bill 362 was didn't reach the House floor because
19	it was chubbed; is that correct?
20	"ANSWER: Yes.
21	"QUESTION: Other than what you've testified about
22	today actually, strike that. Could you tell me
23	every single purpose that you're aware of for Senate
24	Bill 14 legislative purpose?
25	"ANSWER: Ensuring that every vote that is cast is a

# Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 346
1	legal vote and deterring making it more difficult
2	for someone to cast an illegal vote and providing the
3	required identification without any financial burdens
4	associated with it other than the costs associated
5	with travel, I suppose, and whatever documents are
6	required to get the document. You know, I think
7	that's it.
8	MS. ROSCETTI: Nothing further, your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MS. RUDD: Your Honor, Amy Rudd for Texas NAACP and
11	MALC. And now we're going to read into the record the
12	deposition testimony of Yannis Banks. It's very short. If I
13	may approach?
14	(Counsel approached)
15	MS. RUDD: And for the record, my colleague in the
16	witness box is Daniel Covich.
17	EXAMINATION OF YANNIS BANKS
18	BY EXCERPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
19	(QUESTIONS READ BY MS. RUDD; ANSWERS READ BY MR. COVICH)
20	"QUESTION: Mr. Banks, would you please state your
21	full name for the record?
22	"ANSWER: Sure. Yannis Kereldanladee Banks.
23	"QUESTION: Does the Texas NAACP contend that Senate
24	Bill 14 affects its ability to fulfill its mission as
25	an organization?

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 349
1	"ANSWER: It's harmful to us, yes.
2	"QUESTION: You contend that SB 14 is harmful to the
3	ability of Texas NAACP to fulfill its mission?
4	"ANSWER: Yes. I'm saying that it is harmful to us
5	to fulfill the mission as stated on the website, yes.
6	"QUESTION: So is it accurate to say that in your
7	opinion Senate Bill 14 has made it has made the
8	Texas NAACP unable to fulfill its mission to the
9	degree that it wants to? Is that what your testimony
10	is?
11	"ANSWER: I'm saying we are the Texas NAACP is not
12	able to do all that we would want to do and need to
13	do and strive to do and is our purpose to do due to
14	Senate Bill 14 and its enactment.
15	"QUESTION: Does the Texas NAACP feel like their
16	voice is not adequately expressed or heard by the
17	legislature during the consideration of SB 14?
18	"ANSWER: I feel like it was we expressed it
19	adequately. I felt like it wasn't heard or listened
20	to.
21	"QUESTION: Why does the Texas NAACP feel that their
22	concerns and expressed issues were ignored?
23	"ANSWER: They weren't implemented, I guess, you
24	could say or even, you know, they just seemed to
25	they went forward with the bill as written, no

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct 350
1	changes, no nothing, just you know, there wasn't
2	any lack of concern or worry about it.
3	"QUESTION: Could you describe what kind of
4	adjustments to your programming activities, if any,
5	the Texas NAACP has had to make
6	"ANSWER: Sure.
7	"QUESTION: "because of the enactment of SB 14?
8	"ANSWER: Yeah. Well, as we mentioned earlier, when
9	you when we we have had to do more workshops
10	from from it at our state convention which takes
11	away from training we wanted to do. Resources that
12	we had available as far as financial-wise, we had to
13	change and divert from different areas or programs or
14	what have you in order to make sure we could fund the
15	work we have to do. With having more training, it's
16	less focused on different issues and we can't focus
17	on even the way I've had to operate for our state
18	convention, a role I would normally play with help
19	planning or getting things mailed out and shipped
20	out. From talking to Linda, the state secretary, she
21	said about 80 percent of the work I used to do for
22	that, which I noticed I had stopped doing a lot,
23	she's had to pick up and do herself or what have you.
24	So there was a workload that I used to be able to
25	focus on that had to be it was diverted from me.

### Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

351

So different, you know, at times when you can have or be focused more on issues that could be pressing or say, 'I need to have you-all understand this issue and that issue,' whether it's education or financial issues, other issues that are important and impact or even working with different organizations where there may be some discriminatory acts happening to a company or different organization and they want assistance. It could be we're not able to sit down and work with them because we have this going on. Or it could be a group we've worked with on a different issue completely separate from this and they are having a meeting about it, want to talk about it and we say, 'I can't make it because I have to do this. I need to do that. This is going on.' So there are times when I'm working with some of the -- of our allies. I have to either cancel meetings, not attend meetings or just miss it flat out and tell them, 'Yes, I can be there,' and something comes up and I'm not going to be there. So that aspect of resources. "QUESTION: And has the diversion of resources that you've talked about -- has that been ongoing and continuous from the enactment of SB 14 to present day? "ANSWER: Yes.

# Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct

352

1	"QUESTION: Okay. What I'm asking is, has the amount
2	or the percentage of those resources in relation to
3	all the resources available to the Texas NAACP has
4	that percentage changed, either increased or
5	decreased between the enactment of SB 14 and now?
6	"ANSWER: I'd say yes. I couldn't give you
7	percentage-wise to the changes but I'd say yes.
8	"QUESTION: Does the Texas NAACP contend that it
9	suffered harm as an organization as a result of
10	SB 14?
11	"ANSWER: Yes.
12	"QUESTION: And is that harm continuing today?
13	"ANSWER: Yes.
14	MS. RUDD: That concludes our reading, your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	MR. TATUM: Stephen Tatum for the Defendants again,
17	your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Okay.
19	MR. TATUM: Jennifer Roscetti again will be reading
20	the part of Mr. Banks.
21	THE COURT: Do you have an extra copy?
22	MR. TATUM: Oh.
23	THE COURT: Thank you.
24	MR. TATUM: Yes.
25	//

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 353
1	EXAMINATION OF YANNIS BANKS
2	BY EXCERPTS OF DEPOSITION TESTIMONY
3	(QUESTIONS READ BY MS. TATUM; ANSWERS READ BY MS. ROSCETTI)
4	"QUESTION: So is it possible that in any given year
5	there are going to be issues considered pressing to
6	the Texas NAACP that aren't going to receive the
7	allocation of resources that may be necessary?
8	"ANSWER: Yes, it would be and there would be and
9	there will be times where something that keeps
10	recurring or is there and the costs that may be
11	associated or other programs will get less than maybe
12	they normally have or normally would get because you
13	have to find the money that you would need to or the
14	time or the resources or the energy to focus on this
15	issue that these other issues could suffer.
16	"QUESTION: Okay. Because of Senate Bill 14, is it
17	your opinion that the Texas NAACP is no longer able
18	to fulfill its mission?
19	"ANSWER: It hinders the Texas NAACP from being able
20	to fulfill its mission.
21	"QUESTION: It hinders it?
22	"ANSWER: It hinders it. It hurts it. It hurts us,
23	I guess I should say. It hurts us from being able to
24	fulfill its mission.
25	"QUESTION: But in your opinion today, the Texas

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 354
1	NAACP has been able to fulfill its mission despite
2	Senate Bill 14?
3	"ANSWER: It hinders us from being able to fulfill
4	our mission as it should be done. So I guess if it's
5	hindered or hurt, you're not able to do it but it's
б	hindering and hurting us from
7	"QUESTION: So is it accurate to say that in your
8	opinion, Senate Bill 14 has made it has made the
9	Texas NAACP unable to fulfill its mission to the
10	degree that it wants to? Is that what your testimony
11	is?
12	"ANSWER: I'm saying we are the Texas NAACP is not
13	able to do all that we would want to do and need to
14	do and strive to do and is our purpose to do due to
15	Senate Bill 14 and its enactment.
16	"QUESTION: Do you know how many members of the Texas
17	NAACP do not possess an acceptable form of ID under
18	Senate Bill 14?
19	"ANSWER: I would not be able to say, no.
20	"QUESTION: You do not know how many?
21	"ANSWER: No.
22	"QUESTION: Are you able to identify one? I don't
23	want the actual identity but are you able to identify
24	one member of the Texas NAACP who does not possess an
25	acceptable form of ID under Senate Bill 14?

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 355
1	"ANSWER: No.
2	"QUESTION: Do you know how many constituents at the
3	Texas NAACP do not possess an acceptable form of ID
4	under Senate Bill 14?
5	"ANSWER: No.
б	"QUESTION: Okay. Do you know how many election
7	cycles we've had in the state of Texas since the
8	enactment of SB 14?
9	"ANSWER: I believe two.
10	"QUESTION: Do you know are you aware if more or
11	less of your members voted in those elections
12	compared to previous ones?
13	"ANSWER: I am not aware.
14	"QUESTION: Are you aware if any of the members of
15	constituents of the Texas NAACP were not able to vote
16	in either one of those election cycles because of
17	SB 14?
18	"ANSWER: Yes.
19	"QUESTION: You are aware?
20	"ANSWER: Yes.
21	"QUESTION: And how were you made aware of that?
22	"ANSWER: We received the information that somebody
23	was not able to to vote this past election cycle.
24	"QUESTION: You received information?
25	"ANSWER: Yes.

	Banks / By excerpts of Deposition - Cross 356
1	"QUESTION: What kind of information? How did you
2	receive that information? Sorry, that was two
3	questions. How did you receive that information?
4	"ANSWER: It was attorney-client privilege.
5	"QUESTION: Okay. Did you receive any information
б	about instances in which a Texas NAACP member and
7	constituent was unable to vote directly from a member
8	or constituent?
9	"ANSWER: Not that I'm aware of.
10	MR. TATUM: No further questions, your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. BARON: Judge, they're going to have to queue up
13	Vera Trotter
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	MR. BARON: who is a 71-year-old African American
16	female from Dallas and while we're waiting, I do have a copy of
17	the various minutes from the various appendix of the Korbel
18	report and
19	THE COURT: Okay. Yes.
20	MR. BARON: they're all individually labeled and I
21	know they've been served on the State and I will try to figure
22	out what happened to the ECF but
23	THE COURT: No, no, it doesn't matter. I just didn't
24	I just wanted to be sure I had everything I needed.
25	MR. BARON: There are all of them and they're all

	Trotter / By excerpts of Deposition - Direct / Cross 357
1	listed in the index.
2	VERA LEE MILLER TROTTER, PLAINTIFFS' WITNESS,
3	BY VIDEO DEPOSITION
4	(Excerpt of Video Deposition of Vera Lee Miller Trotter
5	was played from 5:18 p.m. to 5:48 p.m.)
6	MR. BARON: That includes the offering, your Honor.
7	The only exhibit I would mention is Defendants' Exhibit 2725
8	which is a copy of the temporary election identification
9	certificate mentioned in the testimony Defendants' Exhibit
10	2725.
11	MS. ROSCETTI: Your Honor, the Defendants have
12	proffers of your charter as well. May I approach?
13	THE COURT: Yes.
14	(Counsel approached; excerpt of Video Deposition of Vera
15	Lee Miller Trotter was played from 5:49 p.m. to 5:56 p.m.)
16	MS. ROSCETTI: Thank you, your Honor. No more.
17	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
18	MR. ROSENBERG: I think we're done for the day.
19	THE COURT: I think so. Where are we on
20	MR. ROSENBERG: We're in very good shape, your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	MR. ROSENBERG: We have two more live witnesses
23	tomorrow morning and I count three relatively short readings.
24	There might be a few publications of documents but it looks as
25	if we will close by lunch tomorrow.

358 1 THE COURT: Okay. And then we'll kick off at 1:00 o'clock. 2 MR. SCOTT: Okay. And I think we'll be here through 3 THE COURT: the rest --4 5 MR. SCOTT: It looks like we should be through with our last witness -- depending on how long their crosses are -б 7 sometime about lunchtime on Wednesday. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 MR. SCOTT: So we're doing some live folks tomorrow, 10 some readings of a number of legislators and then we have two 11 live witnesses on Wednesday that are currently scheduled and 12 we're done. 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. ROSENBERG: So I guess we're looking at Thursday 15 closings. 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. ROSENBERG: We're not sure yet. We'll be talking 18 whether -- it's your Honor's discretion obviously in the 19 mornings or the afternoon. 20 **THE COURT:** Probably morning if you-all are ready in 21 the morning. 22 MR. SCOTT: We defer to you. 23 THE COURT: Yeah. We'll -- let's see where we end up 24 on Wednesday. 25 MR. ROSENBERG: Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. You can be excused.

(Proceeding adjourned at 5:57 p.m.)

# CERTIFICATION

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the aboveentitled matter.

Join Hudson

September 9, 2014

Signed

Dated

TONI HUDSON, TRANSCRIBER